CURRENT POPULATION REPORTS

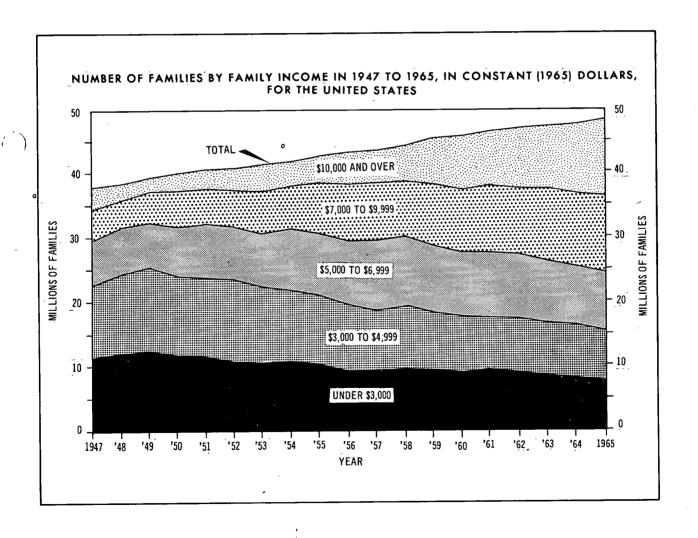
File

FILE COPY DO NOT REMOVE

Consumer Income

Series P-60, No. 51 January 12, 1967

INCOME IN 1965 OF FAMILIES AND PERSONS IN THE UNITED STATES







BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

A. ROSS ECKLER, Director

HOWARD C. GRIEVES, Deputy Director CONRAD TAEUBER, Assistant Director

Population Division
HERMAN P. MILLER, Chief

Issued January 1967

SUGGESTED CITATION

U.S. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 51, "Income in 1965 of Families and Persons in the United States," U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C., 1967.

For sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402, 25 cents. Annual subscription (Series P-20, P-23, P-25, P-27, P-28 summaries, P-60, and P-65, combined), \$4.00; foreign mailing, \$5.25.

CONTENTS

·	
Income of families	Page 7
TEXT TABLES	
Table	Page
ANumber of families and unrelated individuals by total money income in 1965, for the United	I WEC
States BFamilies and unrelated individuals by total money income in 1947, 1950, and 1954 to 1965 for	. 1
the United States	2
constant dollars, for the United States	. 2
by regions	4
of families and unrelated individuals, ranked by income, for the United States	5
ranked by income, for the United States, by regions	5 17
DETAILED TABLES	
Families and Unrelated Individuals	
Table	Page
1ColorFamilies and unrelated individuals by total money income in 1965, for the United States, farm and nonfarm	18
2Type of familyFamilies and unrelated individuals by total money income in 1965, for the United States, farm and nonfarm	19
3Age of headFamilies and unrelated individuals by total money income in 1965, for the United States, farm and nonfarm	19
4Size of familyFamilies by total money income in 1965, for the United States, farm and nonfarm	20
5Number of related children under 18 years oldFamilies by total money income in 1965, for the United States, farm and nonfarm.	
6Number of earnersFamilies and unrelated individuals by total money income in 1965, by size	21
of family, for the United States, farm and nonfarm	21
8Education of headFamilies with head 25 years old and over by total money income in 1965, by	22
years of school completed and age of head, for the United States	23
United States	24
States	.25
1965 for the United States	26

I

CONTENTS

Detailed Tables--Continued

Families and Unrelated IndividualsContinued	
· ·	Page
12Source of incomeFamilies by total money income in 1965, for the United States, farm and nonfarm	27
13Region and colorFamilies and unrelated individuals by total money income in 1965, for the	20
United States, by regions	28
by total money income for the United States, farm and nonfarm	29
for the United States	30
for the United States, farm and nonfarm	30
families and individuals with wage or salary income, for the United States	. 30
Persons	
18ColorPersons 14 years old and over by total money income in 1965, by sex, for the United	
States, farm and nonfarm	31
by sex, for the United States, farm and nonfarm	32
States, farm and nonfarm	33
for the United States	34
by years of school completed and sex, for the United States	35
1965, by sex, for the United States	36
by sex, for the United States	38
over with earnings and of year-round full-time workers, by sex, for the United States 26Industry of longest job in 1965Median earnings in 1965 of civilians 14 years old and over	40
with earnings and of year-round full-time workers, by sex, for the United States	40 40
and over with earnings and of year-round full-time workers, by sex, for the United States 28Work experience in 1965Civilians 14 years old and over by total money income in 1965, by	40
sex, for the United States	42
by sex, for the United States, farm and nonfarm	
the United States, by regions	44
come, by sex, for the United States	1
for the United States	45 I
over with wage or salary income and of year-round full-time workers, by sex, for the United States	l . 46
34OccupationMedian wage or salary income in 1965 and 1939 of persons in the experienced civilian labor force and of year-round full-time workers, by sex, for the United States	l 46

INCOME IN 1965 OF FAMILIES AND PERSONS IN THE UNITED STATES

(Advance data on the 1965 income of families and persons were issued in August 1966 in Current Population Reports, Series P-60, Nos. 49 and 50)

The median income of all families in 1965 was about \$6,900. This was about \$300, or 5 percent, higher than in 1964. However, since consumer prices rose about 2 percent between 1964 and 1965, the gain in real purchasing power was approximately 3 percent. These are some of the findings obtained from the inquiry on consumer income in the March 1966 Current Population Survey conducted by the Bureau of the Census.

Over the past 18 years, median family income has increased at an average annual rate of 5 percent in current dollars and 3 percent in constant dollars. This increase in family income parallels the expansion of general economic activity in the United States for the same period during which time the Gross National Product increased at an average annual rate of about 6 percent in current dollars and 4 percent in constant dollars.

Families receiving incomes under \$3,000, in constant (1965) dollars, have decreased from 30 percent in 1947 to 17 percent in 1965, and those families receiving \$10,000 or more have increased from 7 percent in 1947 to 25 percent in 1965. In terms of relative percentage shares of aggregate income received, the share received by the lowest fifth has been fairly constant at about 5 percent.

Table A.--NUMBER OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1965, FOR THE UNITED STATES (Families and unrelated individuals as of March 1966)

	Number	of
Total money income	Families	Unrelated individuals
Total	48,279,000	12,132,000
Under \$1,000 \$1,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$7,999 \$8,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999	1,459,000 2,956,000 3,583,000 3,806,000 3,883,000 4,502,000 4,477,000 4,683,000 6,952,000 8,342,000	2,858,000 2,998,000 1,524,000 1,118,000 966,000 844,000 592,000 412,000 417,000 282,000
\$15,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 and over	3,636,000	121,000

¹ See <u>Monthly Labor Review</u>, Vol. 89, No. 3, March 1966, table D-1, page 358.

There was a slight decrease in the percentage share received by the highest fifth, from 43 percent in 1947 to 41 percent in 1965. The share of aggregate income of the top five percent of families dropped from 18 percent in 1947 to 15 percent in 1965. The distribution of families (groups of two or more related persons residing together) by their money income in 1965 is summarized in tables A and B.

INCOME OF FAMILIES

Median income for all families in 1965 was \$6,900, more than double the median figure of \$3,000 in 1947. If adjustment is made for price increases during this period, the percentage gain in real income over the 1947 figure is about 61 percent. For white families, the percentage gain in real income was about 61 percent over the 1947 figure. For nonwhite families, the comparable rate of change was 74 percent.

Family income levels at various points in time are strongly related to a number of interdependent variables, many of which are linked to the social and economic characteristics of the family head. According to the 1960 Census data, the head of the family contributes, on the average, about 80 percent of aggregate family income.2 chances of a family's presence in the higher income brackets are enhanced if the family head has any of the following characteristics: nonfarm male, white, with four or more years of college education, between 45 and 54 years of age, or working full time in a professional or managerial occupation. In contrast, the chances of a family's presence in the lower income brackets are increased if the family head has any of the following characteristics: nonwhite, female, with less than high school education, 65 years of age or over, not in the labor force, or residing on a farm.

The relative income position of families with female heads or heads over 65 years of age has become more unfavorable in recent years compared

² U.S. Bureau of the Census, <u>U.S. Census of Population: 1960.</u> Sources and Structure of Family Income. PC(2)-4c, table 13.

Table B.--FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1947, 1950, AND 1954 TO 1965, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(In current dollars. Families and unrelated individuals as of March of the following year)

Total money income (current dollars)	1965	1964	1963	1962	1961	1960	1959	1958	1957	1956	1955	1954	1950	1947
FAMILIES														
Numberthousands	48,279	47,835	47,436	46,998	46,341	45,456	45,111	44,232	43,696	43,497	42,889	41,951	39,929	37,237
Percent	100	100	1.00	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Under \$3,000 \$3,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 and over	24 17 8	18 17 20 23 16 6	19 18 21 22 15 5	20 19 22 21 13 5	21 20 22 21 11 5	22 20 24 20 10 4	23 22 24 19 9	25 24 17 8 2	25 26 25 16 6	26 27 23 16 6	29 30 22 13 5	31 21 11 5	43 34 14 6 3	49 31 12 5
Median income UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	\$6,882	\$6,569	\$6,249	\$5,956	\$5,737	\$5, 620	\$5,417	\$5,087	\$4, 971	\$4,783	\$4,421	\$4 , 173	\$3,319	\$3,031
Numberthousands	12,132	12,057	11,182	11,013	11,163	11,081	10,879	10,884	10,435	9,779	9,889	9,724	9,366	8,165
Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Under \$1,500 \$1,500 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 and over	39 22- 17- 12 7	42 20 18 11 6 3	44 22 16 10 5 3	45 21 16 10 5	46 21 17 10 3	47 20 20 9 3	49 21 18 7 3 2	50 20 19 7 2 2	50 22 18 7 2	51 22 19 6 1	55 22 17 4 1	55 23 16 4 1 1	60 25 13 1 1 (Z)	63 26 8 1 1
Median income	\$2,110	\$1,983	\$1,800	\$1, 753	\$1,755	\$1,720	\$1,556	\$1,486	\$1,496	\$1,426	\$1,316	\$1,224	\$1,045	\$980

Z Percent not shown where less than 0.5.

Table C.--FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1947, 1950, AND 1954 TO 1965, IN CONSTANT DOLLARS, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(In 1965 dollars. Families and unrelated individuals as of March of the following year)

Total money income (1965 dollars)	1965	1964	1963	1962	1961	1960	1959	1958	1957	1956	1955	1954	1950	1947
FAMILIES														
Numberthousands	48,279	47,835	47,436	46,998	46,341	45,456	45,111	44,232	43,696	43,497	42,889	41,951	39.929	37,237
Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Under \$3,000 \$3,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$6,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 and over	17 16 18 24 17 8		18 17 21 23 15 6	19 18 21 22 14 6	20 19 21 22 13 5	20 19 22 21 13 5	21 20 23 21 11 4	22 22 24 20 9 3	22 21 24 21 9 3	22 22 24 20 9 3	24 24 24 18 8 2	26 26 23 16 7	30 30 20 13 7	30 31 19 12 8
Median income	\$6,882	\$6,676	\$6,444	\$6,220	\$6,054	\$5,991	\$5,856	\$5,543	\$5,554	\$5,561	\$5,223	\$4,889	\$4,351	\$4,275
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS								•					:	
Numberthousands	12,132	12,057	11,182	11,013	11,163	11,081	10,879	10,884	10,435	9,779	9,889	9,724	9,366	8,165
Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Under \$1,500 \$1,500 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 and over	39 22 17 12 7 3	42 21 17 11 6 3	43 22 16 10 6 3	43 23 16 10 6 3	44 22 17 10 4 3	44 21 19 10 4 2	46 22 18 9 4 2	47 21 19 8 3 2	46 22 19 8 3 2	47 23 18 9 2 1	49 23 18 7 2 1	51 22 18 6 2 1	52 21 20 5 1	52 24 17 4 1 2
Median income	\$2,110	\$2,017	\$1,862	\$1,841	\$1,862	\$1,857	\$1,718	\$1,675	\$1,720	\$1,670	\$1,561	\$1,454	\$1,421	\$1,407

with families having male heads or heads under 65 years of age. The relative deterioration has been more pronounced for families headed by a female than for families headed by an aged head. In 1947, families with female heads had a median income of approximately \$2,200, about 70 percent that of families with male heads. By 1965, although the income of both groups had increased, this relationship had declined to 49 percent. In 1947. median income for families headed by a person 65 years of age or over was about 58 percent that of families headed by a person younger than 65 years of age, whereas in 1965 it was about 47 percent. In 1947, families headed by persons 65 years of age or over had a median income about 53 percent that of families with heads in the most productive age group, 45 to 54 years. In 1965, it was about 42 percent.

Table D.--MEDIAN INCOME IN 1947 TO 1965 OF FAMILIES, BY COLOR OF HEAD, FOR THE UNITED STATES (In current dollars)

Year	Total	White	Nonwhite	Ratio of nonwhite to white
1965. 1964. 1963. 1962. 1961. 1960. 1959. 1958. 1957. 1956.	\$6,882 6,569 6,249 5,956 5,737 5,620 5,417 5,087 4,971 4,783	\$7,170 6,858 6,548 6,237 5,981 5,835 5,643 5,300 5,166 4,993	\$3,971 3,839 3,465 3,330 3,191 3,233 2,917 2,711 2,764 2,628	.55 .56 .53 .53 .55 .55 .52
1955. 1954. 1953. 1952. 1951. 1950. 1949. 1948. 1947.	4,421 4,173 4,233 3,890 3,709 3,319 3,107 3,187 3,031	4,605 4,339 4,392 4,114 3,859 3,445 3,232 3,310 3,157	2,549 2,410 2,461 2,338 2,032 1,869 1,650 1,768 1,614	.55 .56 .56 .57 .53 .54 .51

Unlike the families headed by an older person, families with a head 25 to 34 years of age held their relative income position with families whose heads were 45 to 54 years of age. In 1947 and 1965, families with heads 25 to 34 years of age had a median income of approximately 85 percent that of families with a head 45 to 54 years.

There was a substantial increase in median income for farm families, from \$3,600 in 1964 to \$4,100 in 1965. The median income in 1965 of farm families was 58 percent that of nonfarm families (\$7,100). Last year, it was 53 percent. In 1960 and 1947, the percentages were 49 and 61, respectively.

During the past 16 years, there has been an upward trend in the proportion of families which have income from both earnings and other sources

and also in the proportion of families which have only other sources of income. The upward trend of families with multiple sources of income contributes to the increasing affluence of many American Families receiving both earnings and families. other sources of income had a median income of \$7,800 in 1965, which was approximately \$1,000 more than that for families with income from earnings only. In 1965, families with income from multiple sources comprised 44 percent of all families compared with only 26 percent in 1949. Families with earnings only declined from 69 percent in 1949 to 48 percent in 1965. The proportionate increase in families with other income and no earnings (from 5 percent in 1949 to 8 percent in 1965) represents for the most part a proportionate increase in families headed by persons 65 years old and over or by female heads -- families for which the probability of having no earners is greater than that for other families. The adverse impact of this latter factor on median income is underscored by the fact that families with other income have only a median income of \$2,400, about onethird that of all families.

In 1965, median income was highest in the West and the Northeast (about \$7,500), approximately 9 percent higher than the national median of \$6,900. In the South, the median was \$5,500, or about 20 percent below the national median. In the North Central Region, it was \$7,300.

Between 1953 (comparable regional figures are not available for earlier years) and 1965, the largest proportionate gain in median income (in 1965 dollars) was made in the South and the West, which showed increases of 42 and 40 percent, respectively, during the 12-year period. The national median income increased by 38 percent over this period. The increases in the Northeast and North Central Regions were 38 and 34 percent, respectively.

INCOME OF UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS

Median income of unrelated individuals was \$2,100 in 1965, about 30 percent that of families. Over the past 18 years, median income of unrelated individuals has increased at an average annual rate of 3 percent in constant dollars.

The lower income level of unrelated individuals reflects, in part, the fact that many of them are elderly and retired and a high proportion are women. Moreover, many work on a part-time basis. Approximately 63 percent of all unrelated individuals were women, but only 10 percent of all families were headed by women. In addition, about 39 percent of the unrelated individuals were over 65 years of age but only 14 percent of family heads

Table E.--FAMILIES BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1953 TO 1965, IN CONSTANT DOLLARS, FOR THE UNITED STATES, BY REGIONS (In 1965 dollars)

Total money income (1965 dollars)	1965	1964	1963	1962	1961	1960	1959	1958	1957.	1956	1955	1954	1953
NORTHEAST								,					
Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Under \$3,000 \$3,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 and over	12 14 19 26 20	12 14 20 26 20 8	12 16 22 26 17	12 16 24 25 16 7	14 18 22 24 15	13 18 24 24 15 6	14 19 25 23 14	14 21 27 23 11 4	14 20 28 23 11 4	14 21 27 23 11 4	16 26 27 20 9	18 27 25 19 8 3	16 28 27 19 8 2
Median income Index (1953=100)	\$7,467 137	\$7,354 135	\$7,098 131	\$6,860 126	\$6,602 121	\$6,512 120	\$6,398 118	\$6,089 112	\$6,120 113	\$6,155 113	\$5,581 103	\$5,390 99	\$5,436 100
NORTH CENTRAL							٠.			100	100	,,,,,	100
Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100 · 19	100 18	100 20	100 23	100 20
Under \$3,000 \$3,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 and over	14 15 19 26 19	15 15 20 26 18 6	16 15 22 25 17 5	16 17 22 24 15 6	18 18 23 23 13	19 18 23 24 12 4	19 19 24 23 11 4	19 23 25 21 9	21 25 22 10 3	21 25 22 10 4	20 22 25 21 9	25 25 24 17 8	24 26 18 9
Median income	\$7,267 134	\$6,949 128	\$6,784 125	\$6,535 120	\$6,176 114	\$6,181 114	\$5,985 110	\$5,614 103	\$5,762 106	\$5,926 109	\$5,586 103	\$5,139 95	\$5,432 100
SOUTH													
Percent	100	· 100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Under \$3,000	25 19 19 20 12 5	25 21 19 19 12 4	28 21 20 17 10 4	30 22 20 16 8 4	32 22 18 16 8 4	31 22 20 16 8 3	31 22 20 17 7 3	34 23 20 15 6 2	34 23 21 14 6 2	34 24 20 14 6 2	35 24 19 14 6 2	39 25 18 11 5 2	39 25 19 11 4 . 2
Median income Index (1953=100)	\$5,536 142	\$5,409 138	\$5,136 . 131	\$4,827 124	\$4,650 119	\$4,675 120	\$4,709 121	\$4,474 115	\$4,404 113	\$4,352 111	\$4,246 109	\$3,907 100	\$3,906 100
WEST													
Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Under \$3,000 \$3,000 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$14,999. \$15,000 and over.	12 15 17 25 21	13 15 18 25 19 10	14 16 18 25 19	14 16 20 24 19 7	13 15 19 27 18 8	13 15 22 25 18 7	14 17 23 25 15 6	16 19 25 24 12 4	16 19 25 25 11 4	16 20 25 23 12 4	20 22 24 21 9 4	22 24 24 19 8 3	20 24 25 19 9 3
Median income	\$7,580 140	\$7,405 137	\$7,241 134	\$7,024 130	\$7,268 134	\$6,978 129	\$6,669 123	\$6,208 114	\$6,132 113	\$6,052 112	\$5,679 105	\$5,268 97	\$5,422 100

were in this age group. Finally, although 66 percent of the heads of families worked year round full time, only 35 percent of the 12 million unrelated individuals worked year round full time.

About 39 percent of all unrelated individuals are 65 years old and over, and about 59 percent are 55 and over. Consequently, the median income of all unrelated individuals (\$2,100) was far below the peak median (\$4,900) received by those between 25 and 34 years of age. Most of the unrelated individuals in the under \$1,500 income group were in the age groups 14 to 24 and 65 and over.

The proportion of unrelated individuals with incomes under \$1,500 was highest in the South--46 percent, as compared with 27 percent in the West.

INCOME OF PERSONS

There were approximately 136 million persons 14 years old and over in the noninstitutional population in March 1966. Of this number, about 101 million persons, or 75 percent, were income recipients in 1965. About 59 million of these income recipients were men. The proportion of women receiving income increased from 39 percent in 1947 to 60 percent in 1965. The proportion of men receiving income rose from 89 percent to 92 percent during the same time period.

Between 1964 and 1965, median income of male income recipients increased 4 percent while that of female income recipients increased 8 percent.

Table F.--PERCENTAGE SHARE OF AGGREGATE INCOME IN 1947, 1950, AND 1954 TO 1965, RECEIVED BY EACH FIFTH OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS, RANKED BY INCOME, FOR THE UNITED STATES

Income rank	1965	1964	1963	1962	1961	1960	1959	1958	1957	1956	1955	1954	1950	1947
FAMILIES														
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	1.00	100	100	100	100	1.00	100
Lowest fifth. Second fifth. Middle fifth. Fourth fifth. Highest fifth. Top 5 percent. UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	5 12 18 24 41 15	5 12 18 24 41 15	5 12 17 24 42 16	5 12 17 24 42 16	5 12 17 23 43 18	5 12 18 23 42 17	5 12 18 24 41 16	5 12 18 24 41 16	5 13 18 24 40 16	5 12 18 24 41 16	5 12 18 23 42 17	4 12 18 24 42 16	4 12 17 24 43 17	5 12 17 23 43 18
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	. 100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Lowest fifth Second fifth Middle fifth Fourth fifth Highest fifth	3 7 13 25 52	3 7 13 24 53	13 25	3 7 13 24 53	3 7 13 24 53	3 7 13 26 51	3 7 13 24 53	3 7 13 25 52	3 7 14 25 51	3 7 14 25 51	3 7 13 25 52	2 7 13 25 53	3 7 13 27 50	3 5 12 21 59
Top 5 percent	20	23	21	21	23	20	23	21	20	20	22	23	19	33

Table G.--PERCENTAGE SHARE OF AGGREGATE INCOME IN 1953 TO 1965, RECEIVED BY EACH FIFTH OF FAMILIES, RANKED BY INCOME, FOR THE UNITED STATES, BY REGIONS

Region and income rank	1965	1964	1963	1962	1961	1960	1959	1958	1957	1956	1955	1954	1953
NORTHEAST													
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Lowest fifth. Second fifth. Middle fifth. Fourth fifth. Highest fifth.	6 13 17 23 41	6 13 18 23 40	6 13 17 23 41	6 13 17 23 41	6 13 17 23 41	6 13 17 23 41	6 13 18 23 40	6 13 18 23 40	7 14 18 22 39	7 13 18 23 39	6 14 18 23 39	6 13 18 23 40	7 14 18 22 39
Top 5 percent	15	15	15	. 16	16	1.5	15	16	16	15	16	15	15
NORTH CENTRAL													
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		100	100
Lowest fifth. Second fifth. Middle fifth. Fourth fifth. Highest fifth.	6 12 18 24 40	6 13 18 24 39	6 13 18 24 39	5 13 18 24 40	5 12 18 23 42	5 13 18 24 40	6 12 18 23 41	6 13 18 23 40	5 13 18 24 40	5 13 18 23 41	5 13 18 24 40	5 12 18 24 41	5 13 18 23 41
Top 5 percent	14	15	15	15	17	16	17	16	15	17	16	15	16
SOUTH								٠					
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	1.00	100	100	100
Lowest fifth. Second fifth. Middle fifth. Fourth fifth. Highest fifth.	4 11 17 24 44	4 11 17 25 43	4 11 18 24 43	4 11 17 24 44	4 10 16 23 47	4 10 17 24 45	4 10 17 25 44	4 11 17 25 43	4 11 18 25 42	4 11 17 25 43	4 10 17 24 45	3 10 16 24 47	4 10 17 25 44
Top 5 percent	17	16	17	17	20	19	18	16	16	16	19	20	16
WEST													
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Lowest fifth. Second fifth. Middle fifth. Fourth fifth. Highest fifth.	6 13 17 23 41	6 12 17 23 42	6 12 18 24 40	6 12 18 24 40	6 12 18 23 41	6 12 17 23 42	6 13 17 23 41	6 13 18 23 40	6 13 18 23 40	6 13 17 23 41	5 13 18 23 41	5 12 18 23 42	5 13 18 24 40
Top 5 percent	15	15	15	16	16	18	17	15	17	17	18	18	16

The median income of nonwhite men in 1965 was about half the corresponding figure for white men. This was about the same relationship that existed in 1948. For women, however, there has been some lessening of the gap in income between the two color groups during the period. Nonwhite women received about three-fourths the median amount received by white women in 1965; whereas in 1948 they had received only two fifths as much income as white women.

In 1965, as in previous years, the median income of persons was lowest in the South. Median incomes of men and women in the South were 74 percent and 82 percent, respectively, of those for men and women in the country as a whole. Within the last 12 years, the median income of males has increased at an average annual rate of 3.7 percent in the South as compared with the national annual average of 3.4 percent.

Males employed in agriculture, forestry, or fisheries had a median income of \$2,500 in 1965, approximately two-fifths that of the median of \$5,800 for all employed males.

The income of a majority of persons is entirely derived from earnings. In 1965, approximately 60 percent of male and approximately 58 percent of female income recipients received all of their income from earnings (wages and salaries, self-employment or both). For male income recipients in the \$25,000 and over income group, about 15 percent reported receiving wages and salary income only, whereas for those in the \$3,000 to \$3,499 income group, about 55 percent reported receiving wages and salary income only.

RELATED REPORTS

Current Population Survey.--Other data based on the Current Population Survey showing the distributions of families, unrelated individuals, and persons, by income levels, have been published in the Series P-60 reports, Nos. 1 to 50. Occasionally, tables showing the cross-classification of income and other characteristics have been published in the Series P-20 reports of the Bureau of the Census and in the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Special Labor Force Reports.

A historical and analytical summary of the income data collected in the Current Population Survey appears in Technical Paper No. 8, Trends in the Income of Families and Persons in the United States: 1947 to 1960, published in 1963. This report contains detailed tables showing income distributions in constant (1959) dollars, mean incomes, fifths, and Gini Ratios of families and unrelated individuals cross-classified by various characteristics, for the United States, urban and rural. Similar data are also shown for males

and females classified by the amount of their own income and various personal characteristics.

1960 Census.--Income data collected in the 1960 Census of Population appear in a number of published reports. Basic distributions of persons 14 years old and over, families, and unrelated individuals, by money income in 1959, for the United States, each of the States, counties, standard metropolitan statistical areas, urbanized areas, and urban places are presented in 1960 Census of Population, Vol. I, Characteristics of the Population, chapter C, "General Social and Economic Characteristics." Statistics on income in 1959 by detailed characteristics, including cross-classifications by age, weeks worked, education, type of family, etc., are presented in 1960 Census of Population, Vol. I, Characteristics of the Population, chapter D, "Detailed Characteristics," for some or all of the following areas: United States, each of the States, large counties, and standard metropolitan statistical areas of 250,000 or more.

Detailed cross-classifications on the income in 1959 of families and persons by their social and economic characteristics, for the United States, regions, and type of residence are published in 1960 Census of Population, Subject Reports, Sources and Structure of Family Income, Series PC(2)-4C. Major emphasis is placed on the composition of family income and the major sources of this income, i.e., wages and salaries, self-employment, and other income. The tables for persons present information on the contribution to family income of the head, wife, children, and older family members and show the mean incomes for occupation groupings cross-classified by industry groupings, color, and sex.

Cross-tabulations by earnings in 1959, age, and educational attainment of males 18 to 64 years old, for the United States, the South, and the other three regions combined are published in 1960 Census of Population, Occupation by Earnings and Education, Series PC(2)-7B. Data on the income of families in which the head or the wife was 65 years old and over and on the income of persons 65 years old and over classified by a number of characteristics are presented for the United States, each of the States, and standard metropolitan statistical areas of 250,000 or more in 1960 Census of Population, Income of the Elderly Population, Series PC(2)-8B.

Statistics on income in 1959 of primary families or individuals by housing and household characteristics, such as tenure, household composition, condition and plumbing facilities, and gross rent and value, are presented in 1960 Census of Housing, Volume II, Metropolitan Housing, for the United States by geographic divisions and for

each standard metropolitan statistical area and place of 100,000 inhabitants or more. Additional data on income cross-tabulated by housing and household subjects are presented in 1960 Census of Housing, Volume V, Part 1, Residential Finance-Homeowner Properties; Volume VI, Rural Housing; and Volume VII, Housing of Senior Citizens. Also, a monograph, Income Distribution in the United States, sponsored jointly by the Bureau of the Census and the Social Science Research Council, was published in 1966.

Statistics on income in 1959 collected in the Current Population Survey of March 1960 may differ from data for that year from the decennial census despite the fact that the same basic concept was used in both instances.

In the first place, the survey data exclude the institutional population and most members of the Armed Forces living on post. These two groups were included in the census. Secondly, college students are generally enumerated at their own homes in the Current Population Survey and classified as family members, but were enumerated at their college residence in the census, usually as secondary individuals. Thirdly, the small group of Current Population Survey enumerators were more experienced and had more intensive training and supervision than the large number of temporary census enumerators and may have more often obtained more accurate answers from respondents. Moreover, income data in the Current Population Survey are based on responses to separate questions on eight detailed types of income, whereas in the census only three broad questions were used.

1950 Census.--Distributions of persons 14 years old and over by total money income in 1949 appear in the publication, U.S. Bureau of the Census; 1950 Census of Population, Volume II, chap-Similar data for families and unrelated individuals appear in Volume II, chapter B. for the United States and regions appear in Volume II, Part 1, United States Summary, whereas separate data for individual States are presented in the other parts. Various special reports contain additional income data; however, there is no special report dealing exclusively with income data. In addition, a monograph, Income of the American People, sponsored jointly by the Bureau of the Census and the Social Science Research Council, was published in 1955.

1940 Census. -- Data relating to wage and salary income in 1939 have been presented in several different reports of the Sixteenth Decennial Census. A complete list of these reports is shown in earlier Current Population Survey reports on consumer income.

DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

<u>Population coverage</u>.--This report excludes inmates of institutions. It includes only those members of the Armed Forces living off post or with their families on post; the March 1966 survey included about 846,000 members, of whom 770,000 were family heads.

Farm-nonfarm residence. -- The farm population refers to rural residents living on farms. method of determining farm-nonfarm residence in the March 1966 survey and in the Current Population Surveys since March 1960 is the same as that used in the 1960 Census but differs from that used in earlier surveys and censuses. Since March 1960 in the Current Population Surveys, farm residence has been determined by the responses to two ques-Owners are asked "Does this place have 10 or more acres?" and renters are asked "Does the place you rent have 10 or more acres?" response is "Yes," the respondent is asked "During the past 12 months, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to \$50 or more?" If the acreage response is "No," the inquiry relates to sales of \$250 or more. Rural persons in institutions, motels, and tourist camps, and those living on rented places where no land is used for farming, are not classified as farm population.

The nonfarm population, as the term is used here, comprises persons living in urban areas and rural persons not on farms.

Household.--Through 1959, a household included all of the persons who occupied a house, an apartment, or other group of rooms, or a room, which constituted a <u>dwelling unit</u> under the 1950 Census rules. Since 1960, a household includes all of the persons who occupy a house, an apartment, or other group of rooms, or a room, which constitutes a housing unit under the 1960 Census rules.

Dwelling unit, 1950 .-- A group of rooms occupied as separate living quarters was regarded as a dwelling unit if it had separate cooking equipment or a separate entrance; a single room occupied as separate living quarters was a dwelling unit if it had separate cooking equipment, or, if in a regular apartment house, most of the units had separate cooking equipment, or if it constituted the The count only living quarters in the structure. of households excluded groups of persons living as members of a quasi-household. A quasi-household was defined as the occupants of a rooming house containing five or more persons not related to the head, or the occupants of certain other types of living quarters such as dormitories, military barracks, and institutions.

Housing unit, 1960.--A group of rooms or a single room is regarded as a housing unit when it is occupied as separate living quarters, that is, when the occupants do not live and eat with any other persons in the structure, and when there is either (1) direct access from the outside or through a common hall, or (2) a kitchen or cooking equipment for the exclusive use of the occupants. The count of households excludes persons living in The kinds of living quarters ocgroup quarters. cupied by quasi-households under the 1950 definitions generally are group quarters under the 1960 Some quarters formerly regarded as definitions. occupied by quasi-households, however, have been divided into housing units because the occupants live separately and their quarters qualify as housing units under the 1960 definition.

Family.:-The term "family," as used in this report, refers to a group of two or more persons related by blood, marriage, or adoption and residing together; all such persons are considered as members of the same family. Thus, if the son of the head of the household and the son's wife are in the household, they are treated as part of the head's family. On the other hand, a lodger and his wife not related to the head of the household or an unrelated servant and his wife are considered as additional families, and not as part of the household head's family.

Unrelated individual .-- The term "unrelated individuals," as used in this report, refers to persons 14 years old and over (other than inmates of institutions) who are not living with any rela-An unrelated individual may constitute a tives. one-person household by himself, or he may be part of a household including one or more other families or unrelated individuals, or he may reside in group quarters such as a rooming house. widow living by herself or with one or more other persons not related to her, a lodger not related to the head of the household or to anyone else in the household and a servant living in an employer's household with no relatives are examples of unrelated individuals.

Primary families and individuals.--The term "primary family" refers to the head of a household and all other persons in the household related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. If nobody in the household is related to the head, then the head himself constitutes a "primary individual." A household can contain one and only one primary family or primary individual. The number of "primary" families and individuals is identical with the number of households.

<u>Secondary individual</u>.--A secondary individual is a person, such as a lodger, guest, or resident employee, who is not related to any other person in the household or group quarters.

Income. -- For each person in the sample 14 years old and over, questions were asked on the amount of money income received in 1965 from each of the following sources: (1) Money wages or salary; (2) net income from nonfarm self-employment; (3) net income from farm self-employment; (4) Social Security; (5) dividends, interest (on savings or bonds), income from estates or trusts or net rental income; (6) public assistance or welfare payments; (7) unemployment compensation, government employee pensions, or veterans' payments; (8) private pensions, annuities, alimony, regular contributions from persons not living in this household, royalties, and other periodic income.

The amounts received represent income before deductions for personal taxes, Social Security, bonds, etc. If any amount was \$10,000 or more, it was recorded as a specific amount wherever possible. When the respondent did not know the specific amount but reported it within specified limits, the midpoint of the amount was coded (i.e., "\$10,000 to \$15,000" was coded as "\$12,500"). If an indefinite amount was reported such as "over \$10,000," the information was coded as "\$10,000." It should be noted that although the income statistics refer to receipts during 1965 the characteristics of the person, such as age, labor force status, etc., and the composition of families refer to March 1966. The income of the family does not include amounts received by persons who were members of the family during all or part of the calendar year 1965 if these persons no longer resided with the family at the time of enumeration. On the other hand, family income includes amounts reported by related persons who did not reside with the family during 1965 but who were members of the family at the time of enumeration.

Data on consumer income collected by the Bureau of the Census cover money income (exclusive of certain money receipts such as capital gains) prior to deductions for taxes. The fact that many farm families receive part of their income in the form of rent-free housing and goods produced and consumed on the farm, rather than in money, should be taken into consideration in comparing the income of farm and nonfarm residents. be noted that nonmoney incomes are also received by some nonfarm residents. They often take the form of business expense accounts, use of business transportation and facilities, full or partial compensation by business for medical and educational expenses, etc. In analyzing size distributions of income, it should be recognized that capital gains tend to be concentrated more among higher income units than among lower ones.

Money wages or salary.--This is defined as the total money earnings received for work performed as an employee during the calendar year 1965. It includes wages, salary, Armed Forces pay, commissions, tips, piece-rate payments, and cash bonuses earned, before deductions were made for taxes, bonds, pensions, union dues, etc.

Net income from nonfarm self-employment.--This is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus expenses) from his own business, professional enterprise, or partnership. Gross receipts include the value of all goods sold and services rendered. Expenses include costs of goods purchased, rent, heat, light, power, depreciation charges, wages and salaries paid, business taxes (not personal income taxes), etc. In general, inventory changes were not considered in determining net income; however, replies based on income tax returns or other official records do reflect inventory changes. The value of salable merchandise consumed by the proprietors of retail stores is not included as part of net income.

Net income from farm self-employment .-- This is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from the operation of a farm by a person on his own account, as an owner, renter, or sharecropper. Gross receipts include the value of all products sold, government crop loans, money received from the rental of farm equipment to others, and incidental receipts from the sale of wood, sand, gravel, etc. Operating expenses include cost of feed, fertilizer, seed, and other farming supplies, cash wages paid to farmhands, depreciation charges, cash rent, interest on farm mortgages, farm building repairs, farm taxes (not poll taxes or personal income taxes), etc. The value of fuel, food, or other farm products used for family living is not included as part of net income. In general, inventory changes were not considered in determining net income; however, replies based on income tax returns or other official records do reflect inventory changes.

<u>Social</u> <u>Security</u>.--This is defined as Social Security pensions and survivors' benefits, and permanent disability insurance payments made by the Social Security Administration and railroad retirement insurance checks from the U.S. Government.

Dividends, interest (on savings or bonds), income from estates or trusts, or net rental income. This category includes dividends from stockholdings or membership in associations, interest on

savings or bonds, periodic receipts from estates or trust funds, net income from rental of a house, store, or other property to others, and receipts from boarders or lodgers.

Public assistance or welfare payments.--This category includes public assistance payments such as old-age assistance, aid to families with dependent children, and aid to the blind or totally disabled.

Unemployment compensation, government employee pensions, or veterans' payments .-- This category includes: (1) Unemployment compensation received from government unemployment insurance agencies or private companies during periods of unemployment and any strike benefits received from union funds; (2) government employee pensions received from retirement pensions paid by Federal, State, county, or other governmental agencies to former employees (including members of the Armed Forces) or their survivors; (3) money paid periodically by the Veterans' Administration to disabled members of the Armed Forces or to survivors of deceased veterans. subsistence allowances paid to veterans for education and on-the-job training, as well as so-called "refunds" paid to ex-servicemen as GI insurance premiums; also includes (4) workmen's compensation received periodically from public or private insurance companies for injuries incurred at work. The cost of this insurance must have been paid by the employer and not by the person.

Private pensions, annuities, alimony, regular contributions from persons not living in the household, royalties, and other periodic income. The following types of income are included in this group: (1) Private pensions or retirement benefits paid to a retired person or his survivors by a former employer or by a union, either directly or through an insurance company; (2) periodic receipts from annuities or insurance; (3) alimony and child support; (4) contributions received periodically from persons not living in the household; (5) royalties; and (6) other periodic income such as military family allotments, net gambling winnings, and other kinds of periodic income other than earnings.

Receipts not counted as income.—Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: (1) Money received from the sale of property, such as stocks, bonds, a house, or a car (unless the person was engaged in the business of selling such property, in which case the net proceeds would be counted as income from self-employment); (2) withdrawals of bank deposits; (3) money borrowed; (4) tax refunds; (5) gifts; and (6) lump-sum inheritances or insurance payments.

Total money earnings.--These are defined as the algebraic sum of money wages or salary and net income from farm and nonfarm self-employment. Median total money earnings are shown in tables 25, 26, and 27. In addition, tables 15 and 32 contain data on each of the three types of earnings.

Income other than earnings.--This is defined as the algebraic sum of all sources of money income except wages and salaries and income from self-employment. The various types of income other than earnings are not shown separately in any of the tables in this report. Separate data are shown for the total amount of income other than earnings in tables 15 and 32.

Total money income.--This is defined as the algebraic sum of money wages and salaries, net income from self-employment, and income other than earnings. The total income of a family is the algegraic sum of the amounts received by all income recipients in the family.

The income tables for families and unrelated individuals include in the lowest income group (under \$1,000) those that were classified as having no income in 1965 and those reporting a loss in net income from farm and nonfarm self-employment or in rental income. Many of these were living on income "in kind," savings, or gifts; or were newly constituted families, unrelated individuals who had recently left families, or families in which the sole breadwinner had recently died or had left the household. However, many of the families and unrelated individuals who reported no income probably had some money income which was not recorded in the survey.

Head of family. -- One person in each family was designated as the head. The head of a family is usually the person regarded as the head by members of the family. Women are not classified as heads if their husbands are resident members of the family at the time of the survey. Married couples related to the head of a family are included in the head's family and are not classified as separate families.

Size of family.--The term "size of family" refers to the number of persons who are living together and who are related to each other by blood, marriage, or adoption.

Number of related children under 18 years of age.--This number refers to all single (never-married) persons in the family under 18 years old related to the head of the family by blood, marriage, or adoption.

<u>Number of earners.</u>--This number includes all persons in the family with \$1 or more in wages and salaries, or \$1 or more or a loss in net income from farm or nonfarm self-employment.

Age. -- The age classification is based on the age of the person at his last birthday.

<u>Color</u>.--The term "color" refers to the division of the population into two groups, white and nonwhite. The nonwhite group includes Negroes, Indians, Japanese, Chinese, and other nonwhite races.

Years of school completed .-- Data on years of school completed in this report were derived from the combination of answers to questions concerning . the highest grade of school attended by the person and whether or not that grade was finished. questions on educational attainment apply only to progress in "regular" schools. Such schools include graded public, private, and parochial elementary and high schools (both junior and senior high), colleges, universities, and professional schools, whether day schools or night schools. Thus, regular schooling is that which may advance a person toward an elementary school certificate or a high school diploma, or a college, university, or professional school degree. Schooling in other than regular schools was counted only if the credits obtained were regarded as transferable to a school in the regular school system.

The median years of school completed is defined as the value which divides the distribution into two equal groups, one having completed more schooling and one having completed less schooling than the median. These medians are expressed in terms of a continuous series of numbers representing years of school completed. For example, a median of 9.0 represents the completion of the first year of high school and a median of 13.0 means completion of the first year of college.

Employed. -- Employed persons comprise those who, during the survey week, were either (1) "at work" -- those who did any work for pay or profit, or worked without pay for 15 hours or more on a family farm or business; or (2) "with a job but not at work" -- those who did not work and were not looking for work but had a job or business from which they were temporarily absent because of vacation, illness, industrial dispute, or bad weather, or because they were taking the week off for various other reasons.

<u>Unemployed.</u>--Unemployed persons include those who did not work at all during the survey week and were looking for work. Also included as unemployed are those who did not work at all during

the survey week and (1) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; or (2) were waiting to report to a new wage or salary job scheduled to start within the following 30 days (and were not in school during the survey week); or (3) would have been looking for work except that they were temporarily ill or believed no work was available in their line of work or in the community.

Labor force.--Persons are classified as in the labor force if they were employed as civilians, unemployed, or in the Armed Forces during the survey week. The "experienced civilian labor force" comprises employed workers and experienced unemployed workers. The 1939 data shown in the tables on the experienced civilian labor force include the relatively small number of persons in the Armed Forces in 1940.

Not in labor force. -- All civilians 14 years old and over who are not classified as employed or unemployed are defined as "not in labor force." These persons include those "engaged in own home housework," "in school," "unable to work" because of long-term physical or mental illness, and "other." the latter group including for the most part retired persons, those too old to work, seasonal workers for whom the survey week fell in an "off" season, and the voluntarily idle. doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours) are also classified as not in the In March 1966, persons attending labor force. school during the survey week who had new jobs to which they were scheduled to report within 30 days were also included among those not in the labor force.

Paid labor force.--Persons are classified in paid labor force if they were employed as wage and salary or self-employed workers during the survey week in March 1966, or were looking for work at that time and had last worked as wage and salary or self-employed workers.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker.—The data on occupation, industry, and class of worker of employed persons in tables 9, 10, 23, and 24 refer to the civilian job held during the survey week. Persons employed at two or more jobs were reported in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the week. Persons who were unemployed during the survey week are classified according to their last civilian job.

The data on occupation, industry, and class of worker in tables 25, 26, and 27 refer to the civilian job held longest during the year. Persons who held two jobs or more were reported in the job at which they worked the greatest number of weeks.

In tables 9, 23, and 25, two or more of the major occupation groups are subdivided by class of worker into two groups: Wage and salary workers and self-employed workers. The former refers to persons working for wages, salaries, commissions, tips, pay "in kind," or at piece rates for a private employer, or for any governmental unit. The latter refers to persons working in their own business, profession or trade, for profit or fees. Included in the self-employed groups in tables 9, 23, and 25 are unpaid family workers, i.e., persons working without pay in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by blood, marriage, or adoption.

The occupation and industry groupings used here are mainly the major groups used in the 1960 Census of Population. The composition of these groups is shown in Volume I, Characteristics of the Population, Part 1, United States Summary, chapter D. The categories used are either detailed classifications or combinations thereof.

The occupational and industrial classification systems used in 1940 and 1950 are basically the same as those used in 1960. There are a number of differences, however, in the specific content of particular groups, as well as several differences in title; however, it is believed that the 1940-60 relationships shown by the data are not significantly affected by these differences. The 1940 classification by class of worker is comparable with the 1960 classification.

Work experience in 1965.--A person with work experience in 1965 is one who did any civilian work for pay or profit or worked without pay on a family-operated farm or business at any time during the year, on a part-time or full-time basis.

Weeks worked in 1965.--Persons are classified according to the number of different weeks during 1965 in which they did any civilian work for pay or profit (including paid vacations and sick leave) or worked without pay on a family-operated farm or business.

Part-time or full-time jobs.--A person is classified as having worked at part-time jobs during 1965 if he worked at civilian jobs which provided less than 35 hours of work per week in a majority of the weeks in which he worked during the year. He is classified as having worked at full-time jobs if he worked 35 hours or more per week during a majority of the weeks in which he worked.

Year-round full-time worker.--A year-round full-time worker is one who worked primarily at full-time civilian jobs (35 hours or more per week) for 50 weeks or more during 1965.

Nonworker.--A nonworker is one who did not do any civilian work in 1965.

Median income. The median income is the amount which divides the distribution into two equal groups, one having incomes above the median, and the other having incomes below the median. The medians for families and individuals are based on all families and individuals. The medians for persons are based on the distributions of persons with income. The medians for wage or salary income, income from nonfarm self-employment, income from farm self-employment, and income other than earnings are based on the distributions of persons or families and individuals having these types of income.

Rounding.--Percentages are rounded to the nearest tenth of a percent; therefore, the percentages in a distribution do not always add to exactly 100.0 percent. The totals, however, are always shown as 100.0.

Base figures.--An estimate of the size of the base (number of families or individuals, or number of persons) of each percent distribution by income in 1965 is shown in most of the tables in this report.

The base figures shown in this report for 1961 through 1965 were prepared by inflating weighted sample results to agree with independent estimates of the population based on statistics updated from the 1960 Census, whereas the base figures for years prior to 1961 were prepared by weighting the sample figures to agree with statistics updated from the 1950 Census.

Computation of aggregate income by fifths .--Aggregate incomes were obtained by multiplying the number of families and unrelated individuals in each income level by an estimated mean income. For income intervals below \$15,000, the midpoint of each class interval was used. A value of \$19,000 was used for the \$15,000 to \$24,999 inter-For the \$25,000 and over interval, the interpolation was from a Pareto Curve fitted to the data for the upper income range. The aggregate amount of income received by fifths of families or unrelated individuals ranked by income was estimated by cumulating the number of families or unrelated individuals in successive income intervals, determining by linear interpolation the top income limit of each fifth, and deriving the total income of the fifth by adding the aggregate income in the income intervals included between the lower and upper income limits of the fifth. For a more detailed description of the method of computing aggregate incomes by fifths, see Technical Paper No. 8. Trends in the Income of Families and Persons in the United States: 1947 to 1960, pages 16 to 26.

Computation of constant-dollar distributions .--The adjustment for price change was made by converting the income distribution for families and unrelated individuals for each year (1947 through 1964) into 1965 dollars on the basis of the change in the Consumer Price Index. The first step required the subdivision of broad income intervals, such as \$7,000 to \$9,999 and \$10,000 to \$14,999, into smaller intervals to provide a more refined basis for interpolation to convert to constant dollars. This subdivision was accomplished from generalized tables that were prepared from Pareto Curves that were fitted to frequency distributions having varying degrees of concentration in the open-end limits. For the specific factors that were used for each year and for each interval, see Technical Paper No. 8, Trends in the Income of Families and Persons in the United States: 1947 to 1960, pages 16 to 17.

After the detailed frequency distributions were obtained, the procedure was then to convert the limits of each income interval into 1965 dollars adjusted by a factor representing the change on the basis of that year's price index (1965 = 100); next, to compute by interpolation the number of families and unrelated individuals in each of the detailed class intervals; and then to combine the estimates into broad income brackets.

The Consumer Price Index is basically a measure of changes in prices of the goods and services bought by urban "wage earner and clerical worker families" representing about two-thirds of all persons living in urban places and about two-fifths The same of the total United States population. index was used for all groups of families because separate price indices have not been developed for families in different income class intervals. Neither did the available data permit adjustment for the fact that the price index is strictly applicable to consumer expenditures for goods and services, whereas the family income data cover also family savings and income tax payments. these and other reasons, the constant-dollar figures, particularly in the income range over \$10,000, are to be regarded as approximations.

The constant-dollar distributions in table E were obtained by applying the same procedure as used for the country as a whole to the current-dollar family income for each region. Previous studies indicated that regional price indices differed only slightly from the U.S. index. The limitations noted earlier for the United States distributions in terms of constant dollars apply also to the regional distributions. It should also be noted that the adjustments for price change have been introduced in order to measure changes in real incomes within a region over time, and that they have limited use for the purpose of

interregional comparisons. The available consumer price indices measure the relative change in price levels in each region and make possible a comparison of the relative changes of constant-dollar income between regions. These indices do not, however, reflect geographical differentials in price levels and do not, therefore, make it possible to compare the absolute levels of constant-dollar income between regions.

COMPARABILITY OF CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY INCOME DATA WITH OTHER DATA

Office of Business Economics personal income series.--The income data presented in this report are not directly comparable with estimates of aggregate personal income prepared by the Office of Business Economics of the Department of Commerce (OBE), nor with the distributions of families and unrelated individuals by family personal income brackets published by that Office. The lack of correspondence stems from the following differences in definition and coverage:

- 1. Income definition .-- The personal income series includes, among other items, the following types of nonmoney income which are not included in the census definition: Wages received in kind, the value of food and fuel produced and consumed on farms, the net rental value of owneroccupied homes, the property income received by mutual life insurance companies, and the value of the services of banks and other financial intermediaries rendered to persons without the assessment of specific charges. These items of income in kind account for about 5 percent of total personal income. The Census Bureau definition of income, on the other hand, includes such items as regular contributions for support received from persons who do not reside in the same living quarters, income received from roomers and boarders residing in households, and employee contributions for social insurance, which are not included in the personal income series. These items, however, represent a much smaller income total than the nonmoney items included in personal income.
- 2. Source of data. The personal income series is estimated largely on the basis of data derived from business and governmental sources. These sources include the industrial and population censuses, employers' wage reports under the Social Security programs, and records of disbursements to individuals by governmental agencies. The OBE's distributions of families and unrelated individuals by family personal income brackets, which are based on consolidated data from Federal individual income tax returns supplemented by information from field surveys of family income, have been adjusted to agree statistically with the

totals in the personal income series. The income data presented in the census reports, on the other hand, are based directly on field surveys of households. As indicated below in the section on "Source and reliability of the estimates." come data obtained in household interviews are subject to various types of reporting errors which tend to produce an understatement of income. is estimated that the income surveys conducted by the Bureau of the Census during the past few years have obtained about 89 percent of the comparable total money income aggregates and about 97 percent of the comparable money wage or salary aggregates included in the personal income series prepared by the OBE.

- 3. Population coverage.--The Bureau of the Census excluded from its sample inmates of institutions and military personnel overseas or living on post in the United States. In addition the income of persons who died or emigrated prior to the date of interview was not reported in the census inquiry. The income of these groups is included in the aggregate personal income series released by the OBE but is excluded from the OBE's family income distributions.
- 4. Average income. -- Most of the average income figures published by the OBE represent mean personal incomes, i.e., they were obtained by dividing an aggregate personal income by a total number of persons (or families). The census averages in this report, on the other hand, are median incomes, representing the point on the money income scale above and below which one-half of the families (or of the persons receiving income) are to be found. Because of the shape of the income distribution curve, median incomes are considerably smaller than mean incomes. Furthermore, certain of the OBE average income figures (e.g., for geographical regions) represent income per capita, i.e., they were derived by dividing total income by the total population including men, women, and children. Most of the census averages, in contrast, are for families (or for unrelated individuals or income recipients 14 years old and over).

Percent changes in average income from one period to the next, and percent differences in average income among component groups of the population within any one period, will not necessarily correspond for these various averages. This is so because the shape of the income distribution curve changes over time and varies among population groups at any given time, and because the average size of family also varies over time and among groups. As an example of the latter point, the average size of family has increased since the early 1950's so that it can be expected, barring other differences, that a smaller percentage rise

in average income for the period will be shown by a series computed on a per capita than on a per family basis. The amount of divergence will vary depending on the extent to which average family size has increased in the particular region or other grouping of the population under consideration.

Department of Agriculture farm income series.—The farm income data shown in this report are not directly comparable with estimates of the aggregate amount of income received by the farm population and estimates of the aggregate farm income of farm operators which are prepared by the Agricultural Marketing Service of the Department of Agriculture. Data from the two sources differ in several respects for the reasons cited below:

- l. The census data show distributions of persons by farm self-employment income levels and distributions of persons by total money income levels, but do not show estimates of the amount of aggregate income. Agriculture estimates provide information on the amount of aggregate income received by the population but do not provide distributions by income level.
- 2. The agriculture estimates are based on data derived from farm, business, and governmental sources. As indicated previously, the data presented in this report are based on a field survey of households.
- 3. The definitions of income are different. The census definition includes, among others, the following items which are not included in the agriculture series: Contributions for support received from persons not residing in the same living quarters and government and business transfers of income.
- 4. The census data on the total money income of the farm population differ from the agriculture estimates of "net income of the farm population" for reasons other than those cited previously, as follows:
 - a. The census data do not include under the farm classification the incomes of those nonfarm residents who reported the receipt of some farm income while the agriculture series includes the total net farm income of all farm operators.
 - b. Income in kind--the imputed value of farm products grown and consumed directly in farm households, and the imputed rental value of owner-occupied farm dwellings--is included in the agriculture series but excluded from the census definition of income.
- 5. The census data on the civilian non-institutional population's net income from the operation of a farm differ from the agriculture estimates of farm operators' "net cash income from farming" for reasons other than those cited above, as follows.

- a. The census estimates are based on the answers to a single direct question on how much net income was derived from operation of a farm during the preceding calendar year. The agriculture series on "net cash income from farming" is derived by summing estimated cash receipts for a large number of crop and livestock items, and subtracting estimates of the various kinds of cash production expenses incurred.
- b. The agriculture series includes the net income of farm operators from the rental of farms to other farmers but the census definition classifies these receipts as income other than earnings, not income from farm self-employment.
- c. The agriculture definition of farm expenses used in deriving "net cash income from farming" includes actual expenditures on the repair, construction, or purchase of buildings, machinery, and other capital equipment added on the place while the census definition includes only the money spent on repairs. On the other hand, depreciation charges are treated as farm expenses under the census definition but not in the agriculture series on "net cash income from farming."

Surveys of Consumer Finances.--The Survey of Consumer Finances which has been conducted annually by the Survey Research Center of the University of Michigan provides, among other data, information on the size distribution of income. These surveys are based on nationwide samples that cover all persons in private households. Several important differences between the Survey of Consumer Finances and the present report may be noted:

- 1. The income-receiving unit in the Survey of Consumer Finances estimates is the spending unit or the family, whereas the data in the present report relate to persons 14 years old and over and to families.
- 2. The Survey of Consumer Finances, estimates are based on a sample which is different from and smaller (approximately 2,000 spending units in 66 areas) than the census sample. Differences between the results are subject to sampling variability arising from each survey. This factor alone could account for moderate discrepancies between the two sets of data.
- 3. There are some differences in the estimating procedure. The Bureau of the Census inflated its weighted sample results to agree with independent estimates of the civilian population of the United States by age, color, and sex, whereas the Survey of Consumer Finances weighted sample results were inflated to agree with independent estimates of occupied dwelling units.
- 4. Only eight income questions are asked for each person in the Bureau of the Census sample whereas numerous detailed questions on income and

other financial items are asked of the head of the spending unit and all other members in the spending unit in each household in the Survey of Consumer Finances sample.

Federal income tax data. -- For several reasons, the income data shown in this report are not directly comparable with those which may be obtained from statistical summaries of income tax returns. Income, as defined for tax purposes. differs somewhat from the concept used by the Bureau of the Census. For example, certain types of receipts such as veterans' payments, Social Security benefits, and relief payments, which constitute the main income source for some families, are excluded from income tax coverage. Moreover, the coverage of income tax statistics is less inclusive because persons receiving less than \$600 (less than \$1,200, if 65 years old and over) are not required to file returns. Furthermore, some income tax returns are filed as separate returns and others as joint returns; and, consequently, the income reporting unit is not consistently either a family or a person.

Old-Age, Survivors', and Disability Insurance earnings record data. --Census data shown in this report and the distributions made upon the basis of Old-Age, Survivors', and Disability Insurance earnings record data differ for the reasons listed below:

- l. The earnings of the following groups are not covered by the earnings record data: Self-employed physicians, many Federal, State, and local government employees, some employees of non-profit organizations, workers covered by the Railroad Retirement Act, and persons who are not covered by the program because of insufficient earnings, including some farm and nonfarm self-employed persons, some farm workers and domestic servants.
- Employees' earnings in excess of \$4,800 per employer are not covered by the earnings record data.
- 3. Income other than earnings is not covered by the earnings record data.
- 4. The earnings record data are based upon employers' Social Security tax reports and the Federal income tax returns of self-employed persons, whereas the data presented in this report are obtained by household interviews.

SOURCE AND RELIABILITY OF THE ESTIMATES

Source of data.--The estimates presented in this report are based on data obtained in connection with the monthly population sample survey of the Bureau of the Census. Some data based on the 1940 Census of Population are also shown in

selected tables. The current sample design, instituted in March 1963, is spread over 357 sample areas comprising 701 counties and independent cities, with coverage in 50 States and the District of Columbia. It is the result of modifications in the sample design, initiated in November 1961 and continued through February 1963, which took account of the changes in population distribution and characteristics shown by the 1960 Census.

Prior to the March 1966 survey, income data were collected from approximately 25,000 representative households or about 75 percent of the households included in the March survey. In the March 1966 survey, data on income in 1965 were collected from approximately 35,000 households. Persons in the following categories were not included:

- 1. Members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, etc., on military reservations. (Members of the Armed Forces living off post or with their families on military reservations were included.)
- 2. Inmates of penal and mental institutions and homes for the aged, infirm, and needy.

No information was recorded for approximately 5 percent of the 35,000 households because no interview could be obtained during the week in which the enumeration was conducted. In order to account for these households, the weights assigned to other sample households of similar characteristics residing in the same sample areas were increased accordingly. In addition, complete income information was not reported for about 9 percent of the persons 14 years old and over and about 11 percent of the heads of families covered by the survey.

In order that the maximum amount of information can be utilized, missing income items are imputed or allocated by values which are obtained from active respondents with similar economic and demographic characteristics. In the surveys from March 1962, when a respondent did not answer to one or more of the income items, all of his income data were imputed based on the information reported for a person with similar demographic and economic characteristics.

In the March 1966 survey, however, in the event a respondent did not respond to one or more of the income items, the missing income data for this person were imputed for only those items which were not answered, based on reported income values of persons with similar demographic and economic characteristics. Characteristics used in this imputation are age, family status, color, residence, weeks worked, and major occupation group. The income amount assigned to a nonrespondent is that observed for another person with similar demographic and economic characteristics who did respond and who has been selected systematically in the order in which individual records are processed.

In the tabulation of income from surveys prior to 1962, the distributions by income levels had been based only on those cases which reported complete income information. The assumption implicit in this method was that persons who do not provide income information have the same income distribution as those who do provide such information. Using income data for 1958. a comparison was made of the income distributions obtained before and after the assignment of income to nonrespondents on the basis of known demographic and economic characteristics. This comparison indicated that the procedure for making individual assignments of income to nonrespondents resulted in slightly higher estimates of the proportion of families and individuals in the upper income classes than those obtained from the distributions based solely on those reporting on income. (See Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 33, tables F and G.)

Cross-classification of income and work experience data.--This report presents data showing income of persons with varying amounts of work experience in 1965. Information about the civilian work experience of persons in the United States was obtained in the February and April 1966 Current Population Surveys. Information obtained in February and April was matched with the data secured in March for the 35,000 households. In prior income reports only persons included in the February and March Surveys were matched.

Nonmatched persons included in the February and March interviews or the March and April interviews were almost always assigned work experience information from actual respondents with similar economic and demographic characteristics. Work experience values were estimated only when there was a nonmatched person within a given classification, but no respondent with similar economic and demographic characteristics.

Estimates of the proportion of year-round fulltime workers in specified subgroups in the population are shown in various tables in this report. All persons in the Armed Forces in February, March, and April 1966 are excluded from the computation of the proportions of year-round full-time workers. In table 11, however, families headed by members of the Armed Forces living off post or with their families on military reservations are included in the base of the percent distribution of families by work experience of head in 1965.

It should be noted that the proportions of year-round full-time workers shown in the Series P-60 reports differ slightly from those shown for the same subgroups in the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Special Labor Force Reports, "Work Experience of the Population." The difference is due

largely to the fact that the proportions are not based on exactly the same groups. The proportions presented in the Special Labor Force Reports relate to civilians who worked at some time during the year. In contrast, the proportions shown in the persons tables in the P-60 reports relate to civilians who received income, including not only workers but also many persons who did not work but received income from pensions, interest, dividends, or other sources aside from earnings.

Reliability of the estimates.--Since the estimates in this report are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from the figures that would have been obtained from a complete census, using the same schedules, instructions, and enumerators. Particular care should be exercised in the interpretation of figures based on relatively small numbers of cases as well as small differences between figures. As in any survey work, the results are subject to errors of response and nonreporting and to sampling variability.

In most cases the schedule entries for income are based on memory rather than on records, and in the majority of cases on the memory or knowledge of one person, usually the wife of the family head. The memory factor in data derived from field surveys of income probably produces under-estimates because the tendency is to forget minor or irregular sources of income. Other errors of reporting are due to misrepresentation or to misunderstanding as to the scope of the income concept.

The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability, that is of the variations that occur by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. As calculated for this report, the standard error also partially measures the effect of response and enumeration errors, but it does not measure, as such, any systematic biases in the data. The chances are about 68 out of 100 that an estimate from the sample would differ from a complete census figure by less than the standard error. The chances are about 95 out of 100 that the difference would be less than twice the standard error.

Table H shows the standard error of an estimated percentage computed by using sample data for both the numerator and the denominator of the percentage. The size of the standard error depends upon both the size of the percentage and the size of the class upon which the percentage is based.

Illustration of use of the table of standard errors of percentages: Table 6 shows that an estimated 16.6 percent of families with three or more earners had an income of \$10,000 to \$11,999 in 1965. Since the base of this percentage is 5,878,000 families with three or more earners, the standard error

Table H .-- STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE

Estimated percentage	Base of estimated percentage											
	250,000	500,000	1,000,000	2,500,000	5,000,000	10,000,000	25,000,000	50,000,000				
2 or 98. 5 or 95. 10 or 90. 25 or 75. 50.	1.6 2.4 3.3 4.8 5.6	1.1 1.7 2.3 3.4 3.9	0.8 1.2 1.7 2.4 2.8	0.5 0.8 1.0 1.6 1.7	0.3 0.5 0.8 1.0	0.3 0.3 0.5 0.8 0.9	0.2 0.3 0.3 0.5	0.1 0.2 0.3 0.3 0.4				

of the estimated 16.6 percent is approximately 0.8 percent. The chances are about 68 out of 100 that a census would have shown the percentage to be greater than 15.8 percent, but less than 17.4 percent.

The tables in this report present estimates of median income as well as the corresponding distributions. The sampling variability of an estimated median depends upon the distribution as well as on the size of the base.

Confidence limits of a median based on sample data may be estimated as follows: (1) From table H using the appropriate base, determine the standard error of a 50-percent characteristic, (2) add to and subtract from 50 percent the standard error determined in step (1). Values of the characteristic measure corresponding to the $50\pm$ one-standard-error percentage points are then read off the distribution of the characteristic. A two-standard-error confidence limit may be determined by finding the values corresponding to $50\pm$ twice the standard error shown in table H.

Illustration of the computation of the standard error of a median: The median income of husbandwife families with wife not in paid labor force was \$6,592 in 1965 (table 2). There were an estimated 27,925,000 families. The standard error of 50 percent of these families expressed as a percentage is about 0.5 percentage points. Adding and subtracting the standard error from 50 percent (the median percentage) yields percentage limits of 49.5 and 50.5. Since 44.0 percent of these families had incomes below \$6,000 and 10.0 percent had incomes between \$6,000 and \$6,999, the dollar value of the upper limit may be found by linear interpo- $\frac{50.5 - 44.0}{2} \times \$1,000 + \$6,000 = \$6,650.$ lation to be Linear interpolation for the lowest limit yields value of $\frac{49.5 - 44.0}{10.0}$ x \$1,000 + \$6,000 = \$6,550. 10.0 Thus the chances are about 68 out of 100 that a census would have shown the median to be greater

than \$6.550, but less than \$6.650.

Table 1.--COLOR--FAMILES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1965, FOR THE UNITED STATES, FARM AND NONFARM

(Families and unrelated individuals as of March 1966. This report excludes inmates of institutions. It includes members of the Armed Forces in the United States living off post or with their families on post but excludes all other members of the Armed Forces; the 1966 survey included about 846,000 members)

		Total			White		Nonwhite			
Total money income	United States	Nonfarm	Farm	United States	Nonfarm	Farm	United States	Nonfarm	Farm	
FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS										
Total					İ					
Numberthousands	60,411	57,142	3,269	53,974	51,004	2,970	6,437	6,138	299	
Percent	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	
Under \$1,000. \$1,000 to \$1,499.	7.1 5.3	6.9 5.1	11.2 7.9	6.4 4.8	6.3 4.7	8.8 6.6	13.5 9.2	12.5 8.6	34.6 21.3	
\$1,500 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,499	4.6 4.5	4.4	7.3 7.3	4.2 4.1	4.1 3.9	6.6 7.1	7.8 7.9	7.5 7.8	14.3 10.0	
\$2,500 to \$2,999	4.0	3.8	6.5	3.7	3,5	6.6 6.9	6.3	6.3	6.0 3.3	
\$3,000 to \$3,499 \$3,500 to \$3,999	4.2 3.9	4.1 3.8	6.6 5.2	3.9 3.6	3,8 3,5	5.3	6.2	6.4	3,3	
\$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999	8.8	7.9 8.9	11.0 8.5	7.8 8.9	7.6 8.9	11.8	9.8 8.0	10.0	3.7 1.0	
\$6,000 to \$6,999	8.4	8.4	7.4 4.6	8.7 8.8	8.7 9.0	8.0 5:1	6,1 5,4	6.3	1.3	
\$7,000 to \$7,999\$8,000 to \$8,999	8.4 6.9	8.7 7.0	4.3	7.3	7.5	4.7	3.2	3.4	•	
\$9,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$11,999	5.3 8.0	5.5 8.2	2.4 4.6	5.6 8.5	5.8 8.7	2.6 4.9	2.4 3.4	2.5 3.6	0.7	
\$12,000 to \$14,999	6,3	6.5	2.0 2.6	6.8 5.5	7.0 5.6	2.2	2.5 1.3	2.6 1.4	0.3	
\$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 and over	5.0 1.2	5.2 1.2	0.7	1.3	1.4	0.7	0.2	0.2	-	
Median income	\$5,955	\$6,095	\$3,808	\$6,299	\$6,425	\$4,178	\$3,396	\$3,531	\$1,362	
Head Year-Round Full-Time Worker										
Percent of total excluding Armed Forces Median income	59.9 \$7,654	59.4 \$7,815	67.2 \$4,589	61.1 \$7,889	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	49,3 \$4,944	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	
FAMILIES										
Total										
Numberthousands	48,279	45,326	. 2,953	43,497	40,811	2,686	4,782	4,515	267	
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0 7.5	6.3	100 <u>.0</u> 28.9	
Under \$1,000	3.0 2.8	2.7 2.5	6.9	2.6 2.3	2,3	6.4 5.3	6.7	5.7	23.3	
\$1,500 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,499. \$2,500 to \$2,999.	3.3 3,6	3.1 3.4	7.3 7.5	2.9 3.2	2.7	6.6 7.3	7.3 7.5	6.8 7.4	15.4 10.2	
	3.8	3.6	6.6	3.4 3.7	3.2 3.5	6.6 7.0	7.0 7.3	7.0 7.5	6.8 3.8	
\$3,000 to \$3,499. \$3,500 to \$3,999. \$4,000 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999. \$6,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$7,999. \$8,000 to \$8,999.	4.0 3.8	3.9 3.8	6.7 5.2	3.5	3.4	5.3	7.1	7.3	3.8	
\$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999.	8.0 9.3	7.8 9.3	11.5 9.0	7.8 9.4	7.5 9.4	12.2 9.7	10.6 8.8	10.9 9.2	4.1 1.1	
\$6,000 to \$6,999	9.3 9.7	9.4 10.0	8.0 5.0	9.5 10.1	9.6 10.4	8.6 5.5	6.9 6.5	7.2 6.9	1,5	
\$8,000 to \$8,999	8.1	8.3	4.6	8.5	8.7	5.1 2.8	4.2 3.1	4.5 3.3	-	
\$10,000 to \$11,999	9.7	6.6 10.0	2.6 4.9	6.7 10.3	6.9 10.6	5.4	4.5	4.7	0.8	
\$12,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999	7.6 6.1	7.9 6.3	2.2 2.9	8.1 6.6	8.4 6.8	2.4 3.2	3.2 1.7	3.4 1.8	0.4	
\$25,000 and over	1.5	1,5	0.7	1.6	1.6	0.7	0.3	0,3	-	
Median income	\$6,882	\$7,060	\$4,122	- \$7,170	\$7,334	\$4,462	\$3,971	\$4,189	\$1,456	
Head Year-Round Full-Time Worker			50 6	(0.0	(),,)	(via)	54.0	(NA)	(NA)	
Percent of total excluding Armed Forces Median income	66.3 \$8,033	66.0 \$8,236	70.6 \$ 4,700	67.7 \$8,260	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	\$5,369	(NA)	(NA)	
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS										
Total		,, _,		10 /25	30.303	201	7 255	1 622	32	
Numberthousands	12,132 100.0	11,816	316 100.0	10,477	10,193	284 100.0	1,655 100.0	1,623	26 (B)	
Percent	23,6	23.2	37.3	22.4	22.2	32.0	30.7	29.7	(B)	
Under \$1,000	15.2 9.5	15.2 9.6	17.1 7.0	15.0 9.5	14.9 9.6	18.3 7.4	16.6 9.4	16.8 9.5	(B) (B) (B)	
\$2,000 to \$2,499	7.9	8.0	5.7	7,7	7.8	5.6	8.9	9.0	(B)	
\$2,500 to \$2,999	4.7	4.6 5.0	6.3 5.1	4.7 5.0	4.6	7.0 5.6	4.4 5.1	5.2	(B) (B)	
\$3,000 to \$3,499. \$4,000 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$4,999. \$6,000 to \$6,999.	4.2 8.0	4.2 8.0	5.1 6.6	4.3 8.0	4.3 8.1	5.6 7.4	3.7 7.4	3.8 7.6	(B) (B)	
\$5,000 to \$5,999	7.0	7.0	3.8	7.1	7.2	4.2 2.1	5.9 3.7	6.0	(B) (B)	
1000 to 10.999	J.4	5.0 3.5	1.9 1.3	5.1 3.6	5.1 3.6	1.4	2.3	2.3	(B)	
\$8,000 to \$8,999	2.2 1.3	2.2 1.3	0.9 0.6	2.4 1.4	2,5 1,4	1.1 0.7	0.4 0.5	0.4	(B) (B)	
\$9,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$11,999	1.2	1.2	0.9	1,3 1,3	1.3 1.3	1.1	0.4 0.3	0.4	(B) (B)	
\$12,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999	0.8	1.2 0.8		0.9	0.9		0.2	0.2	(B)	
\$25,000 and over	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.7 \$1,490	\$1,643	\$1,685	(B) (B)	
Median income	\$2,110	\$2,131	\$1,370	\$2,199	\$2,217		رب⊷, ر⊥ب	رەنىپ	(0)	
								l l		
Head Year-Round Full-Time Worker Percent of total excluding Armed Forces	34.6	34.6	35.4	34.4	(NA)	(NA)	36.0	(NA)	(NA)	

⁻ Rounds to zero.

B Base less than 150,000.

Table 2.--TYPE OF FAMILY--FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1965, FOR THE UNITED STATES, FARM AND NONFARM
(Families and unrelated individuals as of March 1966)

Families Unrelated individuals													
		· · · · · ·	F	Amilies				Unrelate	ed individu	als			
			M	ale head			;						
Total money income	Total		Marri	ed, wife pre	sent	0+1	Female	Total	Male	Female			
	IOGAT	Total ·	Total	Wife in paid labor force	Wife not in paid labor force	Other marital status	head	IOUAL	mate	remaie			
UNITED STATES													
Total													
Numberthousands	48,279	43,287	42,108	14,183	27,925	1,179	4,992	12,132	4,475	7,657			
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	. 100.0	100.0.	_ 100.0			
Under \$1,000 \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,499 \$2,000 to \$1,999 \$2,500 to \$2,499 \$3,500 to \$3,499 \$3,500 to \$3,499 \$3,500 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$6,999 \$5,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$7,999 \$8,000 to \$8,999 \$7,000 to \$7,999 \$10,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$1,999 \$10,00	3.0 2.8 3.3 3.6 4.0 3.8 4.0 9.3 9.7 6.1 9.7 7.6 6.1 1.5	2.1 2.2 2.7 3.2 3.3 3.7 3.6 7.8 9.4 9.6 10.2 8.6 6.8 10.4 8.2 6.6	2.1 2.7 3.1 3.3 3.6 3.5 7.7 9.5 9.7 10.2 8.6 6.8 10.5 8.3 6.6 1.6	1.1 0.7 0.9 1.4 2.0 2.3 2.5 5.9 8.4 8.9 9.8 10.2 9.4 14.2 8.7 1.3 88,597	2.6 2.8 3.6 4.0 4.3 4.0 8.7 10.0 10.4 7.9 5.5 8.6 6.3 5.5 1.8	3.7 4.1 3.4 5.9 4.9 4.9 9.1 8.3 9.7 6.9 6.2 7.6 0.9 5.6	10.7 8.0 8.6 7.3 7.8 6.3 10.6 8.3 5.3 3.7 2.3 2.2 1.9 0.3	23.6 15.2 9.5 7.9 4.7 5.0 4.2 8.0 7.0 3.4 2.2 1.3 1.2 1.1 0.8 0.8	16.0 11.4 9.3 8.9 5.0 4.4 4.8 7.8 8.6 7.1 3.4 2.0 2.1 1.6 0.4	28.0 17.5 17.5 17.5 17.5 17.3 17.3 17.3 17.3 17.3 17.3 17.3 17.3			
Head Year-Round Full-Time Worker								'					
Percent of total excl. Armed Forces Median income	66.3 \$8,033	70.5 \$8,175	71.0 \$8,191	74.4 \$9,391	69.3 \$7,580	52.8 \$7,544	30.6 \$5,337	34.6 \$4,797	43.2 \$5,597	29.5 \$4,295			
NONFARM													
Numberthousands Median income	45,326 \$7,060	40,502 \$7,411	39,419 \$7,436	13,595 \$8,687	25,824 \$6,809	1,083 \$6,357	4,824 \$3,566	11,816 \$2,131	4,311 \$3,011	7,505 \$1,755			
FARM													
Numberthousands Median income	2,953 \$4,122	2,785 \$4,221	2,689 \$4,233	588 \$5,825	2,101 \$3,857	96 (B)	. 168 \$2,250	316 \$1,370	164 \$1,813	152 \$1,111			

B Base less than 150,000.

Table 3.--AGE OF HEAD--FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1965, FOR THE UNITED STATES, FARM AND NONFARM

(Families and unrelated individuals as of March 1966)

				Families				·		Unrel	ated indi	viduals		
Total money income				Age of hea	ad (years)					Age (y	ears)	<u> </u>	
_	Total	14 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 54	55 to 64	65 and over	Total	14 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 54	55 to 64	65 and over
UNITED STATES								1			:			
Total				İ										
Numberthousands	48,279	3,050	9,291	11,094	10,460	7,489	6,895	12,132	1,158	1,085	1,091	1,594	2,524	4,680
Percent	100.0	100.0	100:0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$1,000 to \$1,499. \$1,500 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,499. \$2,500 to \$2,999. \$3,500 to \$3,499.	3.0 2.8 3.3 3.6 3.8 4.0	5.6 2.8 4.4 3.8 4.4 5.7	2.7 1.8 1.9 2.7 2.6 2.9	2.1 1.3 1.3 2.1 2.1 3.3	2.1 1.5 1.6 2.2 2.7 2.5	3.6 3.2 3.4 3.4 3.6 4.5	4.7 8.0 10.7 9.6 9.7 7.9	23.6 15.2 9.5 7.9 4.7 5.0	29.9 8.4 8.1 8.2 4.5 8.8	8.4 4.2 4.6 7.9 3.4 5.3	12.5 4.7 4.6 6.0 4.9 6.9	17.3 8.6 7.3 6.5 5.9	19.9 12.5 7.8 7.7 5.9	32.1 25.6 13.8 8.9 3.8 3.2
\$3,500 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999	3:8 8.0	5.4 12.0	3.4 8.4	3.3 7.0	2.9	3.2 8.5	6.8 9.2	4.2 8.0		4.9 12.5	5.7 13.4	5.1 9.1	5.3 9.9	2.8 3.3
\$5,000 to \$5,999. \$6,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$7,999. \$8,000 to \$8,999. \$9,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$11,999. \$12,000 to \$14,999. \$12,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 and over.	9.3 9.3 9.7 8.1 6.3 9.7 7.6 6.1 1.5	14.9 13.0 10.2 6.9 4.1 4.3 2.0 0.7	11.1 11.9 13.8 10.4 7.4 9.9 5.8 2.9	8.9 9.7 10.4 9.4 8.2 12.0 9.8 7.7 1.6	8.0 8.5 9.4 8.6 7.0 12.9 11.1 9.8 2.7	9.3 8.4 8.4 7.2 5.9 9.6 8.4 7.8 1.8	7.3 5.6 4.8 3.6 2.4 3.3 2.7 2.7 1.0 \$3,460	7.0 4.9 3.4 2.2 1.3 1.2 1.1 0.8 0.2	9.3 2.4 0.9 0.9 1.0 0.6 0.6 0.2 0.2	17.1 13.5 7.0 4.1 2.2 3.5 0.8 0.6	10.4 7.8 6.9 5.8 2.9 2.3 3.8 0.8 0.6 \$4,360	9.2 8.2 5.7 3.5 2.7 2.3 1.3 1.8 0.3	8.1 5.4 4.3 2.5 1.0 1.4 1.7 1.0 0.2	1.8 1.4 1.1 0.5 0.4 0.1 0.3 0.5

⁻ Rounds to zero.

Table 3.--AGE OF HEAD--FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN-1965, FOR THE UNITED STATES, FARM AND NONFARM--Continued (Families and unrelated individuals as of March 1966)

		_		Families						Unrela	ted indiv	iduals		
Total money income			А	ge of hea	d (years)						Age (y	ears)		
	Total	14 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 54	55 to. 64	65 and . over	Total	14 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 54	55 to 64	65 and over
UNITED STATES Continued Head Year-Round Full-Time														
Worker														
Percent of total excluding Armed Forces Median income	66.3 \$8,033	61.0 \$6,293	76.8 \$7,541	80,4 \$ 8,498	77.8 \$8,984	66.4 \$8,091	15.4 \$6,318	34.6 \$4,797	36.6 \$4,085	64.6 \$5,483	64.5 \$5,180	55.0 \$5,092	44.2 \$4,573	8.1 \$3,274
- NONFARM														
Numberthousands Median income	45,326 \$ 7,060		8,949 \$7,112	10,560 \$ 7,994	9,712 \$8,506	6,800 \$7,186	6,336 \$3,510			1,073 \$ 4,915		1,548 \$3,438	2,435 \$2,740	4,562 \$1,349
FARM														
Numberthousands Median income	2,953 \$ 4,122		342 \$ 4,673	534 \$5,014	748 \$4,668	689 \$3,365	559 \$ 2,704	316 \$1,370	3О (В)	12 (B)	21 (B)	46 (B)	89 (B)	118 (B)

B Base less than 150,000.

Table 4.--SIZE OF FAMILY--FAMILIES BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1965, FOR THE UNITED STATES, FARM AND NONFARM (Families as of March 1966)

			Families h	aving specif	ied number of	fpersons		Total	Median size
Total money income	Total families	2 、	. 3	4	5	6	7 or more	persons in families ¹	of family
UNITED STATES									
Total									
Numberthousands	48,279	16,230	9,774	9,341	6,165	3,412	3,357	179,406	3.31
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(x)
Under \$1,000. \$1,000 to \$1,499. \$1,500 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,499. \$2,500 to \$2,499. \$3,000 to \$3,499. \$3,000 to \$3,499. \$3,000 to \$3,999. \$4,000 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999. \$6,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$7,999. \$8,000 to \$8,999. \$9,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$1,4999. \$112,000 to \$14,999. \$125,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 and over. Median income.	3.0 2.8 3.3 3.6 4.0 3.8 8.0 9.3 9.7 8.1 6.3 9.7 7.6 6.1 1.5	4.5 4.9 6.0 5.9 6.6 4.8 9.5 9.4 8.1 7.4 6.1 4.7 6.8 5.6 3.7 0.9	2.9 2.2 2.8 2.6 2.7 3.7 7.9 9.6 10.0 10.7 8.2 6.6 10.6 8.3 6.0	1.8 1.6 2.1 2.3 2.7 3.1 6.8 9.3 9.7 11.3 10.4 7.6 11.9 8.7 7.7 7.7	1.9 1.3 1.4 2.4 2.5 2.8 2.9 6.8 9.1 9.7 11.7 9.3 7.6 11.9 9.0 9.0 9.0	2.1 1.3 2.0 2.6 3.3 2.8 8.5 10.2 10.6 9.3 7.8 10.9 9.1 2.7	2.5 1.88 2.3 3.5 4.2 4.3 4.3 4.3 9.5 7.6 5.8 9.5 7.7 1.8	2.6 2.2 2.7 3.1 3.4 3.7 3.6 7.7 9.3 9.6 10.1 8.5 6.7 10.3 8.0 6.8 1.6	2.49 2.34 2.33 2.41 2.44 2.70 2.90 3.02 3.27 3.45 3.67 3.68 3.63 3.90 3.91
Head Year-Round Full-Time Worker Percent of total excluding Armed Forces Median income	66.3 \$8,033	50.2 \$7,436	68.4 \$8,048	77.6 \$8,337	79.1 \$8,410	78.6 \$8,390	71.6 \$7,882	70.5 \$8,130	(x)
Numberthousands	45,326 \$7,060	15,233 \$5,440	9,216 \$7,306	8,844 \$7,929	5,804 \$7,944	3,184 \$8,018	3,045 \$7,207	167,800 \$7,365	3.31 (x)
FARM									
Numberthousands Median income	2,953 \$4,122	· 997 \$3,088	558 \$4,545	497 \$4,659	361 \$4,741	228 \$5,000	312 \$4,100	11,606 \$4,317	3.36 (X)

X Not applicable.

1 Distributed by income levels of their families.

Table 5.-NUMBER OF RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS OLD-FAMILIES BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1965, FOR THE UNITED STATES, FARM AND NONFARM (Families as of March 1966)

Total money income	Total	Fami	ilies having	specified nu	mber of relat	ed children u	nder 18 years	old	Total children in
TOTAL MOTIES THEORE	families	None	1	2	3	4	5	6 or more	families1
UNITED STATES									
Total		[
Numberthousands	48,279	20,178	8,721	8,395	5,388	2,977	1,353	1,267	69,684
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$1,000 to \$1,499. \$1,000 to \$1,499. \$1,500 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,499. \$2,500 to \$2,999. \$3,500 to \$3,499. \$3,500 to \$3,999. \$4,000 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999. \$6,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$7,999. \$8,000 to \$8,999. \$9,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$11,999. \$12,000 to \$14,999.	3.0 2.8 3.3 3.6 3.8 4.0 3.8 8.0 9.3 9.3 9.7 8.1 6.3 9.7 7.6 6.1	3.2 3.8 5.0 5.0 5.0 6.0 4.3 8.6 8.1 7.9 6.6 5.5 8.7 7.5 5.9	3.5 2.6 2.7 2.7 3.2 3.8 8.3 9.8 9.5 10.0 8.4 6.3 10.7 8.4 6.5	2.4 1.5 1.7 1.9 2.4 2.8 3.1 10.3 10.3 10.3 11.8 10.5 7.4 11.1 8.0 6.4 1.4	2.6 1.7 2.1 2.7 2.9 3.2 3.2 7.1 9.7 10.5 7.9 10.5 7.1 5.9	3.2 1.9 1.8 2.9 3.2 3.8 3.4 7.8 8.7 10.4 11.9 8.7 6.9 9.1 7.4 6.9	2.3 1.6 2.9 4.4 4.5 5 4.4 3.8 8.2 10.3 11.8 8.9 9.4 6.1 9.6 6.2 4.4	4.2 3.0 3.4 4.7 5.7 6.0 5.9 10.3 10.3 8.8 5.0 5.4 7.4 4.3	2.9 2.2 3.0 3.3 3.7 7.9 9.8 10.3 10.9 8.8 6.9 9.9 7.2 5.9
Median income	\$6,882	\$6,193	\$7,165	\$7,552	\$7,371	\$7,242	\$6,641	\$5,658	\$7,110
Head Year-Hound Full-Time worker Percent of total excl. Armed Forces Median income	66.3 \$8,033	53.7 \$8,234	72.4 \$7,989	79.0 \$8,101	77.4 \$7,978	76.0 \$7,881	73.9 \$7,618	65.7 \$6,804	75.1 \$7,851
Numberthousands Median income	45,326 \$7,060	18,825 \$6,395	8,280 \$7,285	7,974 \$7,679	5,091 \$7,504	2,789 \$7,396	1,262 \$6,765	1,105 \$5,913	65,150 \$7,283
Numberthousands Median income	2,953 \$4,122	1,353 \$3,559	441 \$4,676	421 \$4,602	297 \$4,523	188 \$4,286	91 (B)	162 \$3,750	4,534 \$4,341

Table 6.--NUMBER OF EARNERS--FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1965, BY SIZE OF FAMILY, FOR THE UNITED STATES, FARM AND NONFARM

			Families			Unre	lated individu	als
Total money income and size of family	Total	Families	having speci	fied number of	earners	Total	7	N
	iotai	None	1	2	3 or more	lotal	Earners	Nonearners
UNITED STATES				-				
<u>Total</u>								
Numberthousands	48,279	4,073	20,829	17,499.	5,878	12,132	7,336	4,796
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$1,000 to \$1,499. \$1,000 to \$1,499. \$2,000 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,499. \$3,000 to \$2,499. \$3,500 to \$3,499. \$3,500 to \$3,499. \$3,500 to \$3,999. \$4,000 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$7,999. \$8,000 to \$8,999. \$9,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$11,999. \$12,000 to \$14,999. \$12,000 to \$14,999.	3.0 2.8 3.3 3.6 3.8 4.0 3.8 8.0 9.3 9.7 8.1 6.3 9.7 7.6 6.1	13.0 12.6 16.6 13.7 11.9 9.3 6.2 7.4 3.2 1.2 1.4 0.5 0.4 0.9 0.8 0.4	3.3 2.8 3.1 3.8 4.3 5.0 4.8 10.4 11.7 11.3 10.8 7.4 4.7 6.7 4.6 3.9 1.3 \$6,060	1.2 1.3 1.8 2.2 2.5 2.7 6.9 9.4 9.7 11.3 10.3 8.8 13.0 9.9 6.5 1.4	0.6 0.5 0.9 1.2 1.0 1.6 1.9 3.8 5.2 6.5 6.8 9.1 8.8 16.6 16.0 16.6 3.1	23.6 15.2 9.5 7.9 4.7 5.0 4.2 8.0 7.0 4.9 3.4 2.2 1.3 1.2 1.1 0.8	11.7 7.7 7.6 8.4 6.1 6.6 5.9 11.8 7.6 5.2 3.4 4 2.0 1.9 1.8 1.2 0.3 3,57	41.7 26.7 12.3 7.1 2.5 2.5 1.6 2.0 1.1 0.8 0.7 0.3 0.2 0.1
Head year-round full-time worker								
Percent of total excluding Armed Forces Median income	66.3 \$8,033	1.4 (B)	69.1 \$6,914	74.1 \$8,661	78.9 \$10,817	34.6 \$4,797	56.3 \$4,854	1.5 (B)
Two-Person Families Numberthousands Median income	16,230 \$5,285	3,048 \$2,311	7,285 \$5,071	5,897 \$7,843	(x)	(x)	(X)	(x)

⁻ Rounds to zero. B Base less than 150,000. X Not applicable.

B Base less than 150,000.

Distributed by income levels of their families.

Table 6.--NUMBER OF EARNERS--FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1965, BY SIZE OF FAMILY, FOR THE UNITED STATES, FARM AND NONFARM--Continued

			Families			Unre	lated individua	ls
Total money income and size of family		· Families	having speci	fied number of	earners			
·	Total	None	1	2	3 or more	Total	Earners ·	Nonearners
UNITED STATES—Continued								
Three-Person Families								
Numberthousands	9,774 \$7,167	407 \$2,016	3,827 \$6,013	4,298 \$7,953	1,242 \$10,373	(x) (x)	(x) (x)	(x)
Four-Person Families								
Numberthousands	9,341 \$7,800	238 \$2,014	4,128 \$6,857	3,394 \$8,295	1,581 \$10,801	(x)	. (X) (X)	(x)
Five-Person Families	,							
Numberthousands	6,165 \$7,794	. 178 \$2,268	2,833 \$7,079	2,010 \$8,160	1,144 \$10,540	(x) (x)	(X) (X)	(x)
Six-or-more Person Families								
Numberthousands	6,769 \$7,423	202 \$2,661	2,756 \$6,585	1,900 \$7,649	1,911 \$9,494	(X) (X)	(x) (x)	(X)
NONFARM				•				
Numberthousands Median income	45,326 \$7,060	3,963 \$2,306	19,379 \$6,254	16,555 \$8,134	5,429 \$10,552	11,816 \$2,131	7,091 \$3,735	4,725 \$1,160
FARM								
Numberthousands	2,953 \$4,122	110 (B)	1,450 \$3,423	944 \$4,946	449 \$6,365	316 \$1,370	245 \$1,724	71 (B)

B Base less than 150,000.

Table 7.--EDUCATION OF HEAD--FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1965, BY YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED AND COLOR OF HEAD, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(Families and unrelated individuals as of March 1966)

					Years of	school compl	eted				Median
Total money income	Total	Ele	mentary scho	01	1	ligh school			College		school years
		Total	Less than	8	Total	1 to 3	4	Total	1 to 3	4 or more	com- pleted
FAMILIES											
Total											
Numberthousands	48,279	14,819	6,645	8,174	23,163	8,886	14,277	10,297	4,587	5,710	12.0
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(X)
Under \$1,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$5,999 \$7,000 to \$7,999 \$8,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 and over	3.0 6.1 7.8 8.0 9.3 9.7 14.4 17.3 6.1 1.5	5.0 12.9 14.1 11.9 9.4 10.3 8.4 6.9 9.6 9.1 2.1 0.3	6.5 17.5 16.8 13.5 9.1 9.0 7.6 5.5 7.3 5.7 1.3 0.2 \$3,681	3.8 9.1 11.9 10.7 9.6 11.4 9.0 8.0 11.5 11.8 2.7 0.5 \$5,430	2.3 3.6 5.2 7.1 8.6 10.4 10.8 11.8 16.7 17.9 4.9 0.8	2.8 5.3 7.3 8.9 9.9 10.4 10.4 14.5 15.6 4.1 0.6 \$6,519	2.0 2.6 3.9 6.0 7.7 10.4 11.0 19.4 5.4 0.9 \$7,504	1.9 2.1 2.8 3.8 4.9 5.5 7.2 8.9 16.2 27.6 14.6 4.5 \$9,593	1.9 2.8 3.6 4.9 5.9 6.7 9.4 10.8 18.8 23.9 9.1 2.3	1.9 1.5 2.1 2.9 4.1 4.5 5.4 7.4 14.1 30.7 19.0 \$10,993	9.0 8.4 8.7 9.5 10.9 11.4 12.0 12.2 12.3 12.5 13.2 16+ (X)
White ·		·									
Numberthousands	43,497	12,481	5,067	7,414	21,181	7,791	13,390	9,835	4,348	5,487	12.1
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(x)
Under \$1,000 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,999. \$3,000 to \$3,999. \$4,000 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999. \$6,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$7,999. \$8,000 to \$7,999. \$10,000 to \$4,999. \$15,000 to \$4,999.	2.6 5.2 6.6 7.2 7.8 9.4 9.5 10.1 15.2 18.4 6.6 1.6	4.0 11.6 13.5 11.3 9.4 10.5 8.9 7.5 10.5 10.1 2.3	4.9 15.7 16.4 12.9 9.5 9.4 8.1 6.3 8.5 6.7 1.5	3.4 8.8 11.4 10.2 9.4 11.3 9.5 8.3 11.9 12.5 2.9	2.0 3.0 4.5 6.4 8.2 10.5 11.0 12.1 17.5 18.7 5.2 0.8	2.3 4.2 6.2 7.9 9.5 10.6 10.8 10.9 15.7 16.9 4.4	1.8 2.3 3.5 5.5 7.5 10.5 11.1 12.9 18.5 19.8 5.6 1.0	1.9 2.1 2.6 3.6 4.7 5.5 7.2 8.8 16.2 27.9 14.9	1.8 2.8 3.2 4.9 5.3 6.7 9.3 10.8 19.0 24.3 9.4	1.9 1.5 2.2 2.6 4.1 4.5 5.5 7.2 13.9 30.7 19.3 6.5	9.9 8.5 8.7 9.7 11.1 11.6 12.1 12.2 12.3 12.3 13.3
Median income	\$7,170	\$5,019	\$4,011	\$5,602	\$7,364	\$6,861	\$7,605	\$9,679	\$8,547	\$11,075	(x)
X Not applicable.										•	

X Not applicable

X Not applicable.

Table 7.--EDUCATION OF HEAD.-FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1965, BY YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED AND COLOR OF HEAD, FOR THE UNITED STATES.--Continued

					Years of	school comp	leted				
Total money income	Total	Ele	mentary scho	ool .	r	High school			College		Median school years
		Tota1	Less than	8	Total	1 to 3	4	Total	1 to 3	4 or more	com- pleted
FAMILIES—Continued											
Nonwhite											
Numberthousands	4,782	2,338	1,578	760	1,982	1,095	887	462	239	223	9.1
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	(X)
Under \$1,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999 \$7,000 to \$7,999 \$3,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 and over.	7.5 14.0 14.5 14.4 10.6 8.8 6.5 7.3 7.7 1.7 0.3 \$3,971	10.2 19.9 17.4 15.5 9.3 8.9 5.6 3.8 5.0 3.7 0.6 0.1	11.5 23.4 18.0 15.6 8.0 7.5 6.1 2.9 3.5 2.7 0.6 0.1 \$2,839	7.4 12.6 16.2 15.4 12.0 11.7 4.6 5.5 8.0 5.9 0.7 0.1 \$3,896	5.4 9.7 12.9 14.7 12.1 9.0 8.1 8.8 8.0 9.2 1.9 0.2	6.5 12.9 15.1 16.3 12.8 8.7 7.3 7.2 5.5 6.0 1.6 0.2	4.2 5.7 10.1 12.7 11.4 9.5 9.0 10.7 11.0 13.1 2.4 0.2 \$5,621	3.0 2.2 7.1 10.0 6.7 7.6 10.6 16.0 21.9 6.3 1.5	2.9 2.5 13.0 5.0 15.5 7.9 10.9 9.6 14.2 14.6 2.5 1.3	3.1 1.8 0.9 9.4 4.0 5.4 4.0 11.7 17.9 29.6 10.3 1.8	<8.0 <8.0 8.5 8.8 9.7 9.0 10.2 11.6 11.9 12.3 12.5 13.0 (X)
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS										,	
Numberthousands	12,132	4,788	2,412	2,376	4,654	1,867	2,787	2,690	1,143	1,547	11.1
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(X)
Under \$1,000. \$1,000 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,999. \$3,000 to \$3,999. \$4,000 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999. \$6,000 to \$5,999. \$7,000 to \$7,999. \$8,000 to \$7,999. \$10,000 to \$4,999. \$15,000 to \$4,999.	23.6 24.7 12.6 9.2 8.0 7.0 4.9 3.4 3.5 2.3 0.8	32.9 34.8 13.7 6.6 4.6 2.9 2.3 1.3 0.7 0.2 0.1	37.5 36.1 12.8 5.8 2.9 2.1 1.5 0.9 0.3	28.3 33.5 14.6 7.3 6.4 3.6 3.0 1.6 1.0 0.4 0.2	19.6 21.0 12.8 11.6 10.7 8.7 5.0 3.4 4.0 0.7	24.7 25.1 13.6 10.7 8.7 6.2 3.2 2.4 3.3 1.7 0.5	16.1 18.2 12.4 12.3 12.0 10.4 6.2 4.2 4.4 2.9 0.9 0.1	13.7 13.2 10.0 9.7 9.3 11.3 9.4 7.1 7.4 6.0 2.2	16.6 16.5 12.9 11.5 10.4 11.0 7.8 4.2 5.2 2.3 1.0 0.5	11.5 10.8 7.9 8.5 8.5 11.5 10.5 9.2 9.1 8.7 3.0	8.8 8.8 10.3 12.1 12.3 12.6 12.7 12.9 12.9 15.3 (B)
Median income	\$2,110	\$1,491	\$1,346	\$1,648	\$2,734	\$2,015	\$3,268	\$4,366	\$3,348	\$5,243	(X)

⁻ Rounds to zero.

Table 8.--EDUCATION OF HEAD.-FAMILIES WITH HEAD 25 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1965, BY YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED AND AGE OF HEAD, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(Families as of March 1966)

					Years of	school compl	leted	-			Median
Total money income	Total	E1.	ementary scho	001		High school			College		school years
		Total	Less than	8	Total	1 to 3	4	Total.	1 to 3	4 or more	com- pleted
Numberthousands	45,229	14,542	6,571	7,971	27. 765	0.000	10.000			1	
	- 1		1 1	1	21,165	8,232	12,933	9,522	4,090	5,432	11.9
Percent	100.0	i00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(x)
Under \$1,000 \$1,000 to \$1,999	2.9 6.0	4.9 12.7	6.3	3.7 8.9	1.9 3.3	2.1 4.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	8.8
\$2,000 to \$2,999	7.4	14.1	16.7	11.8	5.0	6.8	2.4 3.8	1.9 2.5	2.5 3.3	1.4	8.3
\$3,000 to \$3,999	7.7	11.8	13.5	10.4	6.7	8.6	5.6	3.4	4.3	1.8	8.6 9.1
\$4,000 to \$4,999	7.8	9.4	9.1	9.6	8.3	9.6	7.4	4.3	5.3	3.6	10.5
\$5,000 to \$5,999	8.9	10.2	8.9	11.3	9.9	10.3	9.6	5.0	6.3	4.0	10.9
\$6,000 to \$6,999	9.0	8.4	7.7	9.0	10.5	10.3	10.7	6.6	8.6	5.1	11.9
\$7,000 to \$7,999	9.7	7.0	5.6	8.1	11.9	10.7	12.7	8.7		7.2	12.2
\$8,000 to \$9,999	14.6	9.8	7.4	11.8	17.2	15.0	18.6	16.3	19.1	14.1	12.3
\$10,000 to \$14,999	18.0	9.3	5.8	12.1	19.1	16.7	20.6	29.0	25.6	31.6	12.5
\$15,000 to \$24,999	6.4	2.1	1.3	2.8	5.3	4.4	5.9	15.6	9.9	19.9	13.2
\$25,000 and over	1.5	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.9	0.6	1.0	4.9	2.6	6.6	16+
Median income	\$7,031	\$4,691	\$3,704	\$5,496	\$7,370	\$6,757	\$7,685	\$9,939	\$8,743	\$11,313	(X)
Median income by age of head:							İ				
25 to 34	\$7,041	\$4,610	\$3,604	\$5,225	\$6,737	\$5,710	\$7,102	\$8,583	\$7,830	\$9,250	12.5
35 to 44	7,867	5,503	4,642	6,090	7,773	7,309	8,017	10,921	9,331	12,069	12.3
45 to 54	8,238	6,006		6,827	8,471		8,809	12,444	11,127	13,668	11.8
55 to 64	6,885	5,447	4,250	6,244	7,653		8,307	10,805	8,864	12,524	9.6
65 years and over	3,460	2,966	2,726	3,317	4,164	3,740	4,654	6,245	4,986	7,662	8.6

X Not applicable.

B Base less than 150,000.

X Not applicable. < Denotes "less than."

Toble 9.--EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND OCCUPATION OF HEAD.-FAMILIES BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1965, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(Families as of March 1966)

				1				-	Employed	yed								1	
, Total money income	Total		Professional, and kindred		11,	Farmers	Managers, and proj	nagers, officials, and proprietors, except farm	18,	Cleri-		Crafts- men,	Opera-	9	Service workers,	Ferm 18-	La- borers,	Unem- ployed	Armed Forces or
:		Total	Total	Self- em- ployed	Sala- ried	farm man- agers	Total	Self- en- ployed	Sala- ried	and kindred	Sales	men, and kindred		house- hold workers	except private house- hold	borers and fore- men	exc. farm and mine		labor
ALL FAMILIES																			
Numberthousands.	48,279	38,406	5,032	689	4,343	1,733	5,784	2,124	3,660	2,942	2,171	7,629	7,881	278	2,598	7/27	1,884	1,006	8,867
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.00	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$1,000 \$1,000 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,999 \$2,500 to \$5,499 \$3,000 to \$5,499 \$4,000 to \$4,999	44444 08468080	1.1.1.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	40004004 04004004	0.07	8.7 6.9 7.8 6.9 7.2 11.1			8 6 7 6 7 6 9 6 9 6 9 6 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	1000111518 200111518	1011131131 20000000	0001111100 40546100	1011.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.	17.3 18.1 18.1 9.7 9.0 8.3 6.5	44.44.44.44.44.44.44.44.44.44.44.44.44.	2.01 2.01 2.02 2.03 5.04 1.05 1.05 1.05 1.05 1.05 1.05 1.05 1.05		6.4.6.6.4.4.E.	8.7 4.0 4.0 6.0 6.0 6.0
\$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999 \$6,000 to \$7,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999 \$10,000 to \$11,999 \$12,000 to \$24,999 \$12,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$24,999	0.00000000 6.00000000000000000000000000	9.7 10.2 11.0 9.3 7.3 11.3 8.9	4,0,0,0,2,4, 6,0,0,2,4,4,6,4,6,6,6,6,6,6,6,6,6,6,6,6,6,6,6		2.7.2 1.6.2 1.6.7.2 1.6.9 1.9	0.0 4.4 4.4 4.4 0.0 0.1 4.4 4.4 6.4 6.4 6.4 6.4 6.4 6.4 6.4 6.4	2.7.8.2.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5	8.5 9.0 9.0 3.9 8.7 11.8	4.7.8.7.8.7.4.7.8 8.4.4.2.0.2.2.2	11.0 12.2 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	7.8.00 10.8.61 10.4.6.8.01 1.6.8.01	2.11 8.11 8.12 7.4.0 7.4.0	2.2 13.0 2.7 2.7 2.0 2.0 2.0	24444400 4444400	201 100.2 20.2 20.2 20.2 20.2 20.2 20.2	7.2.4.00 41.02.41 44.	11.3 11.3 6.6 6.6 6.6 6.6 1.9	1188 0 24 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	7.0.4.8.0.4.0.4.0.4.0.4.0.4.0.4.0.4.4.0.4.4.0.4.4.0.4.4.4.0.4
Median income	\$6,882	\$7,602	\$10,064	\$12,021	806,6\$	\$3,997	\$9,721	\$7,843	\$10,547	\$7,424	\$8,567	\$7,982	\$6,872	\$2,292	\$5,920	\$3,028	\$5,327	\$4,720	\$3,326
HEAD YEAR-ROUND FULL-TYPE WORKER													-	- 1-1-1-T					
Percent of total	\$8,033	\$3,063	82.8 \$10,527	\$13,625	\$10,311	81.5 \$4,286	\$10,108	\$6.6	\$10,771	83.2 \$7,806	\$9,104	\$1.4	\$7,225	36.0 (B)	\$6,655	63.5 \$3,511	66.2 \$5,817	\$5,671	(NA)

NA Not available. - Rounds to zero. B Base less than 150,000. $^{\rm l}$ Based on total civillan heads.

Toble 10.--EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND INDUSTRY OF HEAD.-FAMILIES BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1965, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(Families as of March 1966)

,	In Armed Forces or not in labor force		8,867	100.0	8.50 4.50 6.00 8.00 6.00 6.00	, บ.ง. พ.ง. พ.ง. ५.० , ช.ช.ช.ช.ช.ช.ช.ช.	\$3,326		(NA) (NA)
	Unem- ployed		1,006	100.0	6.6.6.6.2.2. 6.6.6.6.2.2.2.	138.00.00.00.00 24.00.00.00.00	\$4,720	•	25.3 \$5,671
	Public adminis- tration		2,348	100.0	00000 20000	8.03.44.03 8.03.02.04.14.80.0 8.03.03.03.03.03.03.03.03.03.03.03.03.03.	\$8,444	* 9	\$8,790
	Professional and related services	,	3,552	100.0		6.88 6.88 6.06 6.06 6.06 6.06 6.06 6.06	\$8,320		73.9
	Entertainment and recreation services		577	0.001	2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	\$6,731		67.6 \$7,396
	Personal serv- ices		1,253	100.00	2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2	O	\$4,813	- 11-24	62.6
	Business and repair services		1,173	100,0		51 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	\$7,343		80.6 \$7,826
	Finance, insur- ance, and real estate		1,582	0,001	10000111000111000011100001111000011110000	2. 9. 9. 9. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5.	\$8,622	·	84.8 \$8,908
Employed	Retail trade		4,572	100,001	22.11.12.22.24.44.9	10.7 2.8 8.8 8.2 10.2 8.3 9.7	\$6,904	,	80.8 \$7,470
图	Whole- sale trade		1,679	100,0	iiioiia	ο Ο α α α α υ α α υ ο τ ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο	\$8,142		\$5.4
	Transpor- tation, communi- cation, and other public		3,274	100.0	1.000111	8.2 12.8 17.9 19.8 19.5 19.5 19.5 19.5	\$8,051		86.2 \$8,367
	Manu- factur- ing		12,432	100.0	0.000 8.11.00.00 8.42.23.46	100.2 111.3 112.3 12.9 12.3 12.4	\$8,015	· · · ·	\$8,398
	Con- struc- tion		3,384	100.0	14.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.	0.0 2.0 3.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 5.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6	\$7,382		\$7,956
	Mining		077	100.0	1,20,4 2,20,0 2,20,0 1,7	244000040 144000040	\$7,206		\$7,552
	Agricul- ture, forestry, and fish- eries		2,473	100.0	7.6 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.7 7.7 8.0 8.0	8.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00	\$3,825	•	76.7
	Total		38,406	100.0	1111000000 800000104	2011.00.11.20.1. 2011.00.11.20.1.	\$7,602		\$8,063
	Total		48,279	100,0		0000000000 6.6.6.6.6.6.4	\$6,882		\$8,033
	Total money income	ALL FAMILIES	Numberthousands	Percent	Under \$1,000 \$1,000 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$2,999 \$2,000 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999	\$5,000 to \$5,999. \$6,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$6,999. \$8,000 to \$8,999. \$10,000 to \$1,999. \$11,000 to \$1,999. \$12,000 to \$4,999.	Median income	HEAD YEAR-ROUND FUIL-TINE WORKER	Percent of total

NA Not available.

Based on total civilian heads.

Toble 11.-WORK EXPERIENCE OF HEAD IN 1965-FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1965, FOR THE UNITED STATES

Ę	not	in 1965 ²		14.3	100.0	8.9 1.51 1.5.0 1.8 8.9 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0	04.6.0.1.0.0.10.0.10.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0	\$2,977		100.0	6.00 11.00 10.00 1	\$1,203
		13 weeks or less		1.0	100.0	14.5 10.9 10.1 10.1 9.1 7.3 6.7	0.4.4.0.0.4.4.0 0.0.0.0.4.4.0.0.0.0.0.0.	\$2,701		100.0	7.4.01 0.0.00 0.0.4.0.4.0.0 0.0.4.0.1.0.0 0.0.4.0.1.0.0	\$1,101
		14 to 26 weeks		6.0	100.0	11.7 8.8 8.6 11.0 12.7 7.7 10.0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$3,065	0	100.0	6.44. 6.41.	\$1,169
	part-time jobs	27 to 39 weeks		0.4	100.0	2.01 2.00 2.01 5.01 7.11 7.25 7.88	8.5.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.	\$3,313	ŗ	(B)	<u> </u>	(B)
	Worked at par	40 to 49 weeks		9.0	100.0	5.2 5.9 4.8 11.1 7.6 6.6	6664400001 664486466	\$3,803		10.01	8,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,0	\$1,563
	Wo:	50 to 52 weeks		2.3	100.0	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	5.5.0.4.4.4.4.4.0.0 8.4.4.6.2.0.0.0	\$3,764	c c	100.0	40.000 84.4 44.000 0000	\$1,851
		Total		5.2	100.0	2 C B 2 B C 9 C C B C C B C C C C C C C C C C C	80449999999990 048072999	\$3,380	Ç	100.0	84444 84444 84444 84444 84444 84444 84444 84444 84444 84444 8446 8444 8446 8444 8444 8444 8444 8444 8444 8444 8444 8444 8444 8444 8444 8	\$1,474
ed in 1965 ²		13 weeks or less		1.4	100.0	14.1 7.9 7.7 5.7 8.5 8.5	0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$3,373	c	100.0		\$1,344
Worked		14 to 26 weeks		2.2	100.0	8.4 8.7 8.6 8.6 8.6 8.5 7.5	2. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4.	\$4,362	,	100.0	34444 34444 34444 34444 34444 34444 34444 34444 34444 34444 3446 3444 3446 3444 3444 3444 3444 3446 3446 3446 3446 3446 3446 3446 3446 3	\$2,170
	-time jobs	27 to 39 weeks		3.5	100.0	6,5,6,7,6,7,7,6,7,7,6,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,	00 8 5 4 5 4 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$5,320		100.0		\$2,972
	Worked at full-time	40 to 49 weeks		. 9.9	100.0	11444449 667267480	8.101 1.00 8.00 8.00 8.00 10.00	\$6,702		100.0	7.7.00 7.00 7.	\$3,804
	Wor	50 to 52 weeks		365.2	100.0	101111000	7.01 11.5 11.5 10.0 10.0 10.0	\$8,033		2.4.5	.0	\$4,797
		Total		78.9	100.0	11.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.0	10.3 11.1 9.4 7.4 11.5 9.0	\$7,667		100.0	8.6.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.	\$4,227
		Total		84.1	100.0	44444444444444444444444444444444444444	8.001 10.00 0.00 10.00 10.00 8.80 8.60	\$7,449	1	59.8		\$3,634
		Total		100.0	100.0	0 8 7 9 8 0 8 0	9998999694 946446644	\$6,882		100.0	84.00 84.00 84.00 84.00 84.00 84.00 84.00 86.00	\$2,110
		Total money income	FAMILIES	Total, by work experience (percent)	Percent	Under \$1,000. \$1,000 to \$1,499. \$1,000 to \$1,499. \$2,000 to \$1,999. \$3,000 to \$3,999. \$3,000 to \$3,999. \$4,000 to \$3,999.	\$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$7,999 \$9,000 to \$8,999 \$10,000 to \$11,999 \$12,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$25,000 and over	Median income	UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	Total, by work experience (percent)	Under \$1,000. \$1,000 to \$1,499. \$2,000 to \$2,499. \$3,000 to \$3,999. \$3,000 to \$3,999. \$4,000 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999. \$5,000 to \$6,999. \$5,000 to \$6,999. \$6,000 to \$6,999. \$1,000 to \$1,999. \$12,000 to \$11,999. \$12,000 to \$14,999.	Median income

- Rounds to zero. B Base less than 150,000.

Includes members of Arned Forces, not shown separately by work experience in 1965.

I hat on work experience in 1965 based on February and April 1966 ourway.

Differs from that shown in other tables where base is limited to civilian heads.

Toble 12.-SOURCE OF INCOME-FAMILIES BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1965, FOR THE UNITED STATES, FARM AND NONFARM

(All figures except median income in percent)

	T	ury, Ouner Lf- income; looy- no no nt earn- ings ir		23.2 23.4 4.4 4.4 32.0 3.6 26.5 4.3 13.7 7.7		\$8,697 \$2,368	\$9,464 \$2,386	, ,
nings		Farm self- self- employ- ment income, and other income income				\$2,979 \$8	(a)	,
Earnings and income other than earnings	Self-employment income and other income	Nonfarm self- employ- ment income and other income		1 44 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	11,11,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,	\$6,798	2.5	1
and income	Self-er and	Total ³	E c	. 00 C 2 2 2 2 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	6.000110004.U	\$5,272	2,9 \$6,359	4
Earnings		Wages or salary and other income		11888228	, 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	\$7,906	35.7	c
		Total		32.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.	38.5.4.04.7.6.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5	\$7,836	43.9	2 27
	and self- ncome	Wages or salary and farm self- employment income	·		0111111100	\$5,130	1,2 \$6,081	{
	Wages or salary and some employment income	Wages or salary and nonfarm self- employment income		. 4.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.	44444400 4010000	\$7,482	4.1	·
	Wages om	Total ²	ų	11 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	\$6,745	5.5	
Earnings only	me only	Farm self- employ- ment income only		7.4 4.4 4.4 4.4 4.4 4.4 4.4 4.4 4.4 4.4	00100010 7.6161684	\$3,817	\$7,500	ç
Earni	Self-employment income only	Nonfarm self- employ- ment income			.0.1.1.0.1.1.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2	\$5,826	2.1	Č
	Self-empl	Total ¹	n	11 2 2 4 4 6 6 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	\$5,186	2.6	6
		Wages or salary only	27 7.		# 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	\$6,980	39.2	F
		Total	, ,		88 25.24 26.24 26.	\$6,877	47.3	00
		Total			0.0001000000000000000000000000000000000	\$6,882	4100.0 \$7,060	4,000
		Total money income	UNITED STATES	thnder \$1,000 \$1,000 to \$1,499 \$1,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,999 \$5,000 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999	\$5,000 to \$5,999. \$6,000 to \$6,999. \$5,000 to \$1,999. \$5,000 to \$1,999. \$10,000 to \$11,999. \$12,000 to \$14,999. \$25,000 and over.	Median income	NOMFAPM All families Median income	FARM

- Rounds to zero.

- Rounds to zero.

- Rounds a relatively small number of families reporting both nonfarm and farm self-employment income, not shown separately.

Includes a relatively small number of families reporting income from wages or salary, and from both nonfarm and farm self-employment, not shown separately.

Includes a relatively small number of families reporting income other than earnings and both nonfarm and farm self-employment income, not shown separately.

Includes a relatively small number of families reporting no money income, not shown separately.

Table 13.-REGION AND COLOR.-FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1965, FOR THE UNITED STATES, BY REGIONS

-	Umi	United States			Northeast	_	Nor	North Central	-		South			West	
Total money income	Total	White	Nonwhite	Total	White	Nonwhite	Total	White	Nonwhite	Total	White	Nonwhite	Total	White	Nonwhite
PAMILIES		,			-				-					-	
Total.						,									
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.001	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$1,000. \$1,000 to \$1,499 \$1,000 to \$2,499 \$2,000 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,999 \$3,500 to \$3,999	0 8 4 6 8 0 8	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2222222	4444444 8746444		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	444444 4064454	44444444444444444444444444444444444444	4 4 4 6 4 6 0 5 5 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7		44444	0.01.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00	446464 46464	111000000 0044460	2004444 18888418
\$4,000 to \$4,999	0,8	7.8	10.6 8.8	10.0	0.7	11.6	7.3	7.1	20.0		10.1	10.0	7.7	7.4	7.9
\$6,000 to \$6,999 \$6,000 to \$1,999 \$6,000 to \$1,999 \$10,000 to \$11,999 \$12,000 to \$11,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 and over	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 3.00 3.00 3.00	જ્જન્યું નું નું નું નું નું નું નું નું નું ન		8.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	804.00.40 807.004.00	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	0.9 0.01 1.7.1 1.8.8 8.8 8.3	000	88.000.00 84500100	0 0 C U C U 4 H 6 4 U C U B 6 G	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	6.00 6.00 6.00 8.80 6.00 6.00 6.00 6.00	8.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0
Median income	\$6,882	\$7,170	\$3,971	\$7,467	\$7,617	\$5,011	\$7,267	\$7,404	\$5,470	\$5,536	\$6,141	\$2,979	\$7,580	\$7,670	\$6,337
Head Year-Round Full-Time Worker															
Percent of total excluding Armed Forces. Median income.	66.3 \$8,033	67.7 \$8,260	54.0 \$5,369	68.3 \$8,456	69.3	54.6 \$6,276	69.6 \$8,261	70.5 \$8,370	58.1	62.3 \$6,932	\$7,404	\$3,853	\$8,922	\$8,986	59.2 \$7,872
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS										•					
Total									•						
Percent,	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.00.
Under \$1,000. \$1,500 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,499 \$5,500 to \$2,999 \$1,500 to \$1,999 \$5,500 to \$1,999 \$5,000 to \$4,999	8 4 4 4 4 4 4 8 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	22.0.0.4.0.4.8. 40.0.0.0.0.0.0.0	06 06 06 06 06 06 06 06 06 06 06 06 06 0	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	4.60 6.00 7.00 8.8 8.8 6.00 6.00 6.00 6.00 6.00 6.0	2,401 2,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00	2,61 6,62 6,64 6,64 6,64 6,64 6,64 6,64 6,64	60 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	44.80.4.4.4.0 8.4.2.0.0.0.8	28. 6.61 6.67 7.67 7.67 7.67 7.67	2,71 00 01,04 01,08 0.08 0.08	12.3 12.3 11.0 8.5 6.2 6.2	1.41 1.51 1.52 1.63 1.63 1.63 1.63 1.63 1.63 1.63 1.63	22,4 4,4,7,4,7,4,2,3,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4
\$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$7,999 \$8,000 to \$8,999	2,47.0	7.7. 9.6. 1.6.	0.29.9	2440	2,4,2	6.4.4.0 6.4.4.0	3.1.2	0.4.4.9.	10.0 3.6 1.1	6.1 2.6 1.3	6.9 4.8 1.7	12.2	6.6.4.e.	2.4.6.4.	0 0 0 0 0 0 1
\$9,000 to \$1,999 \$12,000 to \$11,999 \$12,000 to \$14,999 \$25,000 and over	0.011.2	46.00	0000	0.01.00	0.0 8.1.0 0.9 1.0	0.0111	0.0	1.0.0.0	4.0	0.00	0.01	9.00	1000	24440	000
Median income	\$2,110	\$2,199	\$1,643	\$2,244	\$2,235	\$2,271	\$1,929	\$1,942	\$1,814	\$1,724	\$1,999	\$1,159	\$2,859	\$2,915	\$2,550
Head Year-Round Full-Time Worker									·. 						!
Percent of total excluding Armed Forces. Median income	73.6	34.4 \$5,018	\$3,600	36.6	35.9	41.9 \$3,684	33.9	\$4,890	37.7 (B)	\$4,373	\$4,776	\$2,656	\$5,496	\$5,637	(B)

- Rounds to zero.

B Base less than 150,000.

Table 14 .-- TOTAL INCOME, 1947, 1950, AND 1954 TO 1965-- FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS IN HOUSEHOLDS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME, FOR THE UNITED STATES, FARM AND NONFARM

				R THE UN	ILED STAT	ES, FARM	AND NONE	ARM						
Total money income	1965	1964	1963	1962	1961	1960	1959	1958	1957	1956	1955	1954	1950	1947
FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS									*			!	1 '.	
United States													*	
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100,0	100.0
Under \$1,000 to \$1,499	6.8 5.3 4.6 4.5 4.3 3.9 8.0	7.4 5.5 4.2 4.7 4.2 4.4 4.1 8.6	8.0 5.6 4.8 4.8 3.9 4.5 4.2 8.8	8.5 5.8 4.9 4.8 4.2 4.7 4.4 9.4	10.0 5.5 5.0 5.1 4.3 5.0 4.5	9.9 5.5 4.8 5.0 4.4 5.0 5.0	10.3 5.6 5.2 5.0 4.8 5.4 4.8 11.0	11.0 5.7 5.4 5.4 4.8 5.5 5.7 12.5	11.9 5.6 5.2 5.5 4.6 5.7 5.9 13.1	12.3 5.6 5.3 5.6 5.1 6.2 6.1 13.7	13.4 6.3 5.6 5.8 5.5 7.4 6.7 13.8	14.9 6.3 5.9 5.8 6.4 7.3 7.4 13.8	17.8 6.9 7.3 9.0 8.5 10.7 8.1 11.9	16.8 8.7 9.0 11.0 9.9 10.1 7.5 10.2
\$5,000 to \$5,999. \$6,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$7,999. \$8,000 to \$7,999. \$10,000 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 and over.	8.9 8.4 8.5 12.2 14.3 5.0	9.3 8.8 8.1 11.7 13.4 4.4 1.0	10.2 9.1 7.9 11.4 12.2 3.7 0.9	10.7 9.5 7.6 10.5 10.8 3.4 0.8	10.7 9.0 7.7 9.7 9.4 3.1 1.0	11.6 9.4 7.5 9.5 8.8 2.4 0.8	11.7 9.6 7.2 8.9 7.7 2.0 0.6	12.1 9.3 14.2 6.4 1:6 0.4	12.8 8.9 13.8 5.5 1.2 0.4	12.0 8.4 13.1 5.0 1.2 0.5	11.1 8.2 10.9 4.1 0.8 0.4	10.4 7.3 9.4 3.7 0.9 0.3	7.7 4.4 4.9 } 2.8	6.7 7.7 2.5
Median income	\$5,966	\$5,742	\$5,529	\$5,308	\$5,056	\$5,009	\$4,806	\$4,500	\$4,406	\$4,257	\$3,948	\$3,730	\$3,025	\$2,727
Nonfarm Median income	\$5,119	\$5,870	\$5,679	\$5,450	\$5,211	\$5,176	\$5,011	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(1)	(1)
Farm Median income	\$3,809	\$3,286	\$3,158	\$3,154	\$2,956	\$2,681	\$2,482	(1)	, (¹)	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	(1)	(¹)
FAMILIES													<u> </u>	
United States									. '					
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$1,000. \$1,000 to \$1,499. \$1,500 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,499. \$2,500 to \$2,999. \$3,000 to \$3,499. \$3,500 to \$3,999. \$4,000 to \$4,999.	3.0 2.8 3.3 3.6 3.8 4.0 3.8 8.0	3.2 3.0 3.3 4.1 4.0 4.3 4.1 8.6	3.8 3.2 3.6 4.2 3.7 4.6 4.1 9.0	4.2 3.5 3.9 4.3 4.0 4.6 4.6	5.0 3.6 4.1 4.6 4.1 4.8 4.6 10.5	5.0 3.8 4.2 4.5 4.2 4.9 4.9	5.1 4.0 4.3 4.6 4.7 5.3 4.8 11.7	5.6 4.0 4.8 5.1 4.7 5.3 5.8 13.4	6.4 4.0 4.4 5.1 4.5 5.7 6.1 14.1	6.5 4.4 4.5 5.1 5.1 6.2 6.3 14.8	7.7 5.0 4.9 5.5 7.4 7.2 15.4	8.8 5.6 5.4 5.5 6.4 7.6 7.9	11.5 6.2 7.0 9.0 8.9 11.6 9.0 13.6	10.7 7.8 8.8 11.3 10.7 11.4 8.3 11.7
\$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$7,999 \$3,000 to \$9,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999	9.3 9.3 9.7 14.4 17.3 6.1	9.9 9.9 9.3 13.9 16.2 5.2	11.1 10.2 9.1 13.4 14.5 4.4	11.6 10.9 8.6 12.4 12.8 4.0	11.7 10.2 9.1 11.6 11.3 3.6	12.8 10.8 8.7 11.3 10.6 2.8	13.2 11.0 8.5 10.6 9.1 2.4	13.7 10.7 16.8 7.6 1.9	14.5 10.3 16.3 6.5 1.4	13.7 9.8 15.6 5.9 1.5	12.7 9.5 12.9 4.8 0.9	11.9 8.5 11.1 4.4 1.0	9.0 5.2 5.8 3.2	7.7 8.9
\$25,000 and over	1.5	1.1	1.0	0.9	1.1	0.9	0.7	. 0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	42.220	42.022
Median income	\$6,903	\$6,556	\$6,265	\$5,940	\$5,744	\$5,625	\$5,417	\$5,095	\$4,978	\$4,787	\$4,420	\$4,167	\$3,319	\$3,033
Nonfarm Median income	\$7,059	\$6,757	\$6,429	\$6,131	\$5,930	\$5,813	\$5,619	(¹)	(¹)	(1)	· (¹)	(¹)	(1)	(¹)
Farm Median income	\$4,122	\$3,558	\$3,434	\$3,419	\$3,238	\$2,876	\$2,799	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(1)	(¹)
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS														
United States	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Percent. Under \$1,000. \$1,000 to \$1,499. \$1,500 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,499. \$2,500 to \$2,999. \$3,000 to \$3,499. \$4,000 to \$4,999.	100.0 22.5 15.4 9.7 7.9 - 4.7 5.1 4.2 8.1	24.7 16.2 8.2 7.5 5.1 5.1 4.2 8.6	27.0 16.2 10.0 7.2 4.8 4.0 4.3 7.9	28.0 16.5 9.8 6.8 5.0 4.9 4.0 7.1	31.5 13.3 9.0 7.4 5.2 5.6 4.1 8.0	32.3 13.6 7.4 7.3 5.4 5.4 5.0 9.3	34.8 13.3 9.2 6.8 5.6 6.0 4.4 8.1	35.2 13.5 7.9 7.1 5.3 6.2 5.3 7.9	36.7 12.7 8.5 7.3 5.5 5.7 5.2 8.2	39.6 11.6 9.2 7.7 5.2 6.1 5.0 8.0	42.0 12.9 8.9 7.5 5.5 7.3 4.1 5.6	45.4 10.2 8.4 7.5 6.8 5.9 5.0 5.0	50.3 10.5 9.0 9.3 6.3 5.7 3.5 3.1	50.7 13.4 10.5 9.3 5.5 3.3 2.7 1.9
\$5,000 to \$5,999. \$6,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$7,999. \$8,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$24,999.	7.0 5.0 3.5 3.5 2.3 0.8	6.9 4.5 3.1 .2.8 1.8 0.9	6.2 4.1 2.9 2.6 1.9 0.6	6.9 3.3 3.0 2.2 1.8 0.6	6,2 3,7 1,8 1,6 1,6	6.2 3.4 1.7 1.5 0.9 0.1	4.8 2.8 1.6 1.2 0.8 0.3	4.7 2.7 2.2 1.3 0.3	4.7 2.2 2.2 1.0 0.2	3.9 1.6 1.3 0.4 0.1	2.7 1.9 1.1 0.4 0.2	3.0 1.2 0.8 0.4 0.2	1.0 0.4 0.5 0.4	0.9
\$25,000 and over	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.1		0.2 \$1,448	\$1,310	0.1 \$1,225	\$992	\$983
Median income	\$2,152	\$2,060	\$1,840	\$1,781	\$1,789	\$1,784	\$1,603	\$1,582	\$1,535	۵۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰	الدر, ا	Ψι,εευ	ψυνζ	"
Nonfarm Median income	\$2,170	\$2,094	\$1,883	\$1,823	\$1,831	\$1,842	\$1,683	(¹)	(¹)	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	(1)	(1)
Farm Median income	\$1,377	\$1,188	\$1,106	\$972	\$909	\$917	\$774	· (1)	(¹)	(1)	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	(1)
- Rounds to zero	• · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · ·	·	i	··						:		1	

⁻ Rounds to zero.

1 Data by residence not shown for years prior to 1959 because of a change in the farm definition to accord with that used in 1960 Census.

Toble 15.--TYPE OF INCOME IN 1965--FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY WAGE OR SALARY INCOME, NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME, FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME, AND INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS, FOR THE UNITED STATES

	Wage on	salary i	ncome	Nonfarm	self-emplo income	yment	Farm se	elf-employ income	ment	Income ot	ner than e	arnings
Income of specified type	Families and unrelated indi- viduals	Fami- lies	Unre- lated indi- viduals	Families and unrelated indi- viduals	Fami- lies	Unre- lated indi- viduals	Families and unrelated indi- viduals	Fami- lies	Unre- lated indi- viduals	Families and unrelated indi- viduals	Fami- lies	Unre- lated indi- viduals
Numberthousands Number with specified type of incomethousands	60,411 47,456	48,279 40,849	12,132 6,607	60,411 7,172	48,279 6,527	12,132 645	60,411 3,936	.48,279 3,565	12,132 371	60,411 32,465	48,279 25,194	12,132 7,271
INCOME RECIPIENTS								300.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0				
\$1 to \$999 or loss	9.1	7.6	18.4	28.5	27.9	35.1	41.6	40.7	49.9	54.4	55.9	49.3
\$1,000 to \$1,499	3.7	3.1	7.5	6.6	6.4	8.4	9.1	8.8	12.1 6.5	14.6 9.0	12.1 8.5	23.4 10.6
\$1,500 to \$1,999	2.6	2.0	6.1	3.2	3.0 4.5	4.2 5.4	6.7 5.2	5.5	1.9	6.4	6.5	6.0
\$2,000 to \$2,499	3.5	2.9	7.0 5.3	4.5 2.9	3.0	2.2	5.0	4.9	5.7	4.0	4.6	2.2
\$2,500 to \$2,999	3.2 4.0	2.8 3.5	7.0	4,1	4.2	3.3	4.7	5.0	1.9	3.2	3,5	2.1
\$3,000 to \$3,499	3.6	3.3	5.5	3,5	3.3	5.1	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.1	2,2	1.7
\$3,500 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999	8.6	8.1	11.7	7.2	7.3	5.8	5.7	6.2	1.3	2,5	2.7	1.8
\$5,000 to \$5,999. \$6,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$7,999. \$8,000 to \$8,999. \$9,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$11,999. \$12,000 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 and over.	9.7 9.7 9.3 7.7 5.7 8.6 6.2 4.2 0.6	9.6 10.2 10.0 8.3 6.4 9.7 7.0 4.8 0.7	10.5 7.2 4.6 3.6 1.8 1.7 1.1 0.9 0.1	7.5 5.5 5.0 3.3 1.5 4.5 4.2 5.2 2.9	7.4 5.6 4.7 3.5 1.6 4.7 4.3 5.5 3.1	8.2 4.4 7.8 1.2 0.5 2.5 2.6 2.2	5.7 1.9 3.2 1.8 0.4 1.3 4.4 1.0	5.3 2.0 3.5 1.9 0.4 1.2 4.3 1.1	9.2 0.5 0.5 0.5 2.2 4.6	1.2 0.8 0.5 0.3 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2	1.3 0.8 0.5 0.3 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.2	1.0 0.7 0.6 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1
Median income	\$6,206	\$6,694	\$3,408	\$3,529	\$3,645	\$2,207	\$1,462	\$1,539	\$1,006	\$919	\$895	\$1,014

⁻ Rounds to zero.

 $T_{\alpha}bl_{\theta}$ 16...PRIMARY FAMILIES AND INDIVIDUALS AND SECONDARY INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1965, FOR THE UNITED STATES, FARM AND NONFARM

(Families and unrelated individuals as of March 1966)

		y families individuals	and	Secondary
Total money income	Total	Primary families	Primary indi- viduals	indi- viduals
<u>.</u> '				
UNITED STATES				
Numberthousands	58,102	48,173	9,929	2,203
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0
Under \$1,000. \$1,000 to \$1,499. \$1,500 to \$1,499. \$2,000 to \$2,499. \$2,500 to \$2,499. \$3,500 to \$3,499. \$3,500 to \$3,499. \$4,000 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999. \$6,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$7,999. \$8,000 to \$7,999. \$8,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$14,999. \$12,000 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$14,999.	6.3 5.0 4.5 4.3 3.9 4.2 3.9 8.0 8.7 7.1 5.5 6.5 5.2 6.5 5.2	3.0 2.8 3.3 3.6 3.8 4.0 3.8 8.0 9.3 9.7 8.1 6.3 9.7 7.6 6.1	22.4 15.9 10.0 7.8 4.5 5.1 4.3 7.8 6.8 5.1 3.6 2.3 1.2 1.0 0.9	28.9 12.3 7.1 8.5 5.4 4.4 3.8 8.7 7.6 4.1 2.6 1.3 1.5 1.4 1.8 0.4
Median income	\$6,116	\$6,889	\$2,113	\$2,100
NONFARM				
Median income	\$5,259	\$7,067	\$2,131	\$2,133
FARM				
Median income	\$3,371	\$4,131	\$1,474	(B)

B Base less than 150,000.

Table 17.--SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS--MEDIAN WAGE OR SALARY INCOME IN 1965, 1955, AND 1939 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES AND INDIVIDUALS WITH WAGE OR SALARY INCOME, FOR THE UNITED STATES

Selected characteristics	1965	1955	1939
COLOR Total White families and individuals Nonwhite families and individuals	\$6,338 6,625 3,808	\$4,137 4,331 2,418	\$1,231 1,325 489
TYPE OF FAMILY AND AGE OF HEAD	\$7,021	\$4,467	\$1,319
Husband-wife families. Age of head: Under 35 years. 35 to 44 years. 45 to 54 years. 55 years and over. Cther male head. Female head.	6,697 7,799 7,877 5,645 5,702 3,439	4,279 4,872 4,944 3,757 3,857 2,651	1,171 1,449 1,481 1,243 1,159
SIZE OF FAMILY			
2 persons. 3 persons. 4 persons. 5 persons. 6 persons or more.	\$5,691 6,723 7,367 7,321 6,868	\$3,835 4,417 4,646 4,506 4,146	\$1,219 1,297 1,374 1,322 1,134
FAMILIES BY NUMBER OF RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS OLD			
No children	\$6,295 6,850 7,174 6,741	\$4,227 4,343 4,518 4,157	\$1,368 1,315 1,288 956

Table 18.--COLOR-PERSONS 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1965, BY SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES, FARM AND NONFARM

(Persons 14 years old and over as of March 1966)

		Total			White			Nonwhite	
Total money income	United States	Nonfarm	Farm	United States	Nonfarm	Farm	United States	Nonfarm	Farm
BOTH SEXES									
Number of personsthousands	135,627	127,134	8,493	121,188	113,580	7,608	14,439	13,554	885
Number of persons with incomethousands	101,395	95,443	5,952	90,346	85,035	5,311	11,049	10,408	641
Income Recipients Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
\$1 to \$499 or loss	13.0	12.4	22.6	12.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0 43.9
\$500 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,499	10.7 8.2	10.5 8.1	13.6 10.6	10.1 7.9	9.9 7.8	12.5 9.7	15.6 11.0	15.2 10.5	22.8 18.4
\$1,500 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,499	5.7 6.0	5.6 6.0	7.2 6.5	5.4 5.8	5.3 5.7	7.5 6.8	8.0 8.3	8.2 8.5	4.5 5.0
\$2,500 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,499	4.6 5.5	4.6 5.5	5.2 5.3	4.5 5.4	4.4 5.4	5.5 5.8	5.7 6.5	5.9 6.8	1.9 0.9
\$3,500 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,499	4.2	4.2 4.8	4.4 4.6	4.2 4.8	4.2 4.7	4.8 5.2	4.2 4.5	4.3 4.8	1.3
\$4,500 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999	3.8 8.2	3.8 8.4	3.4 5.3	3.9 8.5	3.9 8.6	. 3.8	3.3	3.5	0.5
\$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$7,999	6.7	6.9	3.3	7.0	7.3	6.0 3.7	6.3 3.9	6.7 4.1	0.3
\$8,000 to \$9,999	5.4 6.0	5.6 6.3	2.3 2.6	5.8 6.6	6.0 6.8	2.6	2.4 1.8	2.5 2.0	_
\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999	4.9 1.6	5.1 1.6	2.1 0.7	5.4 1.7	5.6 1.8	2.3 0.8	1.1 0.2	1.1 0.2	0.5
\$25,000 and over	0.5 \$3,155	0.6 \$3,255	0.3 \$1,725	0.6 \$3,352	0.6 \$3,454	. 0.3 \$2,022	\$1,888	\$2,029	\$634
Year-Round Full-Time Workers									
Percent of civilian income recipients Median income	47.0 \$5,677	46.9 \$5,809	48.9 \$3,398	47.9 \$5,887	(NA)	(NA)	40.2	(NA)	(NA)
MALE	Ψ3,077	Ψ5,009	ψ2,298	φ, σο /	(NA)	(NA)	\$3,674	(NA)	(NA)
Number of personsthousands	64,636	60,276	4,360	57,932	53,994	3,938	6,704	6,282	422
Number of persons with incomethousands	59,172	55,214	3,958	53,291	49,705	3,586	5,881	5,509	372
. Income Recipients Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
\$1 to \$499 or loss	7.9	7.4	14.3	7.4	7.1	12.7	11.8	10.6	29.6
\$500 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,499	5.9 5.9	5.7 5.5	9.3 11.0	5.4 5.5	5.2 5.2	8.1 9.5	11.0 8.8	10.4 7.7	20.7 25.5
\$1,500 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,499	4.5 5.2	4.3 5.0	8.1 7.5	4.3 4.7	4.0 4.5	8.2 7.4	7.0 9.3	7.0 9.4	7.0 8.1
\$2,500 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,499	4.1 5.0	4.0 4.9	5.6 6.2	3.9 4.7	3.7	5.9 6.7	6.1 7.4	6.3	3.2 1.6
\$3,500 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,499	3.9	3.9 4.9	5.3	3.8 4.8	3.7	5.6 6.7	5.2	5.4	2.2
\$4,500 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999	4.1 10.3	4.1 10.5	4.0 7.1	4.1 10.4	4.0	4.4	6.0 4.4	6.4	0.8
\$6,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$7,999.	9.5	9.9	4.4	10.0	10.6 10.4	7.8 4.8	9.1 5.5	9.7 5.8	0.5
\$8,000 to \$9,999	9.2	8.6 9.6	3.1 3.7	8.7 9.9	9.1 10.3	3.4 4.1	3.7 2.8	3.9	-
\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999	7.9 2.5	8.3 2.6	3.1 1.1	. 8.6	9.0 2.9	3.3 1.2	0.2	1.6	0.8
\$25,000 and over	0.9 \$4,824	0.9 \$5,040	0.3 \$2,490	1.0 \$5,135	1.0 \$5,321	0.3 \$2,847	\$2,672	\$2,889	\$993
Year-Round Full-Time Workers									
Percent of civilian income recipients Median income	59.8 \$6,479	59.6	63.1	60.8	(NA)	(NA)	50.9	(NA)	(NA)
FEMALE	ψ0,479	\$6,654	\$3,606	\$6,693	(NA)	(NA)	\$4,172	(NA)	(NA)
Number of personsthousands	70,991	66,858	4,133	63,256	59,586	3,670	7,735	7,272	463
Number of persons with incomethousands	42,223	40,229	1,994	37,055	35,330	1,725	5,168	4,899	269
Income Recipients Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	200.0	200.0		-00.0
\$1 to \$499 or loss	20.2	19.3	39.0	19.8	100.0	100.0 35.1	100.0 23.4	100.0	100.0
\$500 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,499	17.3 11.5	17.1 11.6	22.1 9.8	16.8 11.3	16.6 11.3	21.6	20.9	20.6 13.6	25.7 8.6
\$1,500 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,499	7.4	7.5 7.4	5.4 4.8	7.1 7.2	7.2 7.3	6.1	9.2	9.6 7.5	1.1 0.7
\$2,500 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,499	5.4 6.3	5.4	4.2	5.4 6.5	5.4	4.8	5.1	5.4	-
\$3,500 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,499	4.6 4.5	4.7	2.7	4.8	4.9	3.1	2.9	5.6 3.1	-
\$4,500 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999.	3.4	3.5	1.8	3.6	4.8 3.6	2.1	2.8	2.9	, _
\$6,000 to \$6,999	5.3 2.7	5.5 2.8	1.9	5.6 2.8	5.8 2.9	2.2	3.3	3.4 2.1	-
\$7,000 to \$7,999 \$8,000 to \$9,999	1.6	1.6	0.7 0.4	1.6 1.7	1.7 1.8	0.8	0.9	1.0 0.8	-
\$10,000 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$24,999.	0.7	0.8	0.3	0.8 0.2	0.8	0.3	0.5	0.5	-
\$25,000 and over	0.1 \$1,564	\$1,636	0.4 \$752	0.1 \$1,648	0.1 \$1,715	0.4 \$845	\$1,213	\$1,301	\$392
Year-Round Full-Time Workers				·		,	,	.2,2	7
Percent of civilian income recipients Median income	29.3	29.7	20.7	29.5	(NA)	(NA)	28.0	(NA)	(NA)
Pounds to gove NA Not available	\$3,883	\$3,929	\$2,717	\$3,995	(NA)	(NA)	\$2,793	(NA)	(NA)

⁻ Rounds to zero. NA Not available.

Toble 19,--RELATIONSHIP TO FAMILY HEAD--PERSONS 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1965, BY SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES, FARM AND NONFARM

(Persons 14 years old and over as of March 1966)

Total Total Total 100.0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Total 43,287 43,086	In families Head Married, Wife present	Other	U 64:4:40	Unrelated individ-			In families	lies Wife		,
70tal Total Total 100.0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Total 10 43	Head Married, wife present	Other		forelated individ-		-		Wife		4.4.6.
56, 636 66, 636 59, 172 5, 9 5, 9 5, 9 5, 9 5, 9 5, 9 5, 9 6, 13 6,	Total 43, 43, 43, 10	Married, wife present	Other		-510101			_	, 11	radi	Unrelated
64,636 59,172 100.0 100.	43,3		status		uals	וסנקו	. Total	Head	of head	0.75	uals
86,636 99,172 100.00	6,6, N						* 4***		-		
0.000 000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.	0 7	42,108 41,899	1,179	16,874	4,475	70,991	63,334 34,969	4,992	42,108	16,234	7,657
\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	-	100.00	100.0	100.00	100.001	100.0	100.00	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
				31.4	9.1	20.2	23.3	5.3 16.1 13.5	21.4	36.4 20.1 8.8	5.3 18.1 18.7
	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	W 4 W 4	6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7	~~~~ ~~~~~	9.6	7.7.7.2.2.2.2.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.	6.8 7.1 5.5	9.0		2,46,4	10.2 7.8 4.8 5.7
- 0				0.4%	0,40	3.4.6	7.4.6	7.0.7	2, 2, E,	0.6.4	4.5
\$5,000 to \$7,999 \$6,20 \$9.5 \$9.5 \$9.5 \$9.5 \$9.5 \$9.5 \$9.5 \$9.5	2.01 2.01 2.01 2.01 2.01 2.01	11.6	4.6.0.2. 4.6.0.2.	9.6.0.0	86.004	2.01 2.01 2.00 2.00	20110 12410	6.1 1.9 2.3 0.8	2,44 6,44 6,44	2011.00	. 8 . 8
0.0			0.0	0.5	1.7	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.3
Median income. \$4,824	76 \$5,815	\$5,870	\$3,864	\$1,109	\$3,108	\$1,564	\$1,480	\$2,223	\$1,708	\$870	\$1,888
			53.9	25.9	44.3	8.3	29.1	32.6	31.6	21.7	30.6
*	\$6,748	\$6,766	\$5,759	\$4,275	\$5,625	\$3,883	\$3,800	% 88	\$3,806	£3,648	*,5*
NONFAEN					_				:		;
Number of persons with incomethousands 55,214 51,030	165 40,502 130 40,286	39,419	1,083	15,463	4,311 4,184	66,858 40,229	59,353 33,121	4,824	39,419 19,816	15,110 8,830	7,505 7,108
Median income	163 \$5,985	\$6,026	\$4,145	\$1,132	\$3,192	\$1,636	\$1,549	\$2,292	\$1,789	\$865	\$1,905
FAEM											
Number of personsthousands. 4,360 4,196 Number of persons with incomethousands. 3,936 3,737	2,785	2,689	96	1,411	161	4,133	3,981	168	2,689	1,124	152
	\$3,323	3 \$3,385	(B)	\$639	\$1,896	\$752	\$713	\$937	\$776	\$487	(B)

- Rounds to zero. B Base less than 150,000.

_
1966)
March
ď
88
over
and
old
years
7
(Persons

Toble 20.-AGE--PERSONS 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1965, BY SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES, FARM AND NONFARM

				Male								Female				
Total money income				Age	e (years)							Age	(years)			
	Total	14 to 19	20 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 54	55 to 64	65 and over	Total	14 to	20 to 24	% to	35 to	45 to .	55 to	65 and over
UNITED STATES																
Number of personsthousands	64,636	10,262	5,860	10,532	11,576	10,625	8,068	7,713	70,991	10,395	6,879	11,274	12,321	11,328	8,857	9,937
thousands.	59,172	5,675	5,507	10,428	11,490	10,517	7,914	7,641	42,223	4,630	4,617	5,770	6,797	6,760	5,521	8,128
Income Recipients				,							***					
Percent,	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
\$1 to \$499 or loss. \$500 to \$999. \$1,000 to \$1,499.	9.5	54.8 19.1 9.1	9.9	1.5	2.0	22.2	6.4.0 6.4.0	2.5	20.2	63.3			16.3 9.7 9.3		15.3 14.9	11.1 40.3 21.6
\$1,500 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,499. \$2,500 to \$2,499.		3.7	8.1	4.1	3.5	9.6.0	4.4.	5.53 6.53 6.53	7.7.4	2.6.	20 00 V	8.9	7.1	9.1	7.9	1.6
\$2,000 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,499			10.0	7.4	0 0 4	J - 4 6	4 10 7	. 9.4	4 6 4	2.0.	E.O.	. 6. 8. 4	7.7	9 60 4	0.0.4	2.2.
\$4,000 to \$4,499 \$4,500 to \$4,999			6.8		0 x 4	0 v 4	4 6 4	2 2 2	1 4 W	0.0	0.04	, e 4 6	2.6.2	, v, v,	4.0.4	4.1.0
\$5,000 to \$5,999. \$6,000 to \$6,999.			12.1	14.7	11.5	12.5	17.11	4.7	5.3	6.0	5.7	7.9	8.0	7.7	9.6	1.0
\$7,000 to \$7,999 \$8,000 to \$9,999			W. C.	12.7	12.5	1.22	4.8	1:8	1.6	1.1	0.0	0.8	1.9	3.2	2.2.9	0.0
\$10,000 to \$14,999	0.00	1 1	0.7	1.5	13.1	12.6	1.0.	1.2.2	2.00	0.5	1,1	0.3	0.0	0.10	0.4	0.0
Median income	₩	\$456	\$3,191	\$6,007	\$6,714	\$6,363	\$5,250	\$2,116	\$1,564	\$395	\$2,187	\$2,257	\$2,484	\$2,560	\$2,019	0.1 \$984
Year-Round Full-Time												-				
Workers													,			
Percent of civilian income recipients	59.8 \$6,479	7.2 \$3,074	49.1	77.6 \$6,535	81.9 \$7,196	79.3 \$6,838	68.0	15.4	29.3	\$2,809	35.6	36.4	41.4	\$3,949	37.0	4.8 \$3,094
NONFARM									******				,			
Number of personsthousands	60,276	6,447	5,543	190,01	10,943	9,832	7,313	7,137	66,858	9,671	6,637	10,761	11,667	10,566	8,183	9,373
Number of persons with income thousands	55,214	5,202	5,209	9,972	10,863	9,730	7,168	7,070	40,229	4,313	4,479	5,577	6,520	6,444	5,206	7,690
Median income	\$5,040	\$463	\$3,262	\$6,094	\$6,853	\$6,555	\$5,500	\$2,146	\$1,636	\$401	\$2,217	\$2,301	\$2,554	\$2,620	\$2,124	966\$
												•				
FARM																
Number of personsthousands	4,360	815	317	7.17	633	793	755	576	4,133	724	242	513	654	762	674	564
thousands	3,958	7.13	598	456	627	787	746	571	1,994	317	138	193	277	316	315	438
Median income.	\$2,490	\$392	\$2,068	\$3,810	\$4,102	\$3,612	\$2,456	\$1,783	. \$752	\$332	(B)	\$836	\$1,028	\$1,463	\$674	\$775
- Bounds to som a Dass as a sounds -	000 050 404+															

B Base less than 150,000. - Rounds to zero.

Table 21.--EDUCATION--PERSONS 25 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1965, BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES

						Years of	school co	mpleted					
		Elem	entary sc	hool	Hi	gh school			C	ollege			Median
Total money income	Total									_ <u>-</u> _	or more		school years
		Total	Less than 8	8	Total	1 to 3	4	Total	1 to 3	Total	4	5 or	com- pleted
						ļ						more	
MALE	,												
<u>Total</u>													
Number of personsthousands Number of persons with incomethousands	48,514 47,990	16,085 15,808	8,570 8,394	7,515 7,414	21,996 21,831	8,452 8,365	13,544 13,466	10,433 10,351	4,313 4,282	6,120 6,069	3,576 3,562	2,544 2,507	11.9 11.9
Income recipients													(11)
Percent	100,0	100,0 12.6	100.0	100.0	100.0 3.3	4.3	100.0	100.0 3.0	100.0	100.0 2.5	2,6	2.5	(X) 8.2
\$1,000 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,999. \$3,000 to \$3,999. \$4,000 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999. \$6,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$7,999. \$8,000 to \$7,999. \$10,000 to \$14,999. \$10,000 to \$14,999. \$25,000 and over: Wedian income.	9.5 9.1 8.9 9.5 11.2 10.9 9.7 11.1 9.7 3.1 1.1 \$5,598	19.5 15.3 11.7 10.1 9.9 7.7 5.1 4.9 2.5 0.6 0.1 \$3,222	23.7 17.0 12.2 8.5 7.9 5.9 3.3 3.2 1.5 0.3 \$2,576	14.8 13.4 11.2 11.9 12.1 9.8 7.2 6.8 3.6 0.9 0.2 \$4,210	5.2 6.6 8.7 11.0 13.7 13.8 12.7 13.3 9.3 1.7 0.6 \$6,109	6.9 7.8 10.6 12.6 13.2 10.5 10.9 6.6 1.4 \$5,534	4.2 5.8 7.6 10.0 13.1 14.2 14.1 14.8 11.0 0.7 \$6,458	3.4 4.7 5.0 5.3 8.1 10.3 15.7 21.5 9.8 \$8,076	4.1 5.9 5.7 6.4 9.7 11.7 12.6 17.1	3.0 3.9 4.5 4.6 7.0 8.1 8.7 14.7 25.1 13.1 4.8 \$9,048	3.1 3.6 3.8 5.2 7.4 9.0 9.2 16.3 25.3 11.1 3.5 \$8,748	2.8 4.4 5.5 3.7 6.5 6.7 7.9 12.4 24.9 15.9 6.8 \$9,613	8.3 8.8 10.0 10.9 11.8 12.2 12.3 12.5 12.9 16.1 16.3
White Number of personsthousands	43,820	13,614	6,736	6,878	20, 264	7,522	12,742	9,942	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	12.1
Number of persons with incomethousands	43,370	13,383	6,587	6,796	20,118	7,445	12,673	9,869	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	12.1
Income recipients Percent	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100,0	100.0	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(x)
\$1 to \$999 or loss. \$1,000 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,999. \$3,000 to \$3,999. \$4,000 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999. \$6,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 and over. Median income.	5.4 8.9 8.3 8.4 9.2 11.3 11.4 22.1 15.1 \$5,867	11.0 19.1 14.7 11.4 10.2 10.5 8.4 11.0 3.7 \$3,456	14.5 23.8 16.4 12.2 8.7 8.4 6.4 7.4 2.3 \$2,713	7.6 14.6 13.0 10.7 11.7 12.4 10.3 14.5 5.1 \$4,351	3.0 4.8 6.0 8.1 10.5 13.6 14.3 27.4 12.3 \$6,280	3.6 6.3 7.4 9.5 11.9 14.7 13.8 23.4 9.3 \$5,769	2.6 3.9 5.2 7.3 9.7 12.9 14.6 29.8 14.1 \$6,575	2.8 3.3 4.5 4.8 5.1 7.8 9.4 26.2 36.1 \$8,408	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	8.4 8.4 8.8 10.2 11.1 11.9 12.2 12.4 (X)
Nonwhite thousands	4,694	2,471	1,834	637	1,732	930	802	491	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	8.8
Number of personsthousands Number of persons with incomethousands	4,620	2,425	1,807	618	1,713	920	793	482	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	8.8
Income recipients								300.0	/	(374.)	(314.)	(274.)	/ //
Percent	100.0	100.0 21.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA)	(NA) (NA)	(X) <8.0
\$1,000 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,999. \$3,000 to \$3,999. \$4,000 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999. \$7,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 and over. Median income.	15.7 15.8 13.9 12.1 10.6 6.5 8.1 2.3 \$3,252	21.6 18.9 13.4 9.4 6.6 4.0 4.3 0.5 \$2,365	23.3 19.2 12.3 8.0 5.9 3.9 3.0 0.3 \$2,135	16.7 18.0 16.5 13.4 8.6 4.2 7.9 0.8 \$3,085	10.1 13.5 16.1 16.6 15.0 8.1 9.8 2.8 \$4,139	11.6 11.3 19.8 18.2 14.2 7.9 6.0 1.2 \$3,874	8.3 16.0 11.7 14.9 15.9 8.3 14.2 4.7 \$4,544	5.8 8.9 8.7 10.2 15.1 13.3 21.0 9.5 \$5,589	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(AN) (AN) (AN) (AN) (AN) (AN) (AN) (AN)	
FEMALE													
. Total													
Number of personsthousands Number of persons with incomethousands	53,717 32,976	16,091 10,483	8,402 5,726	7,689 4,757	28,748 16,671	10,151 5,992	18,597 10,679	8,878 5,822	4,851 2,909	4,027 2,913	2,896 1,960	1,131 953	12.0 12.0
Income recipients Percent	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(x)
\$1 to \$999 or loss. \$1,000 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,999. \$3,000 to \$3,999. \$4,000 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999. \$6,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$7,999. \$8,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$14,999. \$10,000 to \$14,999. \$25,000 and over.	33.1 20.4 13.3 11.1 8.4 5.9 3.2 1.9 1.8 0.7 0.2 0.1 \$1,828	48.1 26.3 11.7 7.0 3.6 1.6 0.7 0.4 0.3 0.2	55.2 26.0 9.7 5.1 2.1 0.9 0.3 0.2 0.3	39.6 26.8 14.1 9.2 5.3 2.5 1.2 0.6 0.3	27.4 18.9 15.9 14.4 10.4 6.5 3.0 1.6 1.3 0.4 0.1	31.1 22.9 18.1 12.7 7.7 3.6 2.0 0.8 0.8 0.2	25.4 16.6 14.7 15.3 12.0 8.1 3.6 2.0 1.5 0.6	22.1 13.9 8.8 9.4 11.3 11.9 8.1 5.3 5.9 2.4 0.8 0.2 \$3,553	25.1 17.6 10.8 11.9 11.9 9.5 5.1 3.2 3.3 1.0 0.4	19.0 10.2 6.8 6.9 10.7 14.3 11.1 7.4 8.4 3.7 1.2	20.3 12.0 6.6 7.5 12.3 16.2 10.7 6.1 5.2 2.1 0.7 0.2 \$4,293	16.4 6.5 7.1 5.6 7.3 10.6 11.9 10.3 15.0 7.0	9.7 10.3 11.7 12.2 12.4 12.7 12.9 13.1 14.5 15.3 (B)

⁻ Rounds to zero.

B Base less than 150,000.

NA Not available.

X Not applicable.

< Denotes "less than."

Toble 21 .- EDUCATION -- PERSONS 25 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1965, BY COLOR AND SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES -- Continued (Persons 25 years old and over as of March 1966)

						Years of	school co	mpleted					
		Elem	entary so	hool	Hi	gh school			(College			Median school
Total money income	Total		Less							4	or more		years
·		Total	than 8	8	Total	1 to 3	4	Total	1 to 3	Total	4	5 or more	pleted
FEMALE—Continued													
White					,								
Number of personsthousands Number of persons with incomethousands	48,194 28,847	13,631 8,558	6,571 4,278	7,060 4,280	26,237 14,904	8,817 5,056	17,420 9,848	8,326 5,385	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	
Income recipients												:	
Percent	100.0	. 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(X)
\$1 to \$999 or loss. \$1,000 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,999. \$3,000 to \$3,999. \$4,000 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999. \$6,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 and over. Median income.	32.0 19.9 13.3 11.4 8.9 6.2 3.3 3.9 1.0 \$1,905	46.8 26.4 12.0 7.4 4.0 1.7 0.7 0.7 0.2 \$1,121	53.9 26.0 10.5 5.2 2.6 1.1 0.3 0.5 \$929	39.7 26.7 13.6 9.6 5.5 2.4 1.2 0.9 0.4 \$1,386	26.9 18.4 15.7 14.6 10.9 6.8 3.1 3.0 0.6 \$2,299	29.8 22.6 18.2 13.0 8.4 4.0 2.0 1.8 0.3 \$1,894	25.5 16.2 14.4 15.4 12.2 8.2 3.7 3.6 0.7 \$2,576	22.6 13.9 8.8 9.1 10.8 11.8 8.0 11.3 3.5 \$3,516	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(AA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	10.2 10.6 11.9 12.2 12.4 12.7 12.9 13+ 13+ (X)
<u>Nonwhite</u>											٠.		
Number of personsthousands Number of persons with incomethousands	5,523 4,129	2,460 1,925	1,831 1,448	629 477	2,511 1,767	1,334 936	1,177 831	552 437	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	
Income recipients											}		
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(X)
\$1 to \$999 or loss \$1,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 and over Median income	40.2 23.6 13.3 9.0 5.4 3.6 2.3 1.9 0.8 \$1,415	53.9 26.3 10.2 5.1 1.7 1.2 0.8 0.6 0.3 \$929	59.0 25.9 7.6 4.8 0.8 0.5 0.6 0.6 0.1 \$848	38.4 27.3 18.2 5.9 4.2 3.4 1.3 0.8 0.6 \$1,425	31.6 23.0 18.0 12.5 6.5 3.7 2.4 1.4 1.0 \$1,800	38.5 24.6 17.9 11.3 3.7 1.3 1.8 0.6 0.2 \$1,467	23.9 21.2 18.1 13.7 9.6 6.5 3.0 2.2 1.8 \$2,271	14.9 14.0 8.2 12.1 16.9 13.7 8.5 9.6 2.1 \$4,047	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	<pre><8.0 8.9 10.4 11.5 12.5 (B) (B) (B) (B) (X)</pre>

⁻ Rounds to zero.

Table 22.--EDUCATION, RESIDENCE, COLOR, AND AGE--MEDIAN INCOME IN 1965 OF PERSONS 25 YEARS OLD AND OVER, BY YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED AND SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES

						Years of	school co	mpleted					
Partition and an area		Ele	mentary s	chool	Hı	gh school			C	ollege			Median school
Residence, color, age, and sex	Total									4	or more		years com-
		Total	Less than 8	8	Total	1 to 3	4	Total	1 to 3	Total	4	5 or more	pleted
RESIDENCE AND COLOR													
Nonfarm													
Male: White	\$6,051 3,419 1,950 1,494	\$3,637 2,541 1,179 970	\$2,828 2,321 963 881	\$4,560 3,235 1,428 1,485	\$6,395 4,198 2,333 1,849	\$5,867 3,922 1,908 1,527	\$6,680 4,597 2,625 2,307	\$8,472 5,589 3,581 4,095	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	12.1 9.0 12.1 9.6
Farm													
Male: White	\$3,394 1,062 941 580	\$2,453 982 732 (B)	\$1,926 956 652 (B)	\$2,954 (B) 862 (B)	\$4,364 (B) 1,388 (B)	\$3,844 (B) 1,404 (B)	\$4,641 (B) 1,380 (B)	\$5,500 (B) 1,860 (B)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	8.9 <8.0 10.9 <8.0
AGE													
Male: 25 to 34 years	\$6,007 6,714 6,363 5,250 2,116	\$3,652 4,542 4,622 4,012 1,854	\$3,082 3,868 3,656 3,000 1,691	\$4,475 5,219 5,430 4,893 2,171	\$5,874 6,674 6,582 6,095 2,665	6,118 6,111	\$6,151 7,040 6,957 6,626 2,882	\$7,117 9,283 10,324 8,080 3,813	\$6,736 8,145 8,724 6,804 3,041	10,460	11,557	\$7,307 11,048 12,326 10,844 7,346	12.3 11.8 9.4
Female: 25 to 34 years	\$2,257 2,484 2,560 2,019 984	\$1,303 1,704 1,733 1,327 834	\$973 1,433 1,429 953 770	\$1,725 2,000 2,084 1,813 944	\$2,196 2,592 2,808 2,395 1,239	\$1,717 2,229 2,454 1,912 1,106	\$2,483 2,860 3,052 2,799 1,367	\$3,891 3,658 4,585 4,086 1,729	\$3,124 3,132 3,418 2,788 1,599	\$4,568 4,385 5,536 5,494 1,960	5,040 5,069	\$4,694 5,761 6,828 6,667 (B)	

B Base less than 150,000.

B Base less than 150,000.

NA Not available.

X Not applicable.

< Denotes "less than."

NA Not available.

< Denotes "less than."

Toble 23.-EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND OCCUPATION.-PERSONS 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1965, BY SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES

									Employed	yed									H
Total money income	Total		Professional, and kindred	sional, technical kindred workers	а1,	Farmers	Managers and pro exc	Managers, officials, and proprietors, exc. farm	als, s,	Cleri- cal	Sales	4			Service work- ers, b		<u> </u>	Unem- ployed	Armed Forces or not in
		Total	Total	Self- em- ployed ¹	Sala- ried		Total	Self- em- ployed ¹	Sala-			kindred workers	kindred workers w	hold p	6 1	and fore- men 1	farm and mine		labor force
. MALE													,				<u></u>		
Number of personsthousands	64,636	46,393	5,774	727	5,047	1,975	6,223	2,314	3,909	3,316	2,944	8,826	9,726	59	3,274	1,021	3,255	1,847	16,396
er of persons with income thousands	59, 172	45,742	5,737	722	5,015	1,967	6,209	2,305	3,904	3,266	2,873	8,792	9,638	8	3,173	915	3,125	1,658	11,772
Income Recipients						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			90,	9	Ş	9		(a)	0	5	9	6	0
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.001	100.0	0.00	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	2007	3	(a)	2.001	2	2	2	
\$1 to \$499 or loss \$500 to \$19,499 \$1,000 to \$1,499 \$2,000 to \$2,499 \$2,000 to \$2,499 \$2,000 to \$3,499 \$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,499 \$4,500 to \$4,999	ç. พ.พ.พ.พ.พ.พ.พ.พ.พ.พ.พ.พ.พ.พ.พ.พ.พ.พ.พ	4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,	0.11.0.0 0.11.0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0.0.0.0			0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	0.0111.02.04.2 2882800241	4.1.6.0.6.4.6.6.6.6.6.6.6.6.6.6.6.6.6.6.6.6	10101111111111111111111111111111111111		24444444444444444444444444444444444444	0.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4	44444444444444444444444444444444444444			0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	0,000000000000000000000000000000000000	200 m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m	86.00 86.00 86.00 86.00 86.00 86.00 86.00 86.00
#5,000 to #5,999 #5,000 to #5,999 #5,000 to #7,999 #8,000 to #9,999 #8,000 to #1,999 #15,000 to #24,999 \$25,000 and over	10.3 8.2 8.2 9.2 9.2 9.0	12.2	8.1 9.9 11.4 15.8 21.8 8.6 8.6	3.3 5.6 6.7 119.1 16.0	8.8 10.8 12.2 17.1 22.3 7.1	8.7.7.8 8.0.0 1.3.0 4.00	8.9 8.9 9.8 113.5 21.5 9.9	10.9 7.6 9.0 7.9 17.6 7.4	7.7 9.7 10.2 16.7 23.8 11.4	15.0 17.0 10.5.5 2.0 6.0 6.0 7.0	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	13.8 17.7 16.9 9.0 0.8	5.60 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00	9999999	0.22.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.	0.11.0000. 0.44.000	2.7. 2.4. 2.4. 2.4. 3.4. 4.4. 4.4.	& w w w w o o	6.54.1.00 6.54.1.00
Median income	\$4,824	\$5,767	\$7,912	\$10,902	\$7,801	\$2,988	\$7,857	\$6,433	\$8,646	\$5,746	\$5,958	\$6,469	\$5,317	(B)	\$4,068	\$1,452	\$3,343	\$2,258	\$1,428
Year-Round Full-Time Workers																			
Percent of all income recipients	\$59.8	74.6	80,4	80.2	\$3,506	\$3,293	\$8.8	86.2 \$6,930	\$9,011	\$6,349	\$7,246	79.0	71.2	(B) (B)	65.0 \$5,113	45.3 \$2,530	53.1	20.8	(NA) (NA)

NA Not available. - Rounds to zero.

B Base less than 150,000.

Includes a very small number of unpaid family workers.

Based on civilian income recipients.

Toble 23.-EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND OCCUPATION-PERSONS 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1965, BY SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES.-Continued

									Employed	yed									
Total money income	Total	- 	Professio and ki	Professional, technical, and kindred workers	nical, kers	Farmers	Managel and j	Managers, officials, and proprietors, exc. farm	ials, rs,	Cleri- cal	Sales	Crafts- men, fore-			Service work- ers,			Unem-	In Armed Forces or
			Total	Self- em- ployed ¹	Sala- ried	nan- agers	Total	Self- em- ployed ¹	Sala- ried	20 00	<u> </u>		kindred vorkers v	house- hold I		and fore- men ¹	farm and mine		not in labor force
FEWALE																			
Mumber of personsthousands	70,991	25,630	3,522	216	3,306	130	1,124	415	602	8,213	1,789	227	3,990	2,192	3,966	374	103	1,190	44,171
thousands	42,223	23,555	3,379	205	3,174	107	1,018	367	651	7,673	1,546	213	3,784	1,960	3,642	137	91	006	17,768
Income Recipients																			
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)	100,0	0.001	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.00	100.0	(B)	(B)	100.00	100.001
\$1 to \$499 or loss. \$500 to \$999 \$1.000 to \$1.499	17.3	11,4	5.8	19.9	N.V. K	(B) (B)	2.5	21.5	3.2	6.00	15.7	5.3	5.2	38.1	15.5	(B)	<u>@@</u>	29.5	31.5
\$1,500 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,499		8.7		4.60	5.1.4	<u> </u>	7.7	74.0	5.3	0 0 4	1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,	1.2	7.7	1 8 8 2 6 6	12.5	900	998	8.7.5	7.5
\$2,500 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,499		9.4		6.3	3.0	(B)(B)	7.7	2.8	8.69	6.6	9.01	5.3	14.0	1.5	8.0	<u> </u>	<u>(</u>	7.2	20.00
\$4,000 to \$4,499. \$4,500 to \$4,999.		6.9 7.1 5.4		4.4	7.0	999	6.0 7.0 7.0 7.0	0.4.0.	6.9 8.9 9.9	10.6 8.6	3.77	3.7	3.9	1.00 4.0.0	7.40	<u> </u>	(B)(B)(B)	2.1.2	1.5
\$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$7,999		8,4	10.2	1.5	18.2	<u>eee</u>	11.6	22.0	15.0	2.5	3.5	200	5.9	0.5	. 3.2	<u>@@@</u>	<u> </u>	1.6	0.7
\$8,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 and over	0.00	0.00	3.0 8.0 1.0	e:i: e:i:	3.1	<u> </u>	4.000	5.0	, , , o o	0.8	0.5	m m i i	£	0.0	8.000	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	0000	2.000
Median income	\$1,564	\$2,845	\$4,699	\$2,458	\$4,852	(B)	\$3,500	\$1,800	\$4,200	\$3,631		\$3,448	\$2,817	\$766	\$1,851	(B)	(B)	\$1,230	\$854
Year-Round Full-Time Workers							·												
Percent of all income recipients Median income	² 29.3 \$3,883	49.9 \$3,931	47.0	27.9 (B)	48.3	(B)	69.4	62.8	73.0	61.5	39.5	64.2 \$3,940	\$3,321	22.4	39.2	(B)	(B)(B)	12.7 (B)	(NA) (NA)

NA Not available. - Rounds to zero. B Base less than 150,000.

1 Includes a very small number of unpaid family workers.

2 Based on civilian income recipients.

Toble 24.-EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND INDUSTRY.-PERSONS 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1965, BY SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES

<u> </u>	Armed Armed Porces Ones Dide Ployed not in 130n labor force		2,601 1,847 16,396	2,589 1,658 11,772		100.0 100.0 100.0	11.0 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0	13.4 16.3 17.7 17.8 17.8 17.8 17.8 17.8 17.8 17.8	5,801 \$2,258 \$1,428		88.1 20.8 (NA) \$7,080 \$4,229 (NA)
	Profes- 'Public sional Reminis- and adminis- related tration services		4,076	4,009		100.0	wwww444444 wwoumincui	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	\$5,983 \$6,		8.69 \$6,893
	Enter- tainment and recre- retre- retre- retre- services	-	385	363		100.0	11 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 4 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 7	0044001 0054104	\$3,850		52.2 \$5,806
	Personal serv- ices		1,191	1,158	9	100.0		0.80.44.10 0.00.44.10	\$3,658		62.2
	Business and repair services		1,445	1,427		100.0		7,70 10,0 10,0 10,0 10,0 10,0 10,0 10,0	\$5,564		73.0
	Finance, insur- ance, and real estate		1,740	1,733		100.0		100.9 100.6 17.7 12.7 18.6 19.7	\$6,769		81.2 \$7,370
yed	Retail trade		6,417	6,241		100.0	0.01	12.0 7.9 7.5 7.0 7.6 2.0 0.9	\$4,468		\$5,806
Employed	Whole- sale trade		2,004	2,000		100.0		22.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2	\$6,088		80.1
	Transportation, communication, and other public utilities		3,774	3,744		100.0	11111111111111111111111111111111111111	22.0 22.0 22.0 20.0 20.0	\$6,541		83.2
	Manu- factur- ing		14,813	14,697		100.0	2.1.1.1.2.4.2.4.2.4.2.4.2.4.2.2.2.2.2.2.	74.1.1 1.2.7 1.0.2 3.00 8.00	\$6,345		79.2
	Con- struc- tion		4,116	4,082		100.0	1.8 2.7 2.6 4.4 4.9 5.1 6.6 1.0 6.6	11.6 10.5 12.2 10.2 11.9	\$5,588		65.6
	Mining		967	790		100.0		10.8 16.5 12.2 11.8 10.0 2.2 2.2	\$6,309		\$6,763
	Agricul- ture, forestry, and fish- eries		3,335	3,209		100.0	7.21 7.88 8.89 9.50 9.50 9.50 9.50 9.50	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	\$2,484		68.1
	Total		46,393	45,742		100.0	4 w w w 4 w 4 w 4	111.6 10.2 10.2 10.2 10.2 10.2 10.2	\$5,767	-	74.6 \$6,519
	Total		64,636	59,172		100.0	v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v	0.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0	\$4,824		159.8
	Total money income	MALE	Number of personsthousands	Number of persons with income thousands.	Income Recipients	Percent	\$1 to \$4.99 or loss \$500 to \$999. \$1,000 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,999. \$3,000 to \$3,999. \$3,000 to \$3,999. \$4,500 to \$4,999.	\$5,000 to \$5,999. \$6,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$7,999. \$9,000 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$24,999.	Median income	Year-Round Full-Time Workers	Percent of all income recipients.

B Base less than 150,000. NA Not available.

Based on civilian income recipients.

Toble 24.-EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND INDUSTRY --PERSONS 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1965, BY SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES--Continued

(Persons 14 years old and over as of March 1966)

					E	Employed									٤ .
Agriculture, ture, Con- Mar Total forestry, Mining struc- fact fact fish.	.Con- Mining struc- tion		Man	Manu- factur- ing	Transportation, communi- cation, and other public	Whole- sale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insur- ance, and real estate	Business and repair services	Personal serv- ices	Enter- tainment and recre- ation services	Professional and related services	Public adminis- tration	Unem- ployed	Armed Forces or not in labor force
	_	·							-						
25,630 576 21 195	21	195		5, 202	836	545	4,605	1,592	493	3,850	177	6,368	1,170	1,190	44,171
23,555 306 21 153	21	153		4,978	964	867	4,062	1,503	439	3,440	154	6,079	1,126	006	17,768
•				•	•										
100.00 (B) 100.00 II	(B) 100.0		Ä	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0,001	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0
35.3 (B) 9.8 19.0 (B) 5.2 14.1 (B) 7.6	(B) 9.8 (B) 5.2 (B) 7.6			44.0	44.00	6.4	10.8	0.4.0	10.3	28.3 19.1 15.0	24.0 14.9 13.6	8.2	4.2 5.0 4.3	29.2 14.9 12.8	31.5 28.6 15.1
7.8 (B) 13.1	(B) 13.1			9.00	าซูซ	4.00	25.3	2.00	4 6 6	9.6	1.9	8.0.6	n n i	9.4	2.0
9.4 4.6 (B) 12.4 1.7 1.6 (B) 8.5 1.7 1.7 1.6 (B) 8.5 1.7 1.7 1.6 (B) 8.5 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7	(B) (B) (B) (B) (B)	_	44.4	7.7.7.		, i i i i	4 6 7 6 1	12.8		2 2 4 7	7, C, Z, Z, Z, Z, Z, Z, Z, Z, Z, Z, Z, Z, Z,	0.00	V 0 C B	3.2	2011 2011 2011
1.3 (B) 7.2 1.6 (B) 8.5	(B) 7.2 (B) 8.5			0 6 6	16.5	4 0.6	0, 4, L	11.6	15.0	2.0	6. 4.0	5.6	16.9	S. 4.	0.9 2.2
2.4. 1.0.7 1.0.3 0.1.3 0.0.3 0	(B) (B) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C			8,60	. ५ ५ ५ । ।		0000	68640	 	2000	iddd Ymnn i	36.6.0	0.1.0 8.0 8.0	.0000	. 0 0 0 0 0 . 0 4 4 5 L
\$2,845 \$888 (B) \$3,171 \$3,267	(B) \$3,171		\$3,2	67	\$4,250	\$3,649	\$2,218	\$3,698	\$3,283	\$1,086	\$1,405	\$3,236	\$4,630	\$1,230	\$824
								•			-			-	
49.9 33.0 (B) 46.7 63.9 (B) (B) (B) 43.0 63.0 (B) 43.0 (B) 43.0 (B) 43.0 (B) 43.0 (B) 43.0 (B)	(B) 46.7 (B) (B)		, £3,	60.5 \$3,890	67.2 \$4,811	60.0	\$3,227	66.6	48.6	31,3	21,6 (B)	46.1 \$4,302	69.5	12.7	(NA) (NA)

⁻ Rounds to zero. B Base less than 150,000.

Based on civilian income recipients.

NA Not available.

Table 25.--OCCUPATION OF LONGEST JOB IN 1965-MEDIAN EARNINGS IN 1965 OF CIVILIANS 14 YEARS OLD AND OYER WITH EARNINGS AND OF YEAR-ROUND FULL-TIME WORKERS, BY SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES

Occupation group	All wo	rkers	Year-rou time w		Occupation group	All w	orkers	Year-rou time w	
	Male	Female	Male	Female		Male	Female	Male	Female
Total with earnings	\$5,339	\$2,211	\$6,388	\$3,828	Sales workers	\$5,552 . 4,467	\$1,346 1,916		\$2,930 2,814
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	7,668	4,395		5,514 (B)	Other sales workers	6,326	683	7,721	(B)
Self-employed Medical and other health workers	10,360 13,015	1,550 (B) (B)	11,799 13,670 10,208	(B) (B)	workersForemen	6,270 7,594	3,162 (B)	6,751 7,681	3,826 (B)
Other self-employed workers Salaried Engineers, technical	8,523 7,547 9,958	4,305 (B)	8,269 10,375	5,545 (B)	In construction	6,062 5,782	2,450 (B)	6,583 6,713	(B) (B)
Medical and other health workers Teachers, elementary and secondary	6,656	3,586	7,388	5,079	Other craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	6,135	2,500	6,562	(B)
schools	6,732 7,164	4,756 4,190	7,077 7,879	5,653 5,833		5,046 5,553	2,475 2,885	5,782 5,967	3,273 3,360
Farmers and farm managers	2,630	(B)	3,098	(B)		5,681 5,239	3,262 2,677	6,137 5,628	3,897 3,149
Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm	7,538 6,188	3,257 1,490	7,895 6,765	4,202 2,171		4,291 (B)	1,312 593	5,543	2,746 1,238
In retail trade	5,877 6,632	1,444 (B)	5,983 7,417	(B) (B)	Service workers, except private	,-,			
Salaried	8,080 5,511	3,739 3,283	8,531 6,280	4,655 4,223	household	3,436 3,715	1,128 1,453	4,874 4,880	2,702 2,301
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	, · ·	3,630	(B)	4,436	Other service workers	3,396 734	984 338	4,868 2,274	2,878 (B)
Other clerical and kindred workers	5,512	3,108		4,094	Laborers, except farm and mine	2,410	1,906	4,651	(B)

B Base less than 150,000.

Table 26.--INDUSTRY OF LONGEST JOB IN 1965--MEDIAN EARNINGS IN 1965 OF CIVILIANS 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER WITH EARNINGS AND OF YEAR-ROUND FULL-TIME WORKERS, BY SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES

Industry group	All wor	kers	Year-round time work	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
Total with earnings	\$5,339	\$2,211	\$6,388	\$3,828
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	1,630	372	3,026	(B)
Mining	5,965 5,083	(B) 2,343	6,725 6,276	(B) (B)
Construction	6,126	3,056	6,788	3,790
Durable goods	6,302	3,394	6,966	4,17
Nondurable goods	5,821	2,753	6,494	3,502
Transportation, communication, and other public		2 03 5	6 17077	4,696
utilities	6,244	3,815. 3,197	6,727 6,687	4,90
Transportation industries	6,120 6,466	3,984	6,796	4,600
Wholesale trade	6,031	3,077	6,564	4,102
Wholesale trade	4,018	1,431	5,734	3,09
Finance, insurance, and real estate	6,435	3,500	7,166	4,07
Business and repair services	4,975	2,204	6,072	4,28
Personal services	3,604	1,275	5,025	3,10
Entertainment and recreation services	1,326	1,128	5,886	(B
Professional and related services	6,053	3,195	7,222 6,934	5,08 5,05
Public administration	6,625	4,171	0,924	J, 0.

B Base less than 150,000.

Table 27.--CLASS OF WORKER OF LONGEST JOB IN 1965.--MEDIAN EARNINGS IN 1965 OF CIVILIANS 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER WITH EARNINGS AND OF YEAR-ROUND FULL-TIME WORKERS, BY SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES

Class of worker	All work	ers	Year-round time wor	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
Total with earnings	\$5,339	\$2,211	\$6,388	\$3,828
Private wage and salary workers. In agriculture. In nonagricultural industries. Covernment workers. Public administration workers. Federal. Other public administration workers. Other government workers.	5,376	2,104	6,504	3,619
	975	341	2,994	(B)
	5,537	2,164	6,567	3,622
	6,046	3,747	6,584	5,005
	6,625	4,171	6,934	5,055
	6,983	4,988	7,267	5,560
	6,143	3,326	6,560	4,475
	5,358	3,536	6,088	4,963
Self-employed workers In agriculture In nonagricultural industries	4,267	990	5,212	2,285
	2,508	(B)	3,089	(B)
	5,453	1,028	6,454	2,454
Unpaid family workers In agriculture In nonagricultural industries	442	477	(B)	(B)
	382	375	(B)	(B)
	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)

B Base less than 150,000.

Toble 28.- WORK EXPERIENCE IN 1965.-CIVILIANS 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1965, BY SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES

							Worked	ed in 1965 ²							
This money trans	90401			Woz	Worked in full	full-time jobs				Worked	at	part-time jobs			Did not
TOORY THOORIG	1000	Total	Total	50 to 52 weeks	40 to 49 weeks	27 to 39 weeks	14 to 26 weeks	13 weeks or less	Total	50 to 52 weeks	40 to 49 weeks	27 to 39 weeks	14 to 26 weeks	13 weeks or less	work in 1965²
MALE															
Income Recipients			~												
Percent.	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.00	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
\$1 to \$499 or loss. \$500 to \$999. \$1,000 to \$1,499. \$1,500 to \$1 age	0.000	2.4.6.6	2.7	1.4	3.0	4.7	8.7 12.7	32.9	36.3	23.3	20.0 20.0 20.0	30.4	39.7 25.8 9.4	59.4 15.2 6.9	20.3
\$2,000 to \$2,499. \$2,500 to \$2,999. \$3,000 to \$3,999. \$3,500 to \$3,999.	. 4. 4. e.	14444	, w w v v	2.2	ง เกรา เกรา เกรา	10.7 7.8 7.8 9.7	25.0 2.0 2.0 1.0	20000	, o, v, u, v,	4.7.9.2. 6.8.2.0.2.	10.4	2, 4, 6, 6, 2, 4, 6, 6, 6,	0.0.0.1. 0.1.0.0.0.1.	, e, e, e, e, e, e, e, e, e, e, e, e, e,	5.5.5.6. 4.6.7.5.6.
\$4,000 to \$4,499 \$4,500 to \$4,999	4.9	4.4	5.7	5.5	7.7	4.7	2.9	1.3	2.2	3.5	1.7	1.1	1.6	1.4	2.2
\$5,000 to \$5,999 \$7,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$7,999 \$8,000 to \$5,999 \$15,000 to \$74,999 \$15,000 to \$74,999	01 0 8 0 V 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	11.4 10.8 9.4 10.4 8.9	12.7 10.5 10.5 10.8	25.52 6.53 7.53 6.6.0 6.6.1	15.0 9.0 9.0 1.5 9.1	10.7 7.2 9.5 9.0 9.0	7.4.1.0.0 6.8.0.0	1.1.1.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	2.2.1.1.1.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.	0.001 0.000 0.000		4.0 8.1.12.1.1	0.0000 EETS 0.11	4100100 4400100
Median income	\$4,824	\$5,404	\$5,890	\$6,479	\$5,185	\$3,470	\$2,239	\$823	\$694	\$1,607	\$1,522	\$943	669\$	\$421	\$1,531
PEMALE				·· -								•			
Income Recipients				•					-			-			
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.001	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
\$500 to \$999 or loss \$500 to \$999. \$1,000 to \$1,699 \$2,000 to \$2,999	20.2	18.2 10.5 8.9 7.1	8. c. o. o. o. o. o. o. o. o. o. o. o. o. o.	, u, u, u, v,	2.8 2.5 7.0 10.4	9.0 14.0 12.6	14.9 20.5 14.2 10.6	49.0 23.4 8.1 5.8	41.4 17.3 12.3 8.3	22.4 16.2 12.5 11.7	24.2 17.7 19.2 10.8	25.5 25.0 21.4 10.7 6.8	47.1 22.1 8.3 6.8	69 4.65 4.6.6 6.6.6 7.6.6	25.2 33.9 17.9 8.1
\$3,000 to \$3,499 \$3,600 to \$3,499 \$3,500 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,499 \$4,500 to \$4,999	4 4 6 6 4	0 8 0 0 4 0 0 0 0	20.7.2		10.7	0.00 4.00 L	. 4	8.4.1.0.0 8.1.1.0.0	6,5; 6,4; 6,1;	44444		7.00° 7.0° 7.9°	0,0,10,0 6,0440	10.000	%
\$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$7,999 \$8,000 to \$9,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 and over	2.2.1.1.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.	5.6.0.00 5.0.00 5.0.00	94444 944400	L. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2.	8.6 7.7 7.8 7.0 1.1		400000 400000	0.01	1.000000 1.0000000000000000000000000000	0.00	8.000 2.00 1.10 6.00	000000 000000 000000	0.000000		8 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Median income	\$1,564	\$2,319	\$3,126	\$3,883	\$3,013	\$2,315	\$1,358	\$520	\$749	\$1,364	\$1,212	\$991	\$566	\$360	\$865

⁻ Rounds to zero. 1 Includes members of the Armed Forces not shown separately by work experience in 1965. 2 Data on work experience in 1965 based on February and April 1966 surveys.

Table 29.-SOURCE OF INCOME-PERSONS 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER WITH INCOME BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1965, BY SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES, FARM AND NONFARM

	1	self- noome; of noome; of noome; of noome; of noome; of noome, ings and other	1.9	00.7 11.1 11.2 11.2 11.2 11.2 12.3 13.5		0.3 25.6	26.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00	1.4 11.4 0.3	8.9
earmings		Farm self- employ- ment income and other income	1.2	8 4 4 6 4 8 4 8 6	42.0000 6.0000 7.0000 6.0000	0.5	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	00	13.9
other than ea	Self-employment income and other income	Nonfarm self- employ- ment income and other	2.7	10166611616	2.13 2.3 2.3 6.1 21.5 \$7,256	1.2	20.7 20.1 20.1 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0	2.9	0.5
and income of	Self-er and	Total ³	4.1	0.0.4.4.4.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0	8)	1.7	0.2.2.1.1.2.0.0.2.1.1.1.1.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.	9.3.3 8.5.1	. 15.3
Earnings an		Wages or salary and other income	22,5	2.3 10.2 14.9 14.9 15.6 11.0 18.8		14.4	4.1 11.2 11.2 11.2 11.2 12.3 13.6 13.6 13.6 13.6 13.6 13.6 13.6 13	23.6 14.7	7.3
		Total	28.6	8, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17	30.2 36.8 36.8 43.1 51.3 63.1 \$6,625	16,4	4,9 9,4,0 10,12,13,17,12,13,17,13,13,13,13,13,13,13,13,13,13,13,13,13,	28.4 16.4	31,5
	self-	Wages or salary and farm self- employment income only	1.6	212244444444444444444444444444444444444	######################################	0.2	(B) (B) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C	0.9	12.1
	es or salary and self- employment income	Wages or ealary and nonfarm self- employment income only	1.6	100411414	2.1 2.1 2.4 2.4 \$5,593	0.5	\$\$ 400000000000000000000000000000000000	1.5	
	Wages or emplo	Total ²	e,	w v w 4 v w 0 w w 4 v	* 	0.7	\$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$	2.5	14.8
g only	e only	Farm self- employ- ment income only	2.0	44444444444444444444444444444444444444	€	0.5	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	0.0	17.8
Earnings only	Self-employment income	Nonfarm self- employ- ment income only	4.2	2.10.0.0.4.4.6.4.2.0.10.0.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10		2.1	3.9 1.1.2 1.1.2 1.1.2 1.1.2 1.1.6 1.1.6 1.1.6 1.1.6 1.0.8 1.0.08	4,4 2,1	7.3
	Self-emplo	Total ¹	6.4	Öl	2.0.0.0.0 2.0.0.0 2.0.0.0 2.0.0 2.0.0 2.0.0 3.0 3	2.6	2, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,	4.5.	21.2
		Wages or salary only	7.05	8.4.6.6.4.4.6.8.4.4.6.6.4.4.6.4.4.6.4.4.6.4.4.6.4.4.6.4.4.6.4.4.6.4.4.4.6.4	↔	54.5	23.4.4.8.4.8.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.	52.4	26.7
		Total .	09	88.4.4.4.4.4.5.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0		57.9	88.4 6.4.8 7.4.8 8.4.7 8.6.7 8.4.7 8.4.0 8.0 8.4.0 8.4.0 8.4.0 8.4.0 8.4.0 8.4.0 8.4.0 8.4.0 8.4.0 8.4.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8	60.2	. 62.7
		Total	0.001			100.0	100.00 10	100.0	100.0
		Total money income	UNITED STATES Male Total with income	\$1 to \$499 or loss \$500 to \$399, \$1,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,999 \$5,000 to \$3,999 \$5,000 to \$3,499 \$5,000 to \$4,999 \$6,000 to \$4,999	\$5,000 to \$5,999. \$7,000 to \$7,999. \$8,000 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$14,999. \$25,000 and over. Median Income.	Female Total with income	\$1 to \$4.99 or loss \$500 to \$999. \$1,000 to \$1,999. \$1,500 to \$1,999. \$2,500 to \$2,499. \$3,000 to \$3,499. \$4,000 to \$4,499. \$4,000 to \$4,499. \$5,000 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$6,999. \$6,000 to \$6,999. \$6,000 to \$9,999.	NONFARM Male: Total with income Female: Total with income	FARM Male: Total with income

- Rounds to zero.

Includes a relatively small number of persons reporting both nonfarm and farm self-employment income, not shown separately.
Includes a relatively small number of persons reporting income from wages or salary, nonfarm self-employment, and farm self-employment, not shown separately.
Includes a relatively small number of persons reporting income other than earnings and both nonfarm and farm self-employment income, not shown separately.

Toble 30.-REGION AND COLOR.-PERSONS 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1965, BY SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES, BY REGIONS

Total money income	ş	United States			Northeast		North	th Central			South			West	
	Total	White.	Nonwhite	Total	White	Nonwhite	Total	White	Nonwhite	Total	White	Nonwhite	Total	White	Nonwhite
J. PALIË												·			
Income Recipients															
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
\$1 to \$499 or loss \$500 to \$999, \$1,000 to \$1,999, \$2,000 to \$1,999, \$3,000 to \$2,999, \$3,000 to \$4,999, \$4,000 to \$4,999, \$5,000 to \$4,999, \$5,000 to \$4,999,	ç n n 4 n 4 n 4 4 4 9 o o o n 6 i 1 o o o i	ç	8.11 8.0.9 8.0.9 6.1.4 7.0.9 4.0.9	040444444 n40ww00mm0	044444444 4444000	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	5 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	C4 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	0 8 5 4 5 4 0 4 0 4 0 4 0 4 0 4 0 4 0 4 0 4	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	80004040404, 800000004004	21118.01 2.2118.01 2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	C4244 4	10.2 2.2 4.4 4.4 6.6 6.6 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6
\$5,000 to \$5,999. \$5,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$7,999. \$10,000 to \$1,999. \$15,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 and over.	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	0.01 0.08 0.9 0.9 0.1 0.1 0.1	1.0.0.0 1.0.0.0 1.0.0.0.0 1.0.0.0.0.0.0.	11.9 10.2 9.5 8.1 3.2	11.8 10.0 10.0 8.5 1.0	6.0 2.2 2.3 2.0 1.2 2.0	0.11.0 8.8.8 8.8.9 0.2.2	10.7 10.8 11.4 11.4 2.3	15.0 9.0 5.7 0.2 1.0	1.0 0.0 1.2 1.0 1.0	0.00	2.0.0.0 2.0.0.0 2.0.0.0	8.00 6.00 6.00 6.00 6.00 6.00 6.00 6.00	8.8 9.7. 9.11.6 1.6. 1.6.	000000 000000 000000
Median income	\$4,824	\$5,135	\$2,672	\$5,286	\$5,402	\$3,741	\$5,291	\$5,414	\$4,039	\$3,565	\$4,166	\$1,950	\$5,573	\$5,718	\$4,238
Year-Round Pull-Time Workers															
Percent of civilian income recipients	\$6,479	60.8 \$6,693	\$4,172	\$6,682	63,3	54.4 \$4,931	\$6,722	\$6,829	\$5,277	\$5,409	\$5,873	47.1 \$3,100	\$7,353	57.0 \$7,478	56.1 \$5,933
FEMALE								-							•
Income Recipients Percent.	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	. 100.0	100.00	100,001	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
\$1 to \$499 or loss \$200 to \$49. \$1,000 to \$1,499 \$2,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$1,499 \$3,000 to \$1,499 \$4,000 to \$4,499	20.02 11.02 11.05 12.05 12.05 13.05 14.05 15.05	19.8 16.8 11.3 7.1 7.2 5.4 6.5 4.8	20.05 20.05 2.09 2.09 11.75 11.75 8.33	4.61 4.61 4.6.8.9.7.9.7.9.7.9.7.9.7.9.7.9.7.9.7.9.7.9	15.8 11.6.4 11.6.7 1.6.7 1.6.7 1.6.7 1.6.7 1.6.7	01 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	05111 84.01, 7.7.4.4.4 84.01, 80.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4	21.3 17.4 111.3 7.7 7.7 7.7 7.7 7.7	27.77 2.4.6.0.0.0.4 2.4.0.0.0.8.4	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	20.8 111.4 11.4 1.0 1.0 1.4 1.7				
\$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999 \$1,000 to \$6,999 \$1,000 to \$1,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999	4 2011.00.00 4 2001.00		2 6 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	. v.v.i.i.o.o.	8 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	6. 2.5.1 6. 2.5.0 6. 2.5.0	6. 0.0.1 0.00.0 0.00.0	0.000111000	4 00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	6. 4.1.1.0.00 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6	2. 4.1.1.2.6. 4.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.	4 4 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	6. 4.4.4.4.0.0 6. 4.4.4.4.0.0 6.4.4.4.4.0.0	4. 04 4 9 4 9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	6 446400 6 444400
Median income	\$1,564	\$1,648	\$1,213	\$1,941	\$1,918	\$2,157	\$1,514	\$1,496	\$1,644	\$1,277	\$1,473	\$827	\$1,822	\$1,772	\$2,136
Year-Round Full-Time Workers												*		•	
Percent of civilian income recipients	29.3 \$3,883	\$3,995	\$2,793	32.1	31.8	35.2	\$3,968	28.2	32.4 \$3,341	28.8	\$3,573	\$1,828	27.3	27.1 \$4,590	30.0 \$4,182
					-										

Table 31.--TOTAL INCOME, 1947, 1950, AND 1954 TO 1965--PERSONS 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME, BY SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES

Total money income BOTH SEXES	1965	1964	1963	1962	1961	1960	1959	1958	1957	1956	1955	1954	1950	1947
BOTH SEXES											$\overline{}$			
22 32														
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Percent with income	74.8 25.2	74.9 25.1	74.4 25.6	73.7 26.3	73.6 26.4	73.0 27.0	71.8 28.2	71.6 28.4	71.4 28.6	71.1 28.9	69.9 30.1	67.4 32.6	66.0 34.0	63.6 36.4
Percent with income	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
\$1 to \$499 or loss	13.0	13.9	14.6	14.7	15.6	15.7	15.7	16.6	16.2	16.3	16.4	15.8 12.9	18.6 13.1	16.6 13.8
\$500 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,499	10.7 8.2	11.0 8.4	11.2 8.3	11.0 8.8	11.7 8.4	12.0 8.2	12.0	11.8	12.3 8.2	12.5 8.0	12.8 8.7	8.7	9.2	12.3
\$1,500 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,499	5.7 6.0	5.8 6.1	6.0 i 6.2	6.2 6.3	6.1	6.0 6.6	6.5	6.7 6.9	6.7 7.3	6.8 7.4	7.0 7.9	7.9 7.8	9.7 11.5	12.7 13.4
\$2,500 to \$2,999	4.6 5.5	4.7 5.5	4.8 5.5	4.8 5.7	4.9 5.8	5.2 6.0	6.3	5.5 6.5	5.6 6.9	6.1 7.0	6.3 7.7	7.3 8.4	8.9 9.3	8.9 8.1
\$3,000 to \$3,499 \$3,500 to \$3,999	4.2	4.4	4.4	4.6	4.7	5.1	5.2	5.6	5.9	6.3	6.5	7.2	5.9	4.3
\$4,000 to \$4,499 \$4,500 to \$4,999	4.7 3.8	4.8 4.1	4.7 4.1	4.9	5.1 4.3	5.5 4.3	5.8 4.6	6.2 4.8	6.4 4.9	6.8 4.6	6.5 4.6	6.0 4.2	2.4	3.1 1.5
\$5,000 to \$5,999	8.2	8.2	8.7	8.9	8.6	8.8	8.7	8.2	8.3	7.8	6.9	6.2	3.1	2.1
\$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$7,999	6.7 5.4	6.7 5.1	6.5 4.6	6.5 4.3	5.9 4.2	5.8 3.6	5.5 3.4	5.0 5.1	4.5	4.0 4.1	3.5 · 3.3	2.9	1.3	} 2.1
\$8,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999	6.0	5.2	4.7 4.0	4.1 3.4	3.7 3.0	3.4 2.5	3.0 2.4	1.9	1.6	1.5	1.2	1.2	, -	
\$15,000 to \$24,999	1.6	1.5	1.1	1.1	1.2	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	1.4	1.2
\$25,000 and over	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5								,	41 000
Median income	\$3,155	\$3,014	\$2,878	\$2,803	\$2,699	\$2,639	\$2,606	\$2,474	\$2,452	\$2,432	\$2,323	\$2,301	\$1,971	\$1,787
MALE			•											
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Percent with income	91.5 8.5	91.4 8.6	91.4 8.6	91.1 8.9	91.4 8.6	91.4 8.6	91.4 8.6	91.7 8.3	91.8 8.2	91.9 8.1	92.1 7.9	90.2 9.8	90.1 9.9	88.9 11.1
Percent with income	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
\$1 to \$499 or loss	7.9 5.9	8.0 6.2	8.3 6.4	8.4 6.3	9.0 6.8	8.9 7.3	8.7 7.5	9.5 7.4	9.2 8.1	9.1 8.1	9.4 8.8	9.6 8.8	11.3 9.4	10.2 11.1
\$500 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,499	5.9	6.5	6.3	6.6	6.6	6.5	6.3	6.7	6.5	6.2	7.0	7.3	8.0	10.5
\$1,500 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,499	4.5 5.2	4.4 5.1	4.7 5.4	5.1 5.3	4.7 5.5	4.8 5.7	5.4 5.6	5.6 6.0	5.2 6.4	5.5 6.4	·5.8 7.0	6.5	8.4 11.4	11.3 14.9
\$2,500 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,499	4.1 5.0	3.8 5.2	4.1 5.0	4.3 5.4	4.4 5.6	4.6 5.8	4.8 6.3	5.2 6.5	5.2 6.9	5.7 7.4	6.2 8.2	7.4 9.3	10.2 12.5	11.3 10.9
\$3,500 to \$3,999	3.9 4.9	4.2 5.1	4.5 5.1	4.5 5.4	5.0 5.9	5.3 6.5	5.5 7.1	6.5 7.9	6.8 8.4	7.4 9.2	8.3 8.9	9.1 8.4	8.4 6.2	5.9 4.3
\$4,000 to \$4,499 \$4,500 to \$4,999	4.1	4.7	4.8	5.2	5.3	5.5	6.2	6.6	6.9	6.7	6.9	6.2	3.4	2.1
\$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999	10.3 9.5	10.6 9.9	11.7 9.9	12.3 9.8	12.2 8.9	12.7	12.7 8.5	12.1 7.6	12.5 7.0	11.9 6.2	10.3 5.4	9.2 4.4	4.6 2.0	3.0
\$7,000 to \$7,999	8.2	7.8	7.2 7.5	6.7	6.7 5.8	5.8 5.5	5.3 4.7	8.1	7.1	6.5	5.1	4.4	2.0	3.0
\$8,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999	9.2 7.9	8.2 7.1	6.4	6.5 5.5	4.8	4.1	3.7	3.0	2.6	2.4	1.9	1.8	ا ، ا	1.0
\$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 and over	2.5 0.9	2.5 0.7	1.9 0.7	1.8 0.6	1.9 0.8	1.4 0.6	1.2 0.5	1.0	0.7 0.4	0.8	0.6 0.4	0.6	2.0	1.6
Median income	\$4,824	\$4,647	\$4,511	\$4,372	\$4,189	\$4,081	\$3,996	\$3,742	\$3,684	\$3,608	\$3,354	\$3,199	\$2,570	\$2,230
FEMALE														
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Percent with income	59.5 40.5	59.7 40.3	58.7 41.3	57.7 42.3	57.3 42.7	56.0 44.0	53.7 46.3	52.9 47.1	52.6 47.4	51.9 48.1	49.3 50.7	46.4 53.6	43.2 56.8	39.2 60.8
Percent with income	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
\$1 to \$499 or loss	20.2	22.2	23.6	23.9	25.2	25.4	26.3	27.6 18.7	27.0 18.7	27.6 19.3	28.0 19.3	26.5 19.9	32.0 19.8	30.0 19.5
\$500 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,499	17.3 11.5	17.8 11.2	18.0 11.3	17.9 12.0	18.7 10.9	19.0 10.7	18.9 10.9	10.6	10.8	10.6	11.6	11.2	11.4	16.0
\$1,500 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,499	7.4 7.2	7.6 7.3	7.9 7.4	7.8 7.8	8.1 7.5	7.7 8.0	8.1	8.5 8.3	9.1 8.8	8.7 9.0	9.0 9.4	10.2 9.8	12.2 11.6	15.6 10.4
\$2,500 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,499	5.4 6.3	6.0 6.0	5.8 6.2	5.6 6.1	5.7 6.0	6.0 6.3	6.0 6.3	5.9 6.6	6.1 6.9	6.7 6.5	6.4 7.0	7.0 6.9	6.5 3.3	3.8 2.1
\$3,500 to \$3,999	4.6	4.6	4.3	4.7	4.4 3.9	4.8	4.8 3.8	4.4 3.5	4.4 3.2	4.5 3.0	3.7 2.6	3.8 1.8	1.2 0.8	0.9 0.6
\$4,000 to \$4,499 \$4,500 to \$4,999	4.5 3.4	4.4 3.2	2.9	4.2 2.6	2.9	2.6	2.1	1.9	1.7	1.3	0.8	0.8	0.4	0.3
\$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999	5.3 2.7	4.8 2.1	4.4 1.7	3.9 1.6	3.4 1.5	3.1 1.2	2.6 1.1	2.2 1.0	1.9 0.7	1.5 0.5	1.2 0.4	1.0	0.3 0.1	0.3
\$7,000 to \$7,999	1.6	1.3	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.4	ا م	0.5	. 0.4	0.4	0.4	0.2) 0.3
\$8,000 to \$9,999	1.6 0.7	0.8	0.7 0.5	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	ا ۾ ا	0.0
\$10,000 to \$14,999														
\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 and over	0.2	0.1 0.1	0.1	0.1 0.1	0.1 0.1	-	0.1	0.1	0.1	-	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3

⁻ Rounds to zero.

Table 32.--TYPE OF INCOME IN 1965--PERSONS 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY WAGE OR SALARY INCOME, NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME, FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME, AND INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS, BY SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES

	Wage	or salary income	e	Nonfarm s	self-employment in	come
Income of specified type	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Number of personsthousands	135,627	64,636	70,991	135,627	64,636	70,991
Number of persons with specified type of income thousands	75,916	46,376	29,540	7,696	5,961	1,735
INCOME RECIPIENTS						
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
\$1 to \$499 or loss	14.8	9.9	22.5	22.6	16.7	42.7
\$500 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,499	7.8 6.0	5.6 4.2	11.1	7.3 6.8	6.1 6.1	11.4 9.0
\$1,500 to \$1,999	4.0	2.8	6.0	3.3	3.1	3.9
\$2,000 to \$2,499	5.4	4.0	7.6 6.1	4.8 3.1	4.6 3.4	5.5 2.2
\$3,000 to \$3,499	6.0	4.8	7.9	4.1	. 4.3	3.6
\$3,500 to \$3,999	4.5	3.7	5.7	3.5	3.2	. 4.5
\$4,000 to \$4,499. \$4,500 to \$4,999.	5.2 4.5	5.0 4.6	5.6 4.4	4.8 2.6	5.0 2.9	4.0 1.7
\$5,000 to \$5,999	9.6	11.4	6.7	7.1	8.2	3.4
\$6,000 to \$6,999	8.1	11.2	3.2	5.5	6.4	2.4
\$7,000 to \$7,999	6.3	9.1	1.8	4.9	6.1	0.8
\$8,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999	7.1	10.5 7.6	1.9 0.6	4.2 7.9	5.1 (9.6	1.3 2.1
\$15,000 to \$24,999	1.2	1.9	0.1	4.8	5.9	1.0
\$25,000 and over	0.3	0.5	/ -	2.6	3.2	0.5
Median income	\$3,686	\$5,194	\$2,098	\$3,261	\$4,247	\$819
YEAR-ROUND FULL-TIME WORKERS						
Percent of civilian income recipients	55.9		20.0	45.0		
Median income	\$5,550	66.3 \$6,375	39.8 \$3,823	65.0 \$4,941	74.8 \$5,285	31.6 \$2,553
	Farm se	lf-employment inc	come	Income	other than earni	nge
Income of specified type				22700210	ounce under curre	1160
income of specified appe	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
			Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Number of personsthousands Number of persons with specified type of income	135,627	64,636	Female 70,991	Both sexes 135,627	Male 64,636	Female 70,991
Number of personsthousands Number of persons with specified type of income thousands			Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Number of personsthousands Number of persons with specified type of income thousands INCOME RECIPIENTS	. 135,627 4,219	64,636	Female 70,991 574	135,627 	Male 64,636 23,446	Female 70,991 17,747
Number of personsthousands Number of persons with specified type of income thousands INCOME RECIPIENTS Percent	. 135,627 4,219	64,636 3,645	Female 70,991 574	135,627 - 41,193	Male 64,636 23,446	Female 70,991 17,747
Number of personsthousands Number of persons with specified type of income thousands INCOME RECIPIENTS Percent	. 135,627 4,219 100.0 31.4	64,636 3,645 100.0	Female 70,991 574 100.0 41.5	135,627 - 41,193	Male 64,636 23,446 100.0 46.9	Female 70,991 17,747 100.0
Number of personsthousands Number of persons with specified type of income thousands INCOME RECIPIENTS Percent	. 135,627 4,219	64,636 3,645 100.0 29.8 11.4	70,991 574 100.0 41.5 11.7	135,627 41,193 100.0 41.7 22.0	Male 64,636 23,446 100.0 46.9 15.9	70,991 17,747 100.0 34.7 30.1
Number of personsthousands Number of persons with specified type of income thousands INCOME RECIPIENTS Percent	135,627 4,219 100.0 31.4 11.4 9.4 7.1	100.0 29.8 11.4 8.6 6.7	70,991 574 100.0 41.5 11.7 14.3 9.2	135,627 -41,193 100.0 41.7 22.0 14.1 6.9	Male 64,636 23,446 100.0 46.9 15.9 12.6 7.0	70,991 17,747 100.0 34.7 30.1 16.1
Number of persons	135,627 4,219 100.0 31.4 11.4 9.4 7.1 5.7	100.0 29.8 11.4 8.6 6.7 6.2	70,991 574 100.0 41.5 11.7 14.3 9.2 2.1	135,627 - 41,193 - 100.0 - 41.7 - 22.0 - 14.1 - 6.9 - 4.9	Male 64,636 23,446 100.0 46.9 15.9 12.6 7.0 5.6	70,991 17,747 100.0 34.7 30.1 16.1 6.8
Mumber of personsthousands Number of persons with specified type of income thousands INCOME RECIPIENTS Percent. \$1 to \$\pmu99 \text{99} \text{ or loss}. \$500 to \$\pmu999	135,627 4,219 100.0 31.4 11.4 9.4 7.1 5.7 5.1	100.0 29.8 11.4 8.6 6.7 6.2 5.6	70,991 574 100.0 41.5 11.7 14.3 9.2 2.1 1.6	135,627 41,193 100.0 41.7 22.0 14.1 6.9 4.9 2.7	Male 64,636 23,446 100.0 46.9 15.9 12.6 7.0 5.6 3.2	70,991 17,747 100.0 34.7 30.1 16.1 6.8 4.1 2.1
Number of persons	. 135,627 4,219 100.0 31.4 11.4 9.4 7.1 5.7 5.1 4.3 2.1	100.0 29.8 11.4 8.6 6.7 6.2 5.6 4.6 2.2	70,991 574 100.0 41.5 11.7 14.3 9.2 2.1 1.6 2.4 1.6	135,627 41,193 100.0 41.7 22.0 14.1 6.9 4.9 2.7 2.2 1.3	Male 64,636 23,446 100.0 46.9 15.9 12.6 7.0 5.6 3.2 2.4 1.5	70,991 17,747 100.0 34.7 30.1 16.1 6.8 4.1 2.1 1.8
Number of personsthousands. Number of persons with specified type of income thousands INCOME RECIPIENTS Percent. \$1 to \$4.99 or loss. \$500 to \$999. \$1,000 to \$1,499. \$1,500 to \$1,499. \$2,000 to \$2,499. \$2,500 to \$2,999. \$3,000 to \$3,499. \$3,500 to \$3,499. \$3,500 to \$3,999. \$4,000 to \$4,499.	135,627 4,219 100.0 31.4 11.4 9.4 7.1 5.7 5.1 4.3 2.1	100.0 29.8 11.4 8.6 6.7 6.2 5.6 4.6 2.2 3.9	70,991 574 100.0 41.5 11.7 14.3 9.2 2.1 1.6 2.4 1.6	135,627 41,193 100.0 41.7 22.0 14.1 6.9 4.9 2.7 2.2 1.3 0.9	Male 64,636 23,446 100.0 46.9 15.9 12.6 7.0 5.6 3.2 2.4 1.5	70,991 17,747 100.0 34.7 30.1 6.6 4.1 2.1 1.8 1.1 0.6
Number of personsthousands. Number of persons with specified type of income thousands INCOME RECIPIENTS Percent	135,627 4,219 100.0 31.4 11.4 9.4 7.1 5.7 5.7 5.1 4.3 2.1 3.6 1.6	100.0 29.8 11.4 8.6 6.7 6.2 5.6 4.6 2.2 3.9 1.8	70,991 574 100.0 41.5 11.7 14.3 9.2 2.1 1.6 2.4 1.6 1.9 0.3	135,627 41,193 100.0 41.7 22.0 14.1 6.9 4.9 2.7 2.2 1.3 0.9 0.6	Male 64,636 23,446 100.0 46.9 15.9 12.6 7.0 5.6 3.2 2.4 1.5 1.0 0.7	70,991 17,747 100.0 34.7 30.1 6.6 4.1 2.1 1.6 0.5
Number of persons	135,627 4,219 100.0 31.4 11.4 9.4 7.1 5.7 5.1 4.3 2.1 3.6 1.6	100.0 29.8 11.4 8.6 6.7 6.2 5.6 4.6 2.2 3.9 1.8	70,991 574 100.0 41.5 11.7 14.3 9.2 2.1 1.6 2.4 1.6 1.9 0.3	135,627 -41,193 -100.0 -41.7 -22.0 -14.1 -6.9 -4.9 -2.7 -2.2 -1.3 -0.9 -0.6 -0.9	Male 64,636 23,446 100.0 46.9 15.9 12.6 7.0 5.6 3.2 2.4 1.5 1.0 0.7 1.0	Female 70,991 17,747 100.0 34.7 30.1 16.1 6.8 4.1 1.1 0.6 0.5
Number of persons	135,627 4,219 100.0 31.4 11.4 9.4 7.1 5.7 5.7 5.1 4.3 2.1 3.6 1.6	100.0 29.8 11.4 8.6 6.7 6.2 5.6 4.6 2.2 3.9 1.8	70,991 574 100.0 41.5 11.7 14.3 9.2 2.1 1.6 2.4 1.6 1.9 0.3	135,627 41,193 100.0 41.7 22.0 14.1 6.9 4.9 2.7 2.2 1.3 0.9 0.6	Male 64,636 23,446 100.0 46.9 15.9 12.6 7.0 5.6 3.2 2.4 1.5 1.0 0.7	70,991 17,747 100.0 34.7 30.1 16.1 6.8 4.1 1.8 1.1 0.6 0.5
Number of persons	135,627 4,219 100.0 31.4 11.4 9.4 7.1 5.7 5.1 4.3 2.1 3.6 1.6 5.2 1.9 3.0 1.7	100.0 29.8 11.4 8.6 6.7 6.2 5.6 4.6 2.2 3.9 1.8 4.4 2.2 3.5 1.8	70,991 574 100.0 41.5 11.7 14.3 9.2 2.1 1.6 2.4 1.6 1.9 0.3 10.1 0.3	135,627 -41,193 -100.0 -41.7 -22.0 -14.1 -6.9 -4.9 -2.7 -2.2 -1.3 -0.9 -0.6 -0.3 -0.3	Male 64,636 23,446 100.0 46.9 15.9 12.6 7.0 5.6 3.2 2.4 1.5 1.0 0.7 1.0 0.8 0.3 0.4	70,991 17,747 100.0 34.7 30.1 16.1 6.8 4.1 1.8 1.1 0.6 0.5 0.7 0.4
Number of personsthousands. Number of persons with specified type of income thousands INCOME RECIPIENTS Percent	135,627 4,219 100.0 31.4 11.4 9.4 7.1 5.7 5.1 4.3 2.1 3.6 1.6 5.2 1.9 3.0 1.7	100.0 29.8 11.4 8.6 6.7 6.2 5.6 4.6 2.2 3.9 1.8 4.4 2.2 3.5 1.8 6.1	70,991 574 100.0 41.5 11.7 14.3 9.2 2.1 1.6 2.4 1.6 1.9 0.3 10.1 0.3 - 0.9 1.2	135,627 41,193 100.0 41.7 22.0 14.1 6.9 4.9 2.7 2.2 1.3 0.9 0.6 0.9 0.6 0.3 0.3	Male 64,636 23,446 100.0 46.9 15.9 12.6 7.0 5.6 3.2 2.4 1.5 1.0 0.7 1.0 0.8 0.3 0.14	70,991 17,747 100.0 34.7 30.1 6.8 4.1 1.8 1.1 0.6 0.5 0.7 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.3
Number of persons	135,627 4,219 100.0 31.4 11.4 9.4 7.1 5.7 5.1 4.3 2.1 3.6 1.6 5.2 1.9 3.0 1.7	100.0 29.8 11.4 8.6 6.7 6.2 5.6 4.6 2.2 3.9 1.8 4.4 2.2 3.5 1.8	70,991 574 100.0 41.5 11.7 14.3 9.2 2.1 1.6 2.4 1.6 1.9 0.3 10.1 0.3	135,627 -41,193 -100.0 -41.7 -22.0 -14.1 -6.9 -4.9 -2.7 -2.2 -1.3 -0.9 -0.6 -0.9 -0.6 -0.3 -0.3 -0.3	Male 64,636 23,446 100.0 46.9 15.9 12.6 7.0 5.6 3.2 2.4 1.5 1.0 0.7 1.0 0.8 0.3 0.4 0.4 0.4	Female 70,991 17,747 100.0 34.7 30.1 16.8 4.1 1.8 0.6 0.5 0.7 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2
Number of persons	135,627 4,219 100.0 31.4 11.4 9.4 7.1 5.7 5.1 4.3 2.1 3.6 1.6 5.2 1.9 3.0 1.7 5.5 0.7	100.0 29.8 11.4 8.6 6.7 6.2 5.6 4.6 2.2 3.9 1.8 4.4 2.2 3.5 1.8 6.1 0.8	70,991 574 100.0 41.5 11.7 14.3 9.2 2.1 1.6 2.4 1.6 1.9 0.3 10.1 0.3 0.9 1.2 0.9	135,627 41,193 100.0 41.7 22.0 14.1 6.9 4.9 2.7 2.2 1.3 0.9 0.6 0.9 0.6 0.3 0.3	Male 64,636 23,446 100.0 46.9 15.9 12.6 7.0 5.6 3.2 2.4 1.5 1.0 0.7 1.0 0.8 0.3 0.14	70,991 17,747 100.0 34.7 30.1 6.8 4.1 1.8 1.1 0.6 0.5 0.7 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.3
Number of persons	135,627 4,219 100.0 31.4 11.4 9.4 7.1 5.7 5.1 4.3 2.1 3.6 1.6 5.2 1.9 3.0 1.7 5.5 0.7	100.0 29.8 11.4 8.6 6.7 6.2 5.6 4.6 2.2 3.9 1.8 4.4 2.2 3.5 1.8 6.1 0.8	70,991 574 100.0 41.5 11.7 14.3 9.2 2.1 1.6 2.4 1.6 1.9 0.3 10.1 0.3 - 0.9 1.2 0.3 0.5	135,627 41,193 100.0 41.7 22.0 14.1 6.9 4.9 2.7 2.2 1.3 0.9 0.6 0.9 0.6 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.2 0.1	Male 64,636 23,446 100.0 46.9 15.9 12.6 7.0 5.6 3.2 2.4 1.5 1.0 0.7 1.0 0.8 0.3 0!4 0.4 0.2 0.1	Female 70,991 17,747 100.0 34.7 30.1 16.1 6.8 4.1 0.6 0.5 0.7 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.1
Number of personsthousands. Number of persons with specified type of income thousands INCOME RECIPIENTS Percent. \$1 to \$499 or loss. \$500 to \$999. \$1,000 to \$1,499. \$1,500 to \$1,499. \$2,000 to \$2,499. \$2,000 to \$2,499. \$2,500 to \$2,999. \$3,500 to \$3,499. \$3,500 to \$3,999. \$4,000 to \$4,499. \$4,500 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999. \$5,000 to \$7,999. \$3,000 to \$7,999. \$10,000 to \$7,999. \$10,000 to \$7,999. \$10,000 to \$7,999. \$10,000 to \$1,4999. \$10,000 to \$2,4999.	135,627 4,219 100.0 31.4 11.4 9.4 7.1 5.7 5.1 4.3 2.1 3.6 1.6 5.2 1.9 3.0 1.7 5.5 0.7	100.0 29.8 11.4 8.6 6.7 6.2 5.6 4.6 2.2 3.9 1.8 4.4 2.2 3.5 1.8 6.1 0.8	70,991 574 100.0 41.5 11.7 14.3 9.2 2.1 1.6 2.4 1.6 1.9 0.3 10.1 0.3 - 0.9 1.2 0.3 0.5	135,627 41,193 100.0 41.7 22.0 14.1 6.9 4.9 2.7 2.2 1.3 0.9 0.6 0.9 0.6 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.2 0.1	Male 64,636 23,446 100.0 46.9 15.9 12.6 7.0 5.6 3.2 2.4 1.5 1.0 0.7 1.0 0.8 0.3 0!4 0.4 0.2 0.1	Female 70,991 17,747 100.0 34.7 30.1 16.1 6.8 4.1 0.6 0.5 0.7 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.1

⁻ Rounds to zero.

Table 33.--COLOR AND INDUSTRY--MEDIAN WAGE OR SALARY INCOME IN 1965 AND 1939 OF PERSONS 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER WITH WAGE OR SALARY INCOME AND OF YEAR-ROUND FULL-TIME WORKERS, BY SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES

		All work	ers		Year	-round full-t	ime workers	
Industry group and color	Mal	e	Fema	1e	Mal	.e	Fema	le ·
	1965	1939 ¹	1965	1939 ¹	1965	1939 ¹	1965	1939 ¹
COLOR								
WhiteNonwhite	\$6,052 3,432	\$1,112 460	\$3,021 1,811	\$676 246	\$6,704 4,277	\$1,419 639	\$3,991 2,816	\$863 327
MAJOR INDUSTRY GROUP								
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	\$1,979 6,301 5,427 6,263	\$301 956 777 1,141	(B) (B) (B) \$3,230	\$154 1,077 804 646	\$3,003 6,678 6,083 6,765	\$381 1,550 1,276 1,416	(B) (B) (B) \$3,811	\$266 1,331 1,042 869
Transportation, communication, and other public utilities. Wholesale trade. Retail trade. Finance, insurance, and real estate. Business and repair services. Personal services. Entertainment and recreation services. Professional and related services. Professional and related services.	6,499 5,911 4,155 6,559 5,432 3,046 3,473 5,393 6,668	1,425 1,326 969 1,487 995 738 888 1,235 1,625	4,226 3,508 2,152 3,629 3,213 922 (B) 3,165 4,541	1,068 828 599 977 838 292 639 896 1,233	6,809 6,476 5,640 7,115 6,308 4,414 (B) 6,228 6,902	1,649 1,527 1,196 1,636 1,232 940 1,291 1,349	4,756 3,987 3,181 4,086 4,481 2,061 (B) 4,223 5,152	1,158 1,029 761 1,064 1,016 390 840 998 1,339

Table 34.--OCCUPATION--MEDIAN WAGE OR SALARY INCOME IN 1965 AND 1939 OF PERSONS IN THE EXPERIENCED CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE AND OF YEAR-ROUND FULL-TIME WORKERS, BY SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES

· `		All york	ærs	1	Yea	r-round full-	time workers	
Major occupation group	Male	e	Fema	le .	Ma1	e	Fema1	.e
	1965	19391	1965	19391	1965	1939 ¹	1965	1939¹
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	\$7,572	\$1 ['] ,809	\$4,690	\$1,023	\$8,233	\$2,100	\$5,574	\$1,27
Farmers and farm managers	935	373	(B)	348	966	430	(B)	40
farm	8,175	2,136	3,585	1,107	8,658	2,254	4,516	1,21
Clerical and kindred workers	5,592	1,421	3,535	966	6,220	1,564	4,237	1,07
Sales workers	5,912	1,277	2,034	636	7,083	1,451	3,003	74
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	6,355	1,309	3,344	827	6,742	1,562	3,924	99:
Operatives and kindred workers	5,179	1,007	2,742	582	5,752	1,268	3,282	74:
Private household workers	(B)	429	594	296	(B)	549	1,193	. 33
Service workers, except private household	3,691 .	833	1,671	493	4,886	1,019	2,784	60
arm laborers and foremen	1,316	309	(B)	. 176	2,464	365	(B)	. 24
aborers, except farm and mine	3,154	673	(B)	538	4,413	991	(B)	73

B Base less than 150,000.

Excludes public emergency workers but includes members of the Armed Forces.

B Base less than 150,000.

Excludes public emergency workers and persons having less than \$100 of wage or salary income but includes members of the Armed Forces.